THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, S. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, H. M. LONG,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year......................$10.00

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVI.—NO. 12. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1871. FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
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PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

Continued Fighting!

CHAUZY DEFEATED!

Terrible Loss of Life!

GERMANS ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE WAR.

FROM THE DUKE OF MECKLENBURG.

LONDON, January 13.—The Duke of Mecklenburg telegraphs to his wife from Monford, Department of Sarthe, on the 12th, that "after a severe engagement at St. Cornelia we reached the river near Sairgue Lavegue, seven miles north-east of Lemans, with small loss. We have taken one thousand prisoners."

ARMY OF THE LOIRE DEFEATED.

A special from Lemans, dated the 12th, at midnight, says: The Army of the Loire has been defeated. A bloody battle was fought within seven miles of the city. The excitement in the city exceeds anything before witnessed.

THE FRENCH RIGHT ATTACKED.

At nine o'clock yesterday morning the French right arriving east of Lemans, was suddenly attacked by the vanguard of the Prussians. The engagement soon became general.

BOTH SIDES FOUGHT DESPERATELY.

The carnage was fearful. Near noon the Mobiles gave way, and a retreat began.

A FRIGHTFUL SLAUGHTER.

Fifteen thousand French fell before five o'clock in the evening, when the whole army started in full retreat. At least sixty thousand men were engaged on each side.

COLLISION EXPECTED.

LONDON, January 14.—3 P. M.—A telegram just received from Versailles brings the important news that the mines and counter mines around Fort Montvalerian are in such a close proximity that a collision is momently expected.

THE BOMBARDMENT.

LONDON, January 14.—Advices from the army investing Paris have been received up to Thursday. On that day the bombardment of the city was very effective. The capture by the Germans of the fortified town of Peronne is regarded as a very important one in military circles, as it seems to be the line of advance for German reinforcements. The Germans have raised the siege of Givet, on the Belgian border. The Germans entered Lemans at noon on Thursday. They were successful also at Connell.

HAND TO HAND WITH BAYONETS—DESPERATE FIGHTING.

VERSAILLES, January 11.—During the night of the 9th the Germans on the South side of Paris pushed forward to the front of Valdemaren and Moulenaux, and succeeded in establishing and holding the position with some loss. During the night Paris was bombarded, shells falling inside continually. Early yesterday the French determined to attack the newly-acquired battery of Notre Dame, at Clamart, which was taken by surprise the day before. They succeeded in penetrating to the works, when

A SHARP STRUGGLE ENSUED,

during which the bayonet was freely used. The French were finally driven out by the Sixth Bavarian Infantry. During this attack the commander of the Bavarians was killed with a bayonet. At noon on the 10th a sortie from St. Denis was made under the personal superintendence of Gen. Trochu. The attack of the French was repulsed with slight loss to the Germans. This morning there was a more important sortie by a large force from Fort Vanvers, between Clamart and Chattillon. The encounter by the sortieing force with the besiegers was vigorous and fierce. At the end the French were driven back almost to Glacis fort. A heavy fire was sustained to-day from two till four P. M., and from six till half-past nine on the southwest. The German batteries were active, and the French forts replied with briskness. A vigorous cannonade was also sustained from the emplacements between the forts from French thirty-two pounders. The guns on the ramparts of Enceinte were busy all morning and at the same time a rapid fire was kept up with large shells upon Bougival and Vaucresson, and with especial severity upon Ville d'Avray and Siares. The weather changed again into a hard frost yesterday.

AGAIN COMMENCED.

At two P. M. the bombardment was commenced, with increased vigor of fire and incessantly, from twenty-one batteries, the French replying all along the line by making infantry attempts of the most frantic character to turn the batteries. Three new batteries were opened at Meudon to-day.

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.

BRUSSELS, January 13.—Gen. Chanzy's defeat was complete. The French losses during the three day's fighting is 15,000 and the Germans were very heavy.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

Yesterday was terrible. The whole district of the south line has been drawn through Portomaillet. The Champ de Mars, Hotel de Invalides and Fort de Bicetre is reached with a rain of shells. The other portions of the city are perfectly safe. The forts outside the city show signs of distress.

A VOICE FOR PEACE.

The Belgian Cabinet earnestly sought to extract Universal Peace from the London Conference about to assemble.

LEMANS FALLEN.

LONDON, January 13.—Lemans was taken and is now occupied by the Third and Tenth Prussian army corps. A great quantity of stores were captured at Lemans and St Corielia.

FROM THE ARMIES.

Last advices received here state that the Germans have evacuated the town of Vesoul. Advices from the Army of the North are to the effect that Gen. Faidherbe has summoned the Commandant of the fortifications at Peronne to appear before a court-martial for capitulating.

VERSAILLES, January 13.—In battle near Lemans the Germans captured 12 guns and 1,000 prisoners. Gambetta was present at the beginning of the fight, but saved himself by flight.

A PROTEST.

LONDON, January 14.—The French Foreign Office has protested against the bombardment of Paris on the ground that it was commenced without a formal notification required by the usages of civilized warfare.

A REQUISITION EXACTED.

HAVRE, January 13.—The Prussians at Diepp have exacted a requisition of 50,000 francs.

A SLIGHT SKIRMISH.

The French force operating in the field for the defense of Havre had a slight encounter with the enemy at Bouvreville at the end of which they retired in good order.

PRUSSIAN FIRE SLACKENED.

VERSAILLES, January 13.—The Prussian fire has slackened. The French reply continues weak.

CHANZY'S LOSS.

The Second Army Corps has took 6,000 of Chanzy's force prisoners from the 6th to the 12th inst.

RETREATING TO NEW POSITIONS.

BORDEAUX, January 14.—A dispatch from Laval of the 13th says: De Chanzy is retreating to new positions, and is in excellent order. The corps of Jaureguiberry crossed the river on a sortie on Thursday, fighting all the time with the Third Division of Mecklenburg's army.

FURTHER ACCOUNTS.

Advices from Paris to the 12th have been received. The bombardment is continued. The population is undaunted.

FRENCH SUCCESSES.

A dispatch from General Bourbaki, at Ouans, reports that the French carried the villages of Arcey and St. Marie, and that his troops are gaining ground.

OCCUPIED.

Dijon, Gray, Cure, and Vesoul have been occupied.

18,000 FRENCH PRISONERS CAPTURED AT LEMANS.

The World's special at Lemans telegraphs on the 12th inst. that Frederick Charles entered the town at 11 o'clock Friday morning, with the Third and Tenth Prussian Army Corps. There was fighting yesterday in the streets, but to-day the town is quiet. Chanzy and Gambetta retreated towards Anders and were pursued by Mecklenburgh. The Prussians captured thirteen cannon, two flags and 18,000 prisoners.

[Herald Special.]

THE PEACE TREATY.

LONDON, January 14.—The treaty between Prussia, Russia, and the French Empire is talked of as based upon the following: First—The modification of the Commercial treaty of 1860. Second—The Oriental question to be henceforth regarded as a secondary matter by France; Third—That portion of Belgium known as French Flanders to be annexed to France in lieu of Alsace, and Luxembourg to be annexed to Germany. It is supposed that the latter proposition will satisfy the "Ammer Propre" of France and reconcile the people to the restoration.

M., on the other hand, a temporary Government is inclined wickedly to prolong the war, we will be willing to treat with the Empire, which has not been constitutionally set aside.

[Special to N. Y. Herald.]

THE PRINCE DE JOINVILLE ORDERED OUT OF PARIS.

LONDON, January 16.—The Prince de Joinville has returned from France. He went to Chanzy's army and requested a command. Chanzy welcomed him, but Gambetta ordered the Prince to leave the country immediately. The Prince de Joinville seeing the difficult position in which his refusal to leave placed Chanzy, and to show his appreciation of the friendly treatment he has received from the General, left and returned to England.

The Duke of Chartres is now in France under an assumed name. Tassel, of French Charge d'Affaire, is in London with several leading Imperialists, and has joined the Orleanists. Dr. Conneau has been on a visit to the Empress. The restoration of a Regency and a Legislative Assembly is much talked about. It is said the restoration contemplates a close alliance with Prussia. Bismarck recently has been approached on the subject, but entirely refused to commit himself to the restoration. He said when Paris falls we shall find De Facto. The government if it is willing to accept peace and elect a Constitutional government to confirm the terms, we will not interfere with the internal affairs of France.

TELEGRAM FROM THE DUKE OF MECKLENBERG.

LONDON, January 14.—Grand Duke Mecklenburg telegraphs to his wife: "We advanced to-day north of Lemans without fighting; our advanced guard has crossed the Sarthe. Prince Frederick Charles announced that a portion of the army of the Loire is retreating on Alencon, and the rest towards Saval."

THE BATTLE OF BAPAUME.

The New York *Herald's* special at Gen. Von Goeben's headquarters telegraphs as follows: The battle of Bapaume, of which I had hoped to have been enabled to send you the details yesterday, resulted in a real defeat of the French, although it was a hard-won victory. One of the greatest events of the day was the charge made by the 8th Rheinish cuirrassiers, commanded by Captain Von Maires, who, with another detachment of cavalry, was ordered to follow the retreating French. On the Arras and Douai roads beyond the village of Sapigny he encountered two battalions of French infantry. At the time of the discovery the troops were in parallel lines, for the undulating country had hidden them from view. Most of the country around Bapaume is arable ploughed land which the frost had frozen into bars as hard as iron. Cavalry officers knew the difficulty that the heavy regiments would have to overcome under such circumstances, and so a spot was chosen for the attack; and soon the French, deceived by the Prussians advance, formed two squares, and the nearest waited for the Prussian cavalry to attack. At three hundred yards the Prussians opened a perfect shower of bullets, which rang against the pierced Cuirassiers of the advancing horsemen. The concussion was severe. Captain Maires was shot in the knee, a First Lieutenant was unhorsed, and a Sergeant Major was shot through the heart. The remains of the shattered squares gained shelter in the village and an advance of the cavalry was impossible.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, January 13.—Pixley's Circular, just issued, expresses the opinion that a continued demand for specie must last until the close of the present month, after which overland shipments will satisfy it.

NAVY MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, January 13.—Extraordinary efforts are being made to place the entire British navy in a sea worthy condition. The work upon all ships now in the course of construction or repair at the several dock yards has been ordered to be pressed to completion by the admiralty.

THE CONFERENCE.

LONDON, January 14.—The Conference of the Great Powers on the Black Sea difficulties has been summoned to meet in this city on the 17th inst.

THE LUXEMBOURG QUESTION.

Count Bismarck's reply to M. Servois, Minister of State of Luxembourg, has been received and made public. The tone is reassuring. The Count proposes that the Duchy appoint the German Consul as a mediator.

PRUSSIAN VESSEL IN CHASE.

A Prussian ship was sighted off Waterford, Ireland, to-day and was apparently in a full chase.

FENIAN PRISONERS RELEASED.

It is reported that political prisoners Luby, O'Leary, McCafferty, Powers and Thomas Burke, recently confined in Dublin, have been released unconditionally. They will sail from Queenstown to-morrow, on steamship Russia.

REFUSE TO RECEIVE STAMPED BONDS.

The American houses of London, refuse to receive American bonds, if they are impressed with the English stamp, as the Government requires.

PRUSSIA.

BISMARCK PREPARING A CIRCULAR.

BERLIN, January 13.—Count Bismarck is preparing a circular showing that the abundant and unprecedented victualling of Paris, at the very time of the refusal of Germany's most liberal proposal for an armistice, fully proves that the French leaders never seriously contemplated entering into any negotiations leading to peace.

GREECE.

WILL BE PUNISHED.

ATHENS, January 13.—The Greek government has given a positive assurance to the English Envoy that those Marathon assassins yet remaining alive, shall receive due punishment for their crimes.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 14.—The Sublime Porte proposes to make Sinope a first-class naval station.

MARINE.

LIVERPOOL, January 14.—The steamship Syria arrived to-day.

MOVILLE, January 14.—The steamer Caledonia, from New York for Glasgow, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, January 13—4.30 P. M.—Consols, 92⅝; 5-20's: '62, 90¾; '65, 89¾; '67, 88¾; 10-40's 88. Stocks steady; Erie, 45; Illinois, 113; Atlantic 25¾.

LIVERPOOL, January 13.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middling uplands at 7⅝@7⅞d. Breadstuffs firm. Corn 32s 6d. Lard 50s. Petroleum—refined is 6½d.

LONDON, January 13.—Sugar to arrive buoyant at 31. Manchester yarns and fabrics are steady.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(THIRD SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 14, 1871.

HOUSE.

Mr. CUMLOM asked consent to have a day assigned for the business of the Committee on Territories. Objected to.

The Senate amendment to the House bill for the restoration of Captain Lynch to active duty as Captain, was concurred in.

The House then proceeded to call on committees for bills of a private character.

The House, at 1:40 P. M., went into the Committee on the Whole, Mr. Scofield in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bills.

Mr. ARMSTRONG moved to make the salary of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States $10,500 instead of $6,500, and each of the Assistant Justices $10,000, instead of $6,000.

Mr. HALE moved to make the salary of the Chief Justice $8,500, and the Associates or retired Justices $8,000.

Mr. POTTER opposed Mr. Hale's amendment and favored that offered by Mr. Armstrong. The salaries of 1855, of $6,500 and $6,000 were equal in purchasing power to $12,000 now. He contrasted the liberal policy of the English government in fixing the compensation of Judges with the parsimony practised by the United States government.

Mr. ELA inquired whether this was a proper time to enter on a system of increasing salaries when all the branches of business were depressed, and when the people were already overtaxed. As to the necessity of such an increase in the account of an increase in the cost of living the reverse was the fact.

Mr. JENCKES supported the amendment by Mr. ARMSTRONG, contending that the upright Judge was the poor mans counsel, and therefore it was to the interest of tax payers to have the Judge liberally compensated.

Mr. BINGHAM suggested that the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. ARMSTRONG) should accept the amendment offered by Mr. HALE, although, if the matter were left to himself, he would vote a large sum and would then be satisfied that he had voted no more than was due to the court itself, and to the people behind the court.

Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., said he would vote for the larger sum proposed, and argued that in proportion to the wealth and prices of the country the proceeds of the first salary filed for judges, was more liberal than that now proposed.

Mr. ARMSTRONG, in conformity with the suggestion made to him, accepted the amendment offered by Mr. Hale, instead of his own. The amendment was adopted, fixing the salary of the Chief Justice at $8,500, and the Associates and retired justices at $8,000 each.

The Committee then rose, leaving two pages of the bill unfinished, and at half-past three o'clock adjourned.

AUBURN, N. Y.

The Murderer of Rogers Discovered—Confession of the Robbery and Murder.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUBURN, January 14th.—The murderer of Mr. Rogers, in N. Y., on the morning of December 31st, 1868, has just been discovered, in the person of a convict in the Auburn State Prison, named Francis E. Pristow. The detection is due to the shrewdness and vigilance of the keeper, W. E. Hoffman, whose attention was first attracted to the murderer, by his peculiar nervous appearance in the workshop, where he had been employed. The man is a transferred prisoner from Sing Sing, to which prison he was sentenced from New York, on the 3d of February, 1869, on five years imprisonment for grand larceny. He was transferred to Auburn, last spring. After noticing his peculiarities, Mr. Hoffman was struck by some remarks made by him to a fellow convict in relation to the Rogers affair. Pristow was afterward drawn out by the comrade, at Mr. Hoffman's instance, and made a clean breast of the circumstances connected with the robbery and murder. Pristow's confession is not yet given in detail. He is now in a solitary dungeon for his misconduct. The officers of the prison say that his disclosures are in every way conclusive of his guilt. He is refusing food at present, declaring that he will yet cheat the gallows by starvation.

SAN FRANCISCO.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GIFT CONCERTS LEGALIZED.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 13.—A bill was introduced in the Nevada Legislature to legalize gift concerts for charitable purposes; another to provide for the taxing of the Pacific Railroad lands, and another to disincorporate the cities of Hamilton, Virginia, and Gold Hill.

A JUDICIAL DECISION.

In the case of Jackson, sheriff of Trinity county, indicted for the violation of constitutional amendments in collecting the miner's tax off Chinese, Judges Hoffman and Sawyer, in the United States District Court, to-day, sustained the demurrer to the indictment as defective in form, and discharged the defendant. A new indictment will be prepared.

PHILADELPHIA.

A Well Known Musician and Composer Found Dead in His Bed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, January 14.—Dr. Wm. P. Cunnington, a well known musician and composer, and for thirty years a leader of the Walnut Street Theatre orchestra, was found dead in his bed this morning.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Nathan Murder—The Perpetrator of the Deed Known—Departure of the Steamer Florida—Murderer of Rodgers Discovered—Shoe Factories Resuming Work—The Trial of Dr. Lanahan.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 14, 1871.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Admiral Smith, of the Navy Yard, yesterday granted permission for the unloading of the steamer Florida. The lighter Leyden was towed alongside of her at the ordinance dock in the Navy Yard, and the discharging of her cargo begun. The Florida will be laid up for repairs, and will go upon the dry dock. The Government has the right to an appeal from the decision of the Court, if made within ten days. It is therefore expected that she will leave her present mooring at the Navy yard before January 21st. The decree releasing the Florida will probably be entered to-day in the United States District Court.

THE TRIAL OF DR. LANAHAN.

The investigation by the Book Committee into the charges against Dr. Lanahan was continued this morning after religious exercises. Gen. Moore, one of the committee, who was present for the first time, objected to the statements contained in a paper presented by the Bishop yesterday. He objected to the Bishop saying they had not been consulted, and that they had no power to adjudicate on any question of morality. He knew that they had been consulted, and that the committee had no desire to ignore their position or to treat them with disrespect. The Bishop disavowed any intention in the statement they had made complaining about an item to the committee. They acknowledged that the committee had consulted them about the troubles in the book concern, but not about the present investigation.

In reference to the question of morality, they thought they had nothing to do with it but only to investigate the charges against Dr. Lanahan's official conduct. Much discussion ensued, which was ended by a motion of Dr. Rathweiter to proceed to the investigation, and the motion prevailed.

E. L. Fancher, for the prosecution, offered in evidence a copy of the New York *Times*, of September 21, 1869, containing the article which first brought to light the alleged frauds. Judge Reynolds objected to the article being read, as in no manner connected with the defendant.

Mr. Fancher replied that he proposed to connect the article with the defendant by means of letters written by the defendant himself.

Mr. Reynolds objected on the ground that the evidence was not admissable and would not be considered so in any Court.

Mr. Fancher replied that they were not in a court of law, and were to take into consideration many things which courts would not admit.

The question was debated at length and a call made upon the chairman to decide the question.

Rev. Brooks stated he was not sitting as a Judge and any decisions he made would be on points of order. If anything else came before him it should be decided by the Committee.

Mr. Reynolds continued that the respondent had been brought before the Committee to answer certain charges, and that his main defence was that rules of evidence which had been settled by usages should be observed. The article offered was not evidence as there was nothing to connect it with the defendant and to show that he knew anything about it until its publication. The investigation should be conducted the same as a court of justice.

Mr. Fancher contended that the investigation was not a trial and that ordinary rules of evidence could not be observed.

Gen. Rungan thought it singular that the opposite side should point out to them what course they should pursue. They would connect the letter with the defendant at the proper time and would prove that though the accused had not written the letter, he was instrumental in its production.

After further debate the article was admitted and read. Mr. Fancher offered in evidence a letter from S. A. Nesbitt, editor of the *Christian Advocate*, Pittsburgh, to Rev. Dr. Carlton, enclosing a number of Dr. Lanahan's letters.

The defence objected to the letters.

Mr. Fancher offered the copy of another letter written to Dr. Nesbitt by the defendant, enclosing him a copy of the *Times* article, the original of which had been lost.

Judge Reynolds objected.

To prove the contents of the letter, Dr. Lanahan was placed on the stand by the prosecution, and testified that he did not write any letter or send copies to Dr. Nesbitt, and that Nesbitt's statements are incorrect. His recollection was perfect about the matter, for he condemned the publication of the article as much as any one.

Mr. Fancher contended that the letter had been lost, but he did know what the contents were, and could prove it by a letter from Nesbitt.

Mr. Reynolds objected to proving the contents by any one but Nesbitt.

At this stage the hour of adjournment arrived. Adjourned until afternoon.

In the Methodist Book Concern case, the afternoon session opened with prayer by Dr. Vernon. After reading the minutes, the rules were suspended, and Gen. Moore moved that hereafter, the committee must meet at 9:30 A. M., and adjourn at 4 P. M., and the resolution prevailed; The committee then proceeded to the investigation.

Mr. Fancher, counsel for the prosecution, offered in evidence, a fly sheet, printed by Dr. Lanahan, relative to the alleged frauds which was objected to by the defence, and withdrawn. The testimony taken at the at the former investigation, relative to the admissions Dr. Lanahan had made to ministers and others, concerning the alleged frauds before the publication of the *Times'* article was offered in evidence by the prosecution and was objected to by the defense, and for the time was withdrawn.

Rev. Dr. Curry, editor of the *Christian Advocate*, called as a witness for the prosecution, testified that on the morning of September 21, 1869, as he was on his way to his office, he procured a copy of the *Times* to read the article referred to, and he immediately went to the office of the agents, 805 Broadway, but as neither of them were in he went to his own office, then at 200 Mulberry street, where he found Dr. Lanahan waiting for him. He called the attention of the Doctor to the article, and though the edition of his paper was more than half printed, he proposed to stop the press and insert a correction. Dr. Lanahan declined to make a correction in the absence of Dr. Carlton.

In the afternoon he saw both agents and talked the matter over with them, and recommended that a card contradicting the report be printed in the daily papers. Dr. Lanahan declined to sign any card that did not admit that fraud and corruption existed in the Concern.

Mr. Fancher asked if previous to the publication of the *Times'* article he had had any conversation with Dr. Lanahan relative to fraud or corruption.

Mr. Curry replied that he had, and that during the session of the Book Committee in February, 1869, certain questions that were asked by Dr. Lanahan led him to suspect that some circumstances connected with the concern were not to his satisfaction. About April the same year Dr. Lanahan had told him circumstances had come to his knowledge that led him to suspect that frauds existed in the concern relative to the purchase of the ink, and in subsequent conversations about frauds connected with the printing department and the purchase of paper. The communications were confidential.

Early in June the witness told Dr. Lanahan he thought the matter should be brought to the notice of more persons, and asked him to select whom he would to tell it to. Toward the end of the same month the witness learned there had been a conversation concerning the matter between two Book Agents and Bishop Janes, and after that Dr. Lanahan spoke less to him than formerly. Most of these conversations were held at Dr. Curry's office, where no one else was present. On one occasion, while in the office of Harper Brothers, Dr. Lanahan came in, when the witness, the accused and Fletcher Harper talked the matter over. The witness did not remember what was said in the presence of Mr. Harper, but they had spoken of frauds.

Dr. Lanahan said the Concern had lost largely in purchasing materials, especially in ink and paper, and he estimated such losses at hundreds of thousands. In other conversations witness had been told by Dr. Lanahan that Mr. Porter, commission merchant, through whom the materials had been purchased, had been made a valuable consideration to Mr. Goodenough, the purchasing clerk. Dr. Lanahan spoke of the amount paid out on commissions as a dead loss to the Concern, and estimated it as about $100,000. The cross-examination was begun by Judge Reynolds for the defence, but the hour for adjournment having arrived the Committee separated.

THE STEAMSHIP "BROOKLYN" NOT DISABLED.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The steamer "France" arrived to-day from Liverpool and reports speaking on the 8th inst. in Latitude 47-48, Longitude 42, the steamer "City of Brooklyn" bound hence to Liverpool. This is four days later than when she was spoken to by the Denmark and was her eighth day out. The "France" however says nothing concerning the "City of Brooklyn" being disabled, and this is good evidence that she was proceeding satisfactory.

THE CUBAN BOND ROBBERY.

The Cuban Bond robbery case was up again to-day at the Tombs. Antonio O. Pettitier and Helen J. Bennett, accused of stealing the bonds from Senor Costello, were held to bail, the former in $10,000 and the latter in $7,000 for trial, and committed to prison in default.

THE NEW IRON STEAMSHIP.

The new iron steamship Tiber, one thousand four hundred and twelve tons burthen, arrived yesterday from Antwerp. She was built in 1869 on the Clyde. She is brig rigged and has two decks. She is two hundred and fifty-three and a half feet long, thirty-three feet beam, twenty-four and a half feet depth of hold, and with compartments and two vertical direct acting engines of one hundred and fifty horse power.

TAMMANY'S INTERFERENCE DENOUNCED.

The Irish Republican Brotherhood met at the armory of the Sixty-ninth Regiment last evening, and denounced Tammany's interference in the Fenian reception, and adopted resolutions welcoming the released prisoners and appointed a Reception Committee of thirty. Delegates from the different Irish societies also met at Hibernia Hall and adopted similar resolutions, and appointed a Reception Committee of five and another committee of five to demand an apology from a prominent morning paper for publishing a scurrilous report of their last meeting.

GRAND MARSHAL.

The Joint Special Committee of the Common Council charged with making arrangements for the reception of Fenian prisoners yesterday, appointed Gen. Wm. Tweed, Jr., Grand Marshal, and made other preparations for the reception.

PUSHING MATTERS.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Senator Patterson and Representative Sheldon, of the Congressional sub-Committee to investigate the management of affairs at the Custom House in this city, in accordance with Senator Fenton's recent resolution, have been in the city for several days on pressing official duties, and last night were in private conference with A. T. Stewart and one of his partners. His general order of business is made the special subject of investigation.

DESIRE A RETURN.

Many prominent merchants and importers are desiring a return to the old system, which Collector Murphy does not favor.

ANNEXATION OF WESTCHESTER.

Mayor Hall, at a meeting of prominent citizens held last night to discuss the subject of rapid transit between the upper and lower parts of the city, said he was opposed to the annexation of Westchester or any part of it, and to loaning the credit of the city in aid of any railroad enterprise, and to the Arcade and all other underground enterprises. He said, however, if the Legislature would vote for all the schemes with a proviso, the one which paid up its capital stock first should have a franchise.

THE DEPARTURE OF THE STEAMER FLORIDA.

The steamer Florida, suspected of fillibustering, was released last week by Judge Blatchford, sailed yesterday, clearing secretly in ballast for Halifax, N. S. It is said her large cargo of arms and ammunition which was on board when seized had been forwarded by rail to Halifax, where they will be reshipped and sent to Cuba.

LOADED WITH TEA.

The steamer Riga, from Shanghai September 9th, and the ship Mikado, from the same port August 31st, both loaded with tea, the former by way of the Suez Canal, and the latter by the Cape of Good Hope, arrived yesterday.

RESUMED WORK.

All but five of the shoe manufactories in this city which have been suspended on account of the Crispen's strike have resumed work. One hundred strikers are still idle.

WILL BE RESISTED.

The attempt of the United States authorities to confiscate the ground on which the illicit distillery of Brooklyn stood, will be resisted by Attorney General Champlin, of this State, who holds that the proceedings have been unconstitutional.

THE WHEREABOUTS OF THE MURDERER OF RODGERS.

Pinton who confesses to the murder of Rodgers, robbed a Park Bank in this city, January 3rd, 1869, and is now serving a sentence for that crime.

NATHAN MURDER—ROMANTIC STORY.

The following story is just made public, but is not generally credited: Detective Elickir, of the United States Secret Service of Chicago, arrived a few days ago and showed Judge Cardozo, brother-in-law of Benjamin Nathan, lately murdered, the locket and other property belonging to Nathan, and claiming he had the murderer where he could produce him at any moment. Cardozo, impressed with the truth of the detective's statement, gave him $150 to further accomplish the undertaking, and introduced him to Superintendent Kelso, of the city police. The latter stated that all the New York detectives must share in the reward, when the Chicago detective refused, and left, returning to Cardozo his money. The Chicago man is now negotiating with Jersey city detectives.

ARMS FOR THE FRENCH.

NEW YORK, January 15.—The steamer City of Buenos Ayres, which cleared yesterday for Falmouth, took out for the French Republic arms, &c., to the value of $443,000. This is the fourteenth cargo which has been shipped from this port, and it is understood there are other vessels loading and to load. Total value of shipments to date $12,000,000.

REPAIRED.

The Belleville, N. J., water works were repaired to-day, and Jersey City and Hoboken will be fully supplied by Tuesday.

A CRIMINAL SUIT SETTLED.

The criminal suit against B. Werwalt by a Cedar street merchant for defrauding the Government of tax on $1,000,000 income was settled yesterday and withdrawn on the payment of $5,000 fine. A large number of lottery dealers, indicted last summer for nonpayment of revenue tax, were also released yesterday on the payment of a fine of $500 each.

H. J. Hastings, of the *Commercial Advertiser*, yesterday sued the proprietors of the New York *Express* for libel in publishing his affidavit from Albany nearly thirty years ago, and which he claims to be a forgery.

THE DECISION OF THE COURT.

NEW YORK, January 15.—The Superior Court of Rochester gave a decision on Friday, confirming the report of the Commissioners in the Suspension Bridge and Erie Junction case, permitting the Erie Company to complete a new line from Buffalo to Niagara Falls. On Saturday night the Central Railroad Company ran engines off the tracks at intersections to prevent the Erie laying the necessary rails and frogs. The Eries working parties were out in force to-day and remove the obstructions and opened under instructions the complete line during the night.

THE NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE.

Senator Patterson, of New Hampshire, and Representative Sheldon, of New York, of the Congress Committee appointed to inquire into the condition of affairs at the New York Custom House, under a resolution of Senator Fenton, were at the Custom House yesterday. Chief Clerks Smith and Prentice, of the Cartage and Warehouse Departments, were examined.

THE CASE OF ALDEN VS. THE BOSTON HARTFORD AND ERIE R. R. CO.

In the bankruptcy case of James Alden vs. the Boston Hartford and Erie Railroad Company, heard before Judge Blatchford, this morning, the counsel for the corporation moved for a dismissal of the petition, on the ground of the want of jurisdiction by the Court. The petition of Seth Adams, of Newtown, Mass., to be admitted to appear and defend, on the ground of bankruptcy proceedings by him against the said corporation, now pending in the District Court of Massachusetts, was filed, and the case was postponed for a week.

INDIANA.

A Gang of Burglars Caught at Their Profession—The Nilsson Concert—Redpath After John B. Gough—The Little Divorce Case &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TERRE HAUTE, IND., January 15.—For some time past a gang of bold and daring burglars have been operating in this city, but three of them came to grief last night, having been captured by the police. Two were taken while trying to make their exit from a store through the window. Another was pulled while boring with a bit through a rear door of a large store. All are in jail.

The sale of tickets for the Nilsson concert that is to be given at the Opera House on Tuesday evening commenced on Saturday. Two thousand dollars worth were sold in a few hours.

"Redpath," of Boston, is here to see John B. Gough, who lectured here on Saturday evening, and makes him an offer of thirty-five hundred dollars in gold and all expenses paid to lecture ten evenings in California next May.

On Saturday, in the Vigo county Common Pleas Court, the verdict rendered some time ago in the celebrated Little divorce case was set aside, and a new trial granted and a decree of divorce entered. The plaintiff, Mrs. Little, is the wife of a prominent and wealthy citizen of Boston, Massachusetts.

ALBANY.

Filkins the Express Robber Seen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, January 14.—On Thursday Filkins, suspected of being the express robber, was seen. He read the description of himself, went to a barber shop, and had the whiskers shaven off his chin, leaving his side whiskers on. At that time he wore a striped flannel shirt with large buttons in the bosom. His inner coat was dark or speckled, vest dark brown, pants brown, overcoat long and dark, overshoes which buckled on top, dark cap. He said he was just from China.

CANADA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TORONTO, January 14.—The Educational bill now before the Ontario Assembly is a most comprehensive measure. The chief changes are that all schools shall be free and attendance compulsory.

It is also proposed to introduce into the schools a course study of natural history, chemistry and agriculture, and establish industrial schools.

UTAH.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Stock Subscribed for a New Line of Railroad.

SALT LAKE, January 13.—The *News* says the preliminary steps and the requisite amount of stock were taken to-day for the construction of a line of railroad from this city to Payson, Utah. The enterprise is in the hands of responsible men.

BOSTON.

Boston Fenians.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, January 14.—The Fenians of Boston are making arrangements for a public ovation in this city to their released brethren, who are expected from England, and have chosen a testimonial to them.

Bridging Lake Champlain.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WHITE HALL, N. Y., January 15.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here last evening for the purpose of protesting against work which has already been commenced, bridging Lake Champlain, near Tyconderago. A committee was appointed and it was decided that every legal measure possible be resorted to to prevent the completion of the bridge.

—Thos. A. McCall was run over by a train on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad on Friday night at Nashville, in a deep cut thirty yards beyond the southern entrance to the Broad street tunnel, and had his leg crushed near the ankle. The train was stopped and he was found to be dead. The evidence before the coroner's jury this morning indicates that he was killed by a heavy blow on the head and thrown on the track by some person who designed robbing him, but was prevented by the approach of the train. He had nearly a hundred dollars on his person. Besides the wound on his head, there were slighter wounds on the body. McCall resides in that neighborhood and was on his way home.

—A caucus was held on Saturday afternoon by the Republican and Labor Reform members of the Massachusetts Legislature opposed to the re-election of Senator Wilson. An adjournment was made until Monday afternoon. The Republicans generally will hold a caucus on Monday afternoon in relation to the Senate question. It is stated that there is a strong movement in favor of Mr. Dawes. Many members who have been regarded as in favor of Mr. Wilson are declaring their willingness to vote for Mr. Dawes or Secretary Boutwell.

—Bishop Doane has drawn up for the private use of the congregations of the diocese of Albany, N. Y., and also for the use of churches, a prayer for rain, in view of the unparalleled scarcity of water at this season.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

STATE CAPITAL.

The Dechert Contested Election Claims—Meeting of the Committee—The Democratic Majority will Report Favorably to Admitting Mr. Dechert and by His Own Vote he will Take His Seat in the Senate.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, January 15, 1871.

The special committee to examine into the merits of the petition presented to the Senate by Mr. Joseph R. Lyndall, contesting the seat of Senator Dechert, of the First District, held two meetings yesterday. The first was held in the morning in the room of the Chairman, Mr. Buckalew, at the Bolton House, and the seven members of the committee, Senators Buckalew, Purman, Davis, Petrikes and Dill, Democrats, and Graham and Kerr being present.

Mr. Buckalew said the petition might be treated under three heads. The first setting forth that in certain precincts a large number of illegal votes, amounting to "one or upwards," must be disregarded on account of being vague, indefinite and general. (This is the same ruling as was made by the Republican majority last session in the Diamond-Watt case.) The second because where allegations are made that certain persons conspired together to secure an undue and fraudulent elections the names of those so conspiring are not appended. Third, where the number of illegal votes is named it should be allowed, provided enough are named to change the result. (Which is not the case here, as only 1,181 are so named, when about 1,300 are required.)

Last evening another meeting was held against the strenuous opposition of Mr. Graham. The Democratic majority decided to report to the Senate on Monday, as follows:

First—that the petition is not sufficient in its averments to put the sitting member on his answer; and second, that the whole question of sufficiency should be determined as a preliminary by the Senate before the question of drawing a Committee is decided. The majority in the Senate will agree with the report of their Committee and Mr. Dechert will be allowed to remain, he voting of course on the question in the Senate. C.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, January 15.—A select committee of the Senate, appointed to inquire into the formality and character of a petition against Senator Dechert, of the First district, have concluded that the petition is not sufficient in its averments, to put the sitting member to answer. The Republicans on the other hand will insist that the first duty of the Senate is to appoint a contested election committee.

MEMPHIS.

Another Sad Steamboat Disaster—Burning of the T. L. McGill—Fifteen Lives Lost—Heart-rending Scenes.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, January 15.—The steamer T. L. McGill, on the way from St. Louis to New Orleans, was burned off "Shoo Fly" bar at 9 o'clock last night. The fire broke out aft, but owing to the gale prevailing such was the rapidity of the flames that the passengers barely had time to rush to the bow and plunge into the water before the fire was upon them. To add to the horror of the scene the weather was intensely cold. Many who jumped into the river were chilled and sunk to rise no more.

The survivors gave but imperfect and conflicting reports. The boat had been aground for two days and had unloaded two hundred tons of her freight in order to get over the bar. She was laden with nine hundred tons of general merchandise, including pork, coal and oil.

WHEN THE FIRE WAS DISCOVERED.

Just as the passengers were preparing to retire, an alarm was raised and a general stampede ensued. Eleven bales of cotton were thrown overboard and all who had the strength of endurance clung to them. Nearly every one was saved.

TO THE RESCUE.

The steamers St. Francis and Ann White, which had passed, were several miles above but on seeing the fire turned back and arrived in time to render valuable assistance. The H. C. Yerger lying near by also rendered valuable assistance.

NAMES OF EMPLOYES.

The White brought up the following persons picked up along the shore: Oliver Cottrell, First Esq'r. St. Louis; Isaac Austin Striker, Jerry Loori, C. H. Crave Cook, Patrick Collins, Deck Sweep, Moline Illinois; Wm. Obrien Rooster, Chicago; David R. Jones, Dr. Therman Ohio; Frank Green Bellevedeer Wisconsin; Thomas Rogers (colored) cabin boy, Vicksburgh; John Black, cabin boy, New Orleans; Albert McFall, Cairo.

NAMES OF PASSENGERS.

W. S. Evill, St. Louis, Mo.; Peter McGeven, do., D. A. French, Moscow, Ky.; Jerry Daly, St. John's, N. J.; M. Colwell, Hickman co., Ky.; Valentine Cox, St. Louis; Wm. Johnson, bey, New Orleans; M. Shenglepreex, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. L. Barnes, Bartlett, Iowa; Mike Kelly, St. Louis; colored rousters Denis Lewis, George Malone, Pat Jones, Alexander Johnson, Al. Penston, Charles Brown, Henry Hudson, Frank Nelson, Charles, Brown, Henry Clay, Moses Kile, Richard Hill and Samuel Whilling.

It was hoped that Capt. Tompkins and William McFarland, first clerk, was saved; but the arrival of the St. Francis to-night, leaves little hope of either. So confused are the reports, it is impossible to form an accurate estimate of the number lost, which is probably thirty, including the four women and three children, supposed lost and Capt. Wm. Tompkins, first clerk, Wm. McFarland, a German and wife, carpenter, St. Louis; the latter were bound for Greenville, Mississippi; two women, three children, a colored chambermaid and Philip Lock, Philadelphia; Thos. F. Evans, barber, St. Louis. The latter died on the St. Francis.

A TOUCHING SCENE.

Mr. Everett, of St. Louis, states that a man and wife, cabin passengers, came floating by them holding on to the stage plank. The lady cried to the husband: "I am freezing; let us die together," and let go the plank. The husband loosed his hold, clasped her in his arms, and both sank together. Engineer Cottrell thinks at least fifteen were lost. The pilot, Kelley and Murray, were saved, the former nearly frozen. Also Wm. Woodruff, second clerk; John Groanis, steward; George T. Russell, cook. The latter was saved by the exertions of the officers of the St. Francis, but was badly chilled when found. Mr. Woodruff remained with the freight. Capt. Tompkins and McFarland were last seen on the boat, having used every exertion to save the passengers. It is feared they were chilled and sank, though hopes are entertained that they may have reached the shore.

LATER ACCOUNTS.

By the arrival of the Alice to-night, pilots Murray and Kelley and clerk Woodruff report the following as lost: Nelson Brown, second engineer; John Shockey, carpenter; Jno. Snyder, deck sweeper; the second steward and porter; Cooney Cavanaugh, nephew of Capt. Dave Silvar, and the following as saved: second watchman, three deck hands. Out of thirty-six roosters only thirteen are saved. Charley Haslett, Brookspott, was the last to leave the boat, and jumped on a cotton bale. The wind blew it ashore. The passengers and crew lost everything. Only one hundred tons of freight were taken off. This was left in charge of an acting mate and two deck hands, and but for Officer Yeager but a few, if any, would be saved.

HAVANA.

The Steamer Hornet Chased by a Gunboat—False Report of the Capture of a Spy—Important Publication—Many Leading Citizens of Cuba Proclaim Allegiance to Spain and the Spanish Government.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, January 14.—The steamer Hornet appeared off Puerto Guia, two miles from Puerto Del Padre, on Sunday. The gunboat Yumari sighted the Hornet and fired several shots at her. The Hornet immediately went to sea, chased by a gunboat, but on account of her superior speed escaped.

The report was previously circulated that a bearer of dispatches named Zena had been tried and executed, but is untrue. Zena arrived here yesterday.

A large number of the most prominent natives of Cuba, publish a long article in the *Vose De Cuba* to-day, proclaiming their adhesion to Spain and the Spanish Government. There is much excitement in the city in consequence of the publication of the article, and especially owing to the character of the signers, several of whom have been suspected in former days, to be sympathizers with the revolution and hopeful of success.

THE CREW OF THE HORNET CAPTURED.

HAVANA, January 15.—The steamer Hornet landed her cargo on the 12th at Punta Brava, near Manati. The Spanish troops arrived shortly afterwards and captured her entire cargo. They killed several expeditionists, and went in pursuit of the remainder of the officers. The Hornet seeing the state of affairs on shore immediately went to sea.

DEATH OF A PRIMA DONNA.

HAVANA, January 15.—Signora Robina, a prima donna of the Italian opera at the Albisus Theatre, died of yellow fever this evening.

ST. LOUIS.

Destruction of a School House by Fire—A Heavy fall of Snow—General Destruction of Roofs—Great Damage Committed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, January 14.—The large school house at Callesville, Illinois, was totally destroyed by fire, yesterday morning. It cost $40,000 three years ago. Insured in the Putnam Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., for $15,000.

Several roofs in the city, fell yesterday and to-day under the weight of sleet and snow, damaging the buildings to the amount of several thousand dollars. Rain has fallen all day, and the streets are in a horrible condition, literally over-flooded with slush and water. No such a day was ever known in St. Louis.

THE CAPITAL.

The Fight Over Porter's Confirmation—The San Domingo Commission—A New Member Added—President Grant in Good Humor.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 14, 1871.

THE "PRESS GANG" INDIGNANT.

Considerable feeling exists among newspaper men here at the rule established in regard to them by the new Commissioner of Internal Revenue. He has placed a bulletin board in one of the ante-rooms of his office, upon which is posted such news as he thinks the press is entitled to or public interested in, instead of allowing each reporter or correspondent to procure such matter as may be needed for his particular locality. The members of the press are naturally indignant. Mr. Delmar also tried the common trough business upon his accession in the Statistical Bureau, but it did not last.

THE SAN DOMINGO COMMISSION.

The San Domingo Commission is now complete. Mr. Wade is Chairman of the Commission. Professor White, of Cornell University, and Dr. Howe, of Boston, are the other members of the Commission. Dr. Howe was informed by telegraph yesterday that he had been appointed, and he was directed, in case he accepted, to repair to New York in time to sail on Tuesday. It is understood that he has since informed the President of his acceptance. Hon. Allen G. Burton, of Kentucky, has been appointed Secretary instead of General Seigel, and has accepted. He was formerly United States Minister to Bolivia, and is a gentleman of high attainments. Owing to the delay in forming the Commission, the expedition will not sail till Tuesday. The Commission, as now formed, is generally spoken of here with favor, and in view of the fact that the President has never met any of the gentlemen appointed except Wade, it is conceded that he has acted with the single purpose of having the resolutions of Congress carried out in good faith. Dr. Samuel G. Howe is a well known philanthrophist, and is now at the head of the Massachusetts State Asylum for the Blind and Deaf and Dumb.

THE CONSOLIDATION OF REVENUE DISTRICTS.

The Executive order issued to-day, consolidating the First, Second and Third Revenue Districts of New York, as First district of that State, appoints Jas. Preeland, collector, James Jourdan, assessor. Fourth and Sixth Districts as Second, Wm. H. Treadwell, collector, Max Weber, assessor. Fifth and Seventh as Third, John C. McHarg, collector, and Morris Avidsam, assessor. Eighth and Ninth as Third, remain unchanged, except Charles P. Caster takes Wm. S. Laimber's place as collector. Eighth District. Millard Bullard appointed collector Thirty-second, in place of Pleasanton, appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The consolidation of other districts in Pennsylvania and Ohio are announced. In Ohio the first and second districts as now constituted, hereafter to be known and designated as the first district. R. B. Pullman is retained as Collector and Lieutenant Weitzel made Assessor.

In the first consolidated district in Pennsylvania the following officers are retained: First district, as consolidated, J. B. Kenney as Collector and Wm. B. Elliott Assessor; second district, as consolidated, Horatio G. Syckel Collector, Chas. Barrett Assessor.

GRANT AND SAN DOMINGO.

Hon. Andrew T. White, member of the San Domingo Commission, arrived to-day, and had a pleasant interview with the President, who said to him that he was earnestly anxious to have everything probed to the bottom. The President remarked further, with a broad smile, that he wanted all the villainly exposed if they could find any, and wanted a special search to be made for those "lots on Samana Bay," said to be marked "Grant, Babcock & Co."

A BOTANIST FOR SAN DOMINGO.

At the request of the Commissioner of Agriculture, the President has authorized him to send a Botanist of the Department, with the Commissioners to San Domingo to collect seeds, plants and minerals, and to study the nature of its climate, its adaptability for plantations of cinchona, for quinine, the price of labor and various objects connected with objects in his department.

PORTER'S NOMINATION.

The Senate, which went into Executive session soon after one o'clock for the purpose of taking up the nomination of Admiral Porter, did not adjourn until after four o'clock. The opponents of the Admiral, although in the minority, managed to keep up the debate long after his friends were ready to take a vote.

VIOLENT ASSAULTS.

There were violent assaults made upon him by Spencer, of Alabama; Edmunds, of Vermont, and others, but the Admiral carried all the heavy guns such as Morton, Sumner, Nye, Fenton, Conkling, Cameron and Sherman, and when the vote was taken the opposition could only foot up nine. The vote stood yeas, thirty-one; nays nine.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Last evening a large number of the Admiral's friends called upon him at his residence, for the purpose of congratulating him upon his success. The nomination of Rear Admiral Rowan to be Vice Admiral was not taken up.

IMPORTANT MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

The Postmaster General has made arrangements with the Burlington and Quincey Railroad Company by which the mail will be carried on Sundays between Chicago and Omaha, each way, connecting with trains on the Pacific Railroad which run every day. For want of this arrangement heretofore no mail was received at San Francisco from the East on Fridays, and none on the corresponding week day in the Pacific and intermediate States and Territories, and no mail was received at the East one day of each week. A very serious inconvenience is thus obviated.

THE FENIAN JUBILEE.

At the Celtic Club meeting on Saturday a committee was appointed to proceed to New York to participate in the honors to recently released Fenians from British imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, January 15, 1871.

A NEW APPOINTEE.

At the request of the San Domingo Commission, Prof. Wm. Blake, formerly of California, has been appointed geologist and mineralogist of the Commission. Professor Blake has been engaged for some time past in editing the *Paris Exposition*. The reports are now completed. He is well known to the professional world in connection with geological explorations in the West.

TO ATTEND EN MASSE.

The United Irishmen of New York, to-day resolved that members should attend en masse a reception to be tendered to the released Fenian prisoners on their arrival here. The steamers Baltimore, from Liverpool, City Rio Janeiro, from Rio Janeiro December 16, with Lieut. G. W. Delaney of United States steamer Lancaster, as passenger, have arrived.

A DENIAL OF FRAUD.

The Postmaster here denies any fraud in the Post Office Department.

CLAIMS SETTLED.

The adjournment of the Chapennorg claim, in accordance with the joint resolution passed by Congress, last July, all evidence was carefully examined, and the claims settled on the basis fixed by Congress. The amount due Chappennorg was $200,000 less than demanded.

ILLNESS OF ADMIRAL PORTER.

Admiral Porter was stricken with pleuresy on Friday night and was confined to his bed until a late hour this evening. He is now better and entirely out of danger.

CINCINNATI.

Burning of Fox & Thomas' Commission House—The Masonic Fraternity to Help their Brethren in France—Revenue Statistics—The Weather, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, January 15.—The commission house of Fox & Thomas was burned to-day. The loss in stock is estimated at nearly $30,000; fully insured.

The members of the Masonic bodies in this city are moving to secure aid for the suffering members of the fraternity in Paris.

From the statement just completed by Supervisor Corren, it appears that the total receipts from internal revenue, for 1870 in the several revenue districts of Southern Ohio were as follows:

First.—Two million three hundred seventy three thousand one hundred and three dollars and ninety-five cents.

Second.—Four million eight hundred and four thousand five hundred and sixty-six dollars and eighty-three cents.

Third.—Two million seven hundred and eleven thousand six hundred and four dollars and forty-two cents.

Fourth.—Nine hundred and forty-eight thousand two hundred and thirty-one dollars and thirty-four cents.

Sixth.—Nine hundred and twenty-four thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars and forty-six cents.

Seventh.—One million and three hundred thousand eighty-three dollars and ninety-three cents.

11th, $791,036 04; 12th, $551,657.47; 15th, $114,434.76; 16th, $124,351.82; increase in the second district over 1869, $990,000; third, $702,000. The gain is less in the remainder of the districts. In the first the loss is $340,649.26, and in the twelfth $226,723.76; total receipts in the Southern district, 14,396,816.22.

Total gain, $1,106,945 97; number of cigars sold by manufacturers in 1870 in the first Ohio district, 32,475,350; taxes on same, $162,376; smoking tobacco sold by manufacturers, 934,777 lbs.; plug, fine cut, chewing and snuff, 1,908,692 lbs.; taxes received on all, $774,742.32.

There is a decided change in the weather since last evening, when the temperature was 64. It is five degrees above freezing to-night, with a prospect of colder weather.

A KIDNAPPING CASE.

CINCINNATI, January 14.—A mulatto woman named Henrietta Wood, sometime ago brought suit in the Superior Court against S. H. Ward, of Kentucky, to recover $20,000 damages on the charge that he was instrumental in having her kidnapped from the State of Ohio in 1853, and sold into slavery, where she remained fifteen years. The case was transferred to the United States Court to-day, and promises to be most interesting.

OLD CITIZEN GONE.

Robert Riley, one of our oldest citizens, died to-day after a long illness, aged eighty-six years.

DARING ROBBERY.

An old man named Patterson was robbed of several hundred dollars by highwaymen last evening, on Harrison Road, near the city. The robbers presented pistols at him.

PRISONER RELEASED.

Judge Hoeffer, of the Probate Court to-day released David Joseph, whom officers attempted to arrest and carry to New York City by virtue of an authorization endorsed on his bail bond executed in discharge of arrest in New York. The case came upon a writ of *habeas corpus*.

The weather like summer here.

A REMONSTRANCE.

The Turners, at a meeting to-night, determined to call a mass meeting of the German citizens to remonstrate against the shipment of arms and ammunition from American ports to France.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Hon. David Sears died in Boston Saturday, aged 83 years.

—The anthracite coal strike continues in the Lackawana region and is very general.

—Morton Bliss, of Morton Bliss & Co., N. Y., has been elected President of the Union Pacific Railroad, vice Mr. Aimes, resigned.

—A dispatch from Eagle Bride, Rennseeler, county, New York, states that the Rope Mill at that place was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. Loss $17,000.

—A London dispatch of Saturday states that the purser and four passengers of the City of Brooklyn, who recently landed at Grimsby from the steamer Hannse, are confident of the Brooklyn's safety.

—A verdict for $2,600 damages was given in the Circuit Court, at Richmond, Va., Saturday, against the Richmond and Danville Railroad, for six hundred boxes of tobacco destroyed at their depot at Danville, by a band of straggling confederates, two weeks before the surrender of the town.

—It has been ascertained that Filkins, the supposed Albany Express robber, was at Syracuse on Thursday night. A man answering his description took a room at the Osborne House, but disappeared before morning. It is also reported that Filkins was seen there and spoken to by an acquaintance on that day.

—An attempt was made Saturday morning to throw a passenger train off of the Lackawanna Valley Railroad, going east, which was only prevented by the early freight going west from Philadelphia. A wedge of iron was fastened with ropes and spikes on the rail, with the small end towards the passenger train. The freight train coming west struck the large end, and, having a very heavy engine, kept the track.

—A Cleveland dispatch says: For some months it has been unsafe for ladies to walk the streets of East Cleveland alone after dark. Within a few weeks five have been attacked and three actually ravished. The last victim is Mrs. Crawford, a very respectable lady about sixty years old, who was ravished on Thursday evening while on her way from a church meeting. A mulatto boy named Foot, seventeen years old, has been arrested and identified by Mrs. Crawford as the person who assaulted her.

A CURIOUS CUSTOM.

A Lively Scene in New Orleans—"Twelfth Night Revels."

New Orleans was a lively place on the night of the 6th instant, when the revels of Twelfth Night took place. The *Picayune* thus describes the scene:

It was a gorgeous sight when the revelers, as if by magic, appeared on the south side of the Market hall, and a splendid array of grotesque masks, on foot and on fantastically decorated wagons, moved slowly onward. The pageant represented nothing less than the illustration of those popular nursery stories, Mother Goose's Melodies. How joyfully the children looked at the fairy spectacle: how merrily did they laugh, and how gleefully they shouted when before their eyes passed the real heroes of the simple stories to which they had always so attentively listened! And older folks again imagined themselves little children, with their hearts untroubled by the world's troubles and life's cares. The fantastic characters in the gaudy pageant wore such familiar faces, and awakened such pleasant memories of happy, romping childhood. The one or the other of the spectators thought, perhaps, of the dim long-ago, when a caressing father took him in his arms, and dancing around the room with the bouncing boy, in his parental joy sang:

Humpty Dumpty sat on a wall,
Humpty Dumpty had a great fall;
Not all the King's horses, nor all the King's men,
Could set Humpty Dumpty up again.

There he was, the identical Humpty Dumpty, driving a wagon, in which were seated Mother Goose and her four children. What a grotesque wagon, too, it was! It was made of brooms of every size and shape. The body, the seats, the cover, the wheels even, were all ingeniously made of brooms. In the wagon was seen a golden egg—the identical egg, we are assured, which

Jack found one morning
As we have been told,
His goose had laid him
An egg of pure gold.

At the feet of Mother Goose, who, by the way, looked very dignified on her elevated seat in the broom car, reposed the goose, which Jack had bought, and of which it is said that

Jack's goose and her gander
Grew very fond,
They'd both eat together
Or swim in one pond.

To the rear of Mother Goose's quaint equipage was borne a transparency, with the following inscription.

In gallant trim the gilded vessel goes,
Youth at the prow and pleasure at the helm.

Upon this followed the popular hero of the nursery folks—Jack, the Giant Killer, escorting a wheelborrow upon which was exhibited a giant's head of huge dimensions.

Sweet little Bo-Peep came next, in the garb of a shepherdess, accompanied by that jolly couple, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Sprat, of whom we are told that

Jack Sprat would eat no fat
His wife would eat no lean;
Now was not this a pretty trick
To make the platter clean?

Jack Frost was in the same company, attracting much attention.

Next came a transparency with this inscription:

Can any mortal mixture of earth's mould
Breathe such divine, enchanting ravishment?

Upon this followed the mirth-provoking figures of Jack and Gill, going as it were,

Up the hill
To fetch a pail of water;
Jack fell down and cracked his crown:
And Gill came tumbling after.

In the same company were Daffy Down Dilly and Jack Horner, the latter wearing a striking resemblance to his nursery namesake, when he

Sat in a corner,
Eating a Christmas pie;
He put in his thumb
And pulled out a plumb,
And said, "What a brave boy am I!"

Next appeared Little Boy Blue, ready it appeared, to respond to the request—

Little Boy Blue, come, blow me your horn:
The sheep's in the meadow, the cow's in the corn.

He preceded lovely Red Riding Hood, who was followed by the treacherous wolf.

"Life's enchanted cup but sparkles near the brim," was the inscription on a transparency borne in front of a wagon, on which was seated, on an elevated throne, jolly King Cole. How his broad face smiled when he raised the gilded wine cup to his thick lips, or when he abstractedly listened to the play of the three fiddlers at the foot of the royal throne.

On both sides of the pageant marched numerous torchbearers, and at its head a band of music. The procession moved through portions of Poydras, Carondelet, St. Charles, Camp, Canal, Royal and Toulouse streets, and arrived at the Opera House shortly after nine o'clock.

AN OUTRAGE.

Attempted Murder in Georgia.

An unknown party of men called at a private residence in Sandersville, Georgia, between nine and ten o'clock one night last week, and inquired for Mr. J. C. Gallaher, a lawyer of that place, who, with his family, was boarding at that place. Mr. Gallaher, suspecting no evil, went out into the street, when he was seized and taken some mile and a half to the country, when the party halted and ordered him to follow one of their number into the woods. This he declined doing, and requested them, if they intended killing him, to do it right then and in the road. While disputing about the matter, Gallaher, seizing what he thought was his only opportunity, ran for his life, but had proceeded but a few paces when a volley of bullets was fired at him, one of which passed through his left and only arm, and another entering his back near the spine, passed out at his side, somewhat in front. Upon receiving this last shot he fell senseless, and there lay for how long a time he is unable to say. On recovering his consciousness no more of the marauders could be seen. They had doubtless believed him dead, and made their escape. Bewildered, Major Gallaher—for he was an officer and lost his right arm in the Confederate service—took the direction leading from town instead of homeward, and after proceeding a mile or two, came to a farm-house, where he was taken in, kindly provided for, and a messenger dispatched to town for a physician and his wife. The former returned yesterday morning, and thinks, while the wound in the side is dangerous, it is not necessarily fatal. The citizens of Sandersville are wholly at a loss to account for the outrage. There was certainly nothing political in it, and the character and standing of Major Gallaher are not such as would likely expose him to such treatment. The same party, or a similar one, have made several nocturnal visits to Sandersville during the last few months, but the parties being inquired for not being found, they left without creating any disturbance.

THE KUKLUX.

A Reported Outrage in Kentucky—Four Men Killed and Several Others Wounded.

[From the Lou. *Cour Jour.* of Friday.]

The city was filled with rumors last night of a terrible outrage said to have been committed by a party of Kuklux near Stamping Ground, Scott county, on Wednesday afternoon.

It is said that the party was composed of nineteen armed and masked men, and that without provocation they attacked a number of negroes who were quietly passing along the road on their way to the village. The numerous reports, though conflicting in many respects, concur in the statement that the maskers rode upon the negroes, and commenced an indiscriminate firing into the crowd, killing three of them. It is further said that, after committing this outrage, the maskers went to the Forks of Elkhorn, about three miles south of Stamping Ground, where they overtook another party of negroes, and fired upon them also, wounding three of them. According to the story, this party happened to be prepared for such an emergency, and returned the fire, killing one of the attacking party, and causing the others to beat a hasty retreat. It is said that the dead masker proved to be a young man named Foree, a member of a family in high standing in Henry county.

During yesterday negroes were reported to be constantly arriving at Frankfort from that portion of Scott county where the disturbance occurred, and that they seemed much alarmed by the wild rumors of the wholesale murder of their race by bands of the dreadful Kuklux.

IAGO. Nor poppy, nor mandragoro,
Nor all the drowsy syrups of the world
Shall medicine thee to that sweet sleep
Which thou ow'dst yesterday.
OTHELLO.
But one thing then is left me—
PIER, DANNALS & Co.'s CREAM ALE—
If that do fail me
Then is my occupation gone, indeed.

RADICAL CURE Rupture Truss at Dr Keysers 167 Liberty street.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET, &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED.—By a Gentleman and Wife, no children, a neatly furnished house of seven or eight rooms, convenient to Penn street, Lawrenceville preferred. Best of references given. Address P. W., GAZETTE office. 1-14

WANTED.—A first class girl for general housework. Apply at No. 18 CHESTNUT STREET, Pittsburgh. ja13:l46

WANTED—A SMALL ROOM in a public building in Pittsburgh or Allegheny City, with water handy. Address H. W. C., GAZETTE office. 1-12

WANTED—BOARDING.—A pleasant HOME wanted by a Student near the Parks, North avenue, or between there and Suspension Bridge, Allegheny. Address "Student," GAZETTE office. 1-12

WANTED—BOARDING.—Two Single Gentlemen for a comfortable room and boarding. Mrs. H. C. PAVITT, 92 Beaver street, Allegheny city. References required. 1-11

WANTED—2 Good Boiler Makers. Steady employment and good wages. Address R. M. REED & CO., Steubenville, Ohio.

WANTED.—HARDWARE SALESMAN—A first class Hardware Salesman, with an established Western trade wanted by NEWLIN, FERNLEY & CO., ja7:l11 Philadelphia.

WANTED—A TENANT for the room on the first floor Dispatch Building, from April next. Also, several other rooms to let. Apply to Mrs. J. HERON FOSTER, 202 South Avenue, Allegheny. 12-24-tf

WANTED—By the Iron City Mutual Life Insurance Company, a CANVASSER to canvass from the home office. Apply to or address DANIEL SWOGER, General Agent of the Company, 10½ Sixth (late St. Clair) Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. de17:j57

WANTED.—Girls for the city and country, to do cooking, housework, &c.; several men and boys with reference want places. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street (formerly St. Clair,) first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER.—A LADY who thoroughly understands housekeeping and especially cooking; must be without family incumbrances and be able to manage employes in a public institution. Wages to begin with $25 per month. For information, apply immediately to Mrs. WM. A. HERRON, 95 Penn street. 1-12

WANTED.—MORTGAGES. $35.500 to invest, in large or small amounts, on city or country property. THOMAS K. PETTY, no15 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES. $30.000 to Loan in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest. CHARLES JEREMY, Real Estate Agent, 68 Grant street.

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—LIBERTY ST. WAREHOUSE.—No. 155 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, 100 feet deep to an alley. Enquire of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville, Pa. 1-14

TO LET—ROOMS—At No. 59 Fourth avenue, over the Western Savings Bank, very well suited for an Insurance company. Inquire of WESTERN SAVINGS BANK. ja13:66

TO-LET.—One or Two very pleasant furnished rooms, second story, (front and rear,) Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. Address, with real name, "K," No. 38 Wood street. 1-11

TO-LET.—HOUSE.—House No. 28 Fifth street, opposite foot of Fifth avenue, containing 9 rooms water and gas. Enquire of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville. ja11:l31

TO-LET.—The Four Story Brick STORE, No. 74 Wood street. Enquire at 71 Market street, of HAYS & GETTY. 1-5

TO-LET—That fine New Warehouse, No. 72 Wood street, now occupied by the Germania Savings Bank. Enquire of W. H. HAYS, 18 Wood street. ja4:k74 WFM

TO-LET—Three Story Dwelling and Store Room, No. 21 Diamond street. Enquire at No. 18 Wood street. ja4:k74-WFM. W. H. HAYS.

TO-LET.—The Store, No. 71 Wood STREET, between Fourth avenue and Diamond street, lately occupied by the Beaver Falls Cutlery Company. Inquire of CHARLES HAYS, No. 102 Liberty street. ja4:k82

TO LET.—A three story brick DWELLING HOUSE, with all the modern improvements in first class order, with stable &c. attached, situated on the corner of Penn and Fifth street, (formerly Pitt.) Possession given April 1. For terms, &c., apply at HAYS & STEWART'S 102 Liberty street.
Also, store room on Ferry street, second door from Diamond street. Apply at above number. de30:k35-tf

TO-LET.
STORE ROOM, No. 73 BEAVER AVENUE, Allegheny, with privilege of entire building. Possession given immediately. Enquire on the premises of
de15 W. C. COOK.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OFFER FOR RENT
OFFICES,
In Suits or Single Rooms, in their New Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street. The Building will be fully completed and ready for occupancy on the first of April next.
de31:k46 J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP.—Over 200 FARMS in Shenandoah Valley. For Circular, address J. H. BRISTOR, ja14:l41-F Box 75, Martinsburg, W. Va.

FOR SALE.—TURNIPS.—500 bushels Choice IOWA TURNIPS in store and for sale at a low figure by 1-11 McBANE & ANJER, 141 Water street.

FOR SALE.—No. 5 Burke & Barnes' SAFE. One Oak Writing Desk; One Vat, holding six barrels, One Stove. Inquire at 26 MARKET STREET. 12-31:tf

FOR SALE.—A Dwelling House of eight rooms on Forty-third street, near Butler, now occupied by William Bailey. Possession April 1st. Will be sold low. Apply to JOHN W. RIDDELL, Attorney at Law, ja10:j47TTHS 114 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.
EXTRA No. 1 and No. 2 LARD OIL,
LUBRICATING OILS, Etc.
Also, PRIME FAMILY LARD, in tierces, bar rels and buckets, at lowest rates.
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
oc14:h19 68 and 70 Water street.

FOR SALE.
1 large 2 horse SPRING WAGON.
1 light 1 horse SPRING WAGON.
1 light 1 horse CART.
1 FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES.
Lot of EMPTY BARRELS, by
JOHN DYER,
ja6 Mary's Court, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.
Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W. Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.—COAL WORKS.—700 Acres, Railroad, Houses, Pit Wagons, Mules, Tools, Boats and Fixtures in running order. Low for cash or trade for property, or will lease the same; situated on the Ohio river. Other property of all kinds in the city. 20 acres with improvements, 15 miles on the Central Railroad; also, property in Sharpsburg and in the city and Etna. Enquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
de16 110 Grant St., opposite the Cathedral.

FOR SALE—SMALL COUNTRY SEAT.—Situated one mile from Port Perry. Contains three acres of rich garden land, filled with fruit of the best varieties, all bearing; 300 grape vines; one of the best springs of water at the door. The improvements are a neat 2 Story Dwelling, with 4 rooms, nearly new; also a Tenant House, with 3 rooms, Stable and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low figure, as the owner is moving south. Apply to
se22 B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.
ON 44th STREET.—Two Handsome Brick Dwellings of 7 and 8 rooms respectively. Lots 24 by 100 and 36 by 137.
ON 43d STREET—One very fine two story Brick Dwelling of 9 rooms. Lot 24 by 137.
ON BUTLER STREET—One Handsome Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms and finished attic. Lot 20 by 160.
ON 45th STREET.—Two very fine lots 20 and 24 by 100.
ON 44th STREET.—An elegant Lot 48 by 108.
Farms, Houses, Lots of all descriptions, and Money in sums of $500 to $5,000 may be had at
T. R. SILL & SON,
hc6 Cor. Penn and 33d streets.

FOR SALE.—Residence No. 155 SOUTH AVENUE, Allegheny, containing 10 Rooms, furnished with Gas throughout; hot and cold water in front and rear; bath room and water closets adjoining front bed room; wash house, carriage house, etc., on lot. Drainage under the entire property. Garden with fine shade trees in front and side yards.
Lot 30 by 150, to a passed street in the rear.
Street Cars pass at the back door.
For terms, etc., enquire of
C. HANSON LOVE,
ja13 No. 58 Fourth Avenue.

Desirable Property
FOR SALE.
One of the most desirable and conveniently located residences in Allegheny City, the homestead of the late Rev. John T. Pressly, D.D. This property fronts on Washington street and West Penn R. R., and is 80 feet in front by 250 feet in depth.
For full particulars enquire of THOS. McCANCE, No. 196 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, or Rev. J. C. STEELE, No. 40 Diamond, Allegheny. ja13:l49

HOUSE AND GROUNDS IN 17th ward, at 48th and Centre streets for rent or lease for a term of years. The house contains 17 apartments above the cellars, of which there are five; with large ice house and other outbuildings, and is located in a good neighborhood for a first class boarding house, with abundance of ground for picnics, &c. Also, the subscriber will lease for the term of ten years a few lots on Centre street, with the privilege to the lessees to take the lots at their market value at the end of the lease. For terms inquire of the subscriber, on the premises.
ja13 LOUIS DUFF.

RIVER AVENUE PROPERTY.—A well built and conveniently arranged dwelling house of hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, wash house, cellar, bath room and five chambers, gas and water fixtures, near Hand street bridge.
Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
ja17 56 Smithfield street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the NATIONAL REFINING AND STORING COMPANY, for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and for other business, will be held at the hall of F. A. MIERSCH & BRO., at No. 24 Sixth, late St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on MONDAY, February 6th, at 10 A. M.
ja16:l55 J. LEE OLD, Secretary.

$2.000 VALLEY R. R. BONDS.
TUESDAY EVENING, January 16th, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, will be added to former list of valuable stocks.
$2 000 Allegheny Valley Railroad 7-30 per cent. Bonds.
ja16 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of JAMES McAULEY, late of Allegheny county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and all persons having claims to present them to
JOHN MAGOFFIN, Executor.
At the Iron City National Bank.
JANUARY 12, 1871. ja16:l51-M

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
WAGNER, LEECH & CO., Pittsburgh.
McHENRY, LEECH & CO., Philadelphia.
PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1871.
We have this day formed a Copartnership as Brokers and Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its products. Warehouse, Delaware River, Philadelphia.
A. R. McHENRY, Sr., Philadelphia.
RICHARD T. LEECH, Pittsburgh.
ja16:l10 I. WAGNER, Pittsburgh.

BOOK AGENTS MAKE $80 to $200 per month, by selling
Great Fortunes
And How They Were Made. By J. D. McCabe, Jr. New, fresh and original. Profusely illustrated and beautifully bound. It shows how a poor school master made $40,000,000; how a poor, half blind sailor became a great banker; a butcher's apprentice the wealthiest man in America; an unknown mechanic a millionaire, with many more such examples; how energy, talent and patient industry have always met with success when properly exerted; how money can be made honestly and without sacrifice of principle. Send for Circular, etc., and notice extra terms. Address GEO. MACLEAN, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, or E. HANNAFORD & CO., Cincinnati and Chicago. ja16

S. McClean & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Personal and prompt attention given to everything in the business. Collections made. Certificates issued, and interest allowed on Time Deposits. Advances made on Government Securities at liberal rates. Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Gold, Silver, Bank Notes, &c., &c. All local or other Miscellaneous Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Commercial Paper, &c., bought and sold at the usual rates of Commission.
N. B.—We are the General Agents of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers and Fiscal Agents, at Pittsburgh, and about twenty surrounding counties, for the negotiation of the First Mortgage 7-30 Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroads. We are now receiving applications and making appointments of Sub-Agencies, including Banks, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, prominent Merchants, Manufacturers, Capitalists, etc., to aid in this worthy enterprise. We believe this bond to be the best security offered in the market to investors since the Government was a borrower.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNA.
In the matter of the estate of Michael Raab dec'd. No. 10, December Term, 1870. Writ of Partition.
To Margaret Rabb, now intermarried with Jacob Rebheisen; Elizabeth Rabb, Lena Raab, now intermarried with Jacob Hermann; Catherine Raab, now intermarried with William Lodabo; Michael Raab, Elizabeth Raab, now intermarried with John Weisinrind, and Adam Raab.
You are hereby notified that an Inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition or valuation on the premises in Marshall township, Allegheny county, Penna., on THURSDAY, March 2, 1871, at 11 o'clock A.M., to make partition to and among the heirs of said deceased, in such manner and in such proportion as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.
HUGH S. FLEMING, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, January 14, 1871. ja16:l55-M

Lubin's French Extracts,
Lubin's French Soaps,
Lubin's French Sachets,
Thomas' Hair Brushes,
Bayley's Ess. Bouquet,
Low's Fine Extracts,
Low's Celebrated Soaps,
Squire's Glycerine Soap,
Price's Glycerine Soap,
Sarg's Vienna Soap,
Brecknell's Skin Soap,
Brandy and Sherry Wine,
Cigars de Joy, for Asthma.
With other CHOICE GOODS, all of my own personal selection and importation.

SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield Street and Fourth Avenue.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Peter Squire's London Medicinal Extracts and Chemicals.

THE STRONGEST AND BEST SECURED, as well as most profitable investment now offered in the market.
7 Per Cent. Gold
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Coupon or Registered
(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX,)
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold, issued by the
Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota R. R. Co.
The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency
Interest payable May and November.
J. EDGAR THOMPSON, CHARLES L. FROST, } Trustees.
The Bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion of the line fully completed and equipped.
The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby shortening the distance between St. Paul and Chicago, 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road.
The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over the subscription price may be looked for.
These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. U. S. Five-twenties, at present prices return only 4½ per cent. currency interest, while these Bonds pay 9½ per cent., and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any Railroad Bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the Road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to rebuy at any time any of these Bonds sold by us at this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.
All marketable Securities taken in payment free of Commission and Express charges.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
32 Wall Street, New York.
FOR SALE BY
S. McCLEAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
KURTZ & HOWARD, Philadelphia.
BOWEN & FOX, Philadelphia.
DeHAVEN & BRO., Philadelphia.
THOS. A. BIDDLE & CO., Philadelphia.
C. & H. BORIE, Philadelphia.
EMORY, BENSON & CO., Philadelphia.
GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO., Philadelphia.
WM. PAINTER & CO., Philadelphia.
Of whom Pamphlets and information may be obtained.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY, January 24, 1871. }
NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of UNION AVENUE, from Tremont street to its northern terminus, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, January 17, 1871, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
CHARLES DAVIS,
ja17:l12 City Engineer.

OPENING OF WALTERS STREET, PITTSBURGH.—Notice is hereby given that the assessments made by the viewers on the opening of Walters street, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, January 9, 1871. ja9

NEW WALL PAPERS,
Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at
No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue.
oc29 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

500 BBLS. PURE WEST VA. OIL,
500 bbls Natural Lubricating Oil;
400 bbls Illuminating Oil, 170 degrees test. In store and for sale by
PITTSBURGH OIL CO.,
no14 346 Penn street.

CALCINED PLASTER.—50 barrels best Calcined Plaster in store and for sale by
JOHN R. CANFIELD,
ja1 141 Penn avenue.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

MONDAY, JAN. 16, 1871.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 110¼@110⅜.

THE total marine losses that have occurred throughout the world from January 1st to December 10, 1870, amount to 1,887 vessels. Of this number 480 were vessels of the United States.

THE seizure of the steamer Florida, charged with being fitted out for Cuban services, is likely to result in an action for damages, as it is now presenting the appearance of being unwarranted.

THE resolution to vote against general amnesty, which was introduced in the House of Representatives of South Carolina, by the colored members, and adopted, was tabled by the State Senate.

A BILL has been introduced in the Ohio Legislature making the *seller* of intoxicating liquors responsible for the damage done by intoxicated persons to whom liquor was sold, and releasing the *owner* of the premises on which the liquor was sold from responsibility.

VALLINDIGHAM at a recent Democratic meeting in Columbus, warned the Democracy against taking grounds adverse to the annexation of San Domingo. This is the first Democratic note of alarm, and we apprehend that it will speedily be followed by loud mouthed clamor for annexation.

THE London *Shipping Gazette* is alarmed over the fact that during the recent experiments with torpedos in the Elbe, some of them broke loose and floated into the ocean. It thinks there is a possibility of some vessel coming in contact with one of these stray monsters, that "would not pay the slightest respect to neutral bottoms."

THERE will evidently be a struggle between the House Committee on the Census, and the Judiciary Committee over the Apportionment. Both committees claim exclusive jurisdiction in the matter. Judge Mercur of the Judiciary Committee will present a bill fixing the representation at 280. The Census Committee proposes 275 while the Senate favors 300.

THE excitement among the members of the Legislature of South Carolina over the disturbed condition of affairs in the upper counties of the State, has given rise to threats of impeaching Governor Scott. Holden was impeached for unauthorized and unwarranted military interference, and Governor Scott is accused for not having interfered with military force. Impeachment is quite fashionable in the South.

DR. SAMUEL G. HOWE has been appointed one of the San Domingo Committee in the place of Bishop Simpson. The Committee consists of Mr. Wade, Professor White, and Dr. Howe. It is asserted that the President has never met any of these gentlemen except Mr. Wade. The numberless charges that he had a committee already selected favorable to his wishes is thus thoroughly contradicted.

IT WILL not be forgotten that a short time since a young lady teacher was murdered by two or three of her scholars, by being struck on the head with a stone. Some two or three more young scamps at Orange, Blackhawk county, concluded they would whip their lady teacher. She defended herself with a poker, and the report states that "the assailants will be in school again in the course of two or three weeks if their convalescence continues satisfactorily."

THE reports of the retiring officers of the Young Mens' Mercantile Libaary Association exhibit a very gratifying progress and healthy increase of membership and usefulness. The city cannot be too proud in the possession of such an ennobling and elevating institution for the discrimination of general useful knowledge, and it should be even more largely patronized, encouraged and suported by the people for whose benefit it has been organized and sustained.

THE terrible effect of the privations resulting from the siege of Paris may be readily realized, it is asserted, from the number of little coffins that daily and almost hourly are carried through the streets. The *Daily News* says the deaths for the week ending December 17th reached the appalling figures of 2,728. Many, very many of these are little children who are unable to endure the privations attendant upon the severe regime imposed by the siege.

A LITTLE SHADOW, as yet but very small, is quietly creeping over the great blazon of light that has hitherto almost hallowed the advance of the Prussian armies. Here and there a few Germans are sending petitions to King William to cease the further prosecution of the war. They are growing very weary over it. They are not gifted with the fine arts of diplomacy, and feel that all the security that Germany could desire can now be had without the further sacrifice of German lives.

NOTWITHSTANDING the accounts are somewhat conflicting, enough is known to satisfy us that Prince Frederick Charles has defeated General Chanzy at Le Mans, with great loss to the French. This defeat has forced Chanzy to retreat towards Cherbourg. This is an important victory to the Germans, as Le Mans was a vast road centre, and the defeat of the French army at that point cuts off all advance to the relief of Paris. Further resistance at the Capital is nothing but dogged stubbornness, without one good ground for hope of ultimate success.

THE Michigan Special State Commission on penal and reformatory institutions, recommends thorough and radical reform, and that sentences for crime be indeterminate and subject to the improvement exhibited by the prisoner. This idea was introduced in the Convention held at Cincinnati on the subject of Prison Reform. We do not believe that the idea can be carried into effect or that it is possible for humanity to determine the moral condition of a convict. We have no objection to the experiment in Michigan, but feel convinced that should it be tried it will prove another failure.

JOURNAL AFTER JOURNAL that hitherto greedily seized on every rumor that was raised against the President, is crawling away from its former abuse, and making the unqualified assertion that, with reference to the removal of Mr. Motley, the President has again been traduced when a full disclosure of the facts prove conclusively that he was right. The Motley correspondence, so earnestly demanded by the opponents of the President, has, when produced, rebuked these traducers. Is it not time for our people to understand that nine-tenths, if not all of the malignant abuse that has been heaped on the head of the President, arises from personal malice, and anger. In every instance thus far a full disclosure of all the facts has exonerated the President from these malicious charges, and the proof of it is, that not one of them remains in existence to-day. If we look back over the time of the present administration, while we can recall effort after effort made to injure the President by unqualified assertions conjured up from hearts reeking with venom, there is not one that has any existence in the present, save in memory. Had they been true, they would have lived, but being untrue and conclusively proven so to be, they have faded almost even from recollection. As it was with the others, so will it be with the removal of Mr. Motley. It will pass away from the minds of our people, or if it is remembered be recalled to the discredit of the late Minister.

THE MORTAL REMAINS of Hon. John Covode were consigned to their last, long and final resting place on Saturday afternoon at Lockport, Westmoreland county, this State. The attendance was exceedingly large and developed the large measure of esteem and respect in which the distinguished deceased was held by both friends and foes in political life. The last sad rites and funeral ceremonies, elsewhere fully reported by our correspondent, were peculiarly solemn, impressive and tear-provoking. And thus closes the volume of life of a man about whose name will ever cluster pleasing memories, whose virtues will only be remembered, and whose faults lay buried with him in the dark depth of his grave.

GOVERNOR ALCORN, of Mississippi, is at least consistent. A short time since he refused a commission in the State Militia to a man who had spoken disrespectfully of General Lee at the time of his death. The ground on which the Governor places his refusal is, that although General Lee may have been a rebel, yet he Alcorn was one also, and any slur cast on Lee as a traitor, necessarily reflects on his Excellency. This is an "*argumentum ad hominum*," and may not be contradicted. We might venture to assert however that there is more sensitiveness displayed by Governor Alcorn, than is usual among Southern Confederates. It is usually regarded as a compliment by them to be classed among the rebels, but Alcorn evidently looks on it as a slur.

EDWARD H. RULLOFF was convicted of murder at Binghampton on Wednesday last, and has been sentenced to death. When the words "to be hanged by the neck until you are dead" were uttered, a smile passed over his face as if in mockery of the sentence of death. He was convicted on circumstantial evidence, so strong however, as to satisfy any one that he was the guilty man. His life has been a scene of strife, and for twenty years his heart has been blackened with the crime of the murder of his wife and child. He is a talented, intelligent man, who seems to have entered on a career of crime through wantonness, and more as a matter of recreation after some severe term of study. He was an earnest student, and had he pursued an upright life his sixty-fifth year would have rounded with honor, instead of being degraded by the gallows.

GENERAL NEGLEY'S bill with reference to the arsenal is stated to have passed the House, and that it would pass the Senate. The object of Mr Negley, he asserts, is to have the land appraised by commissioners, with the privilege given to the city of Pittsburgh to take the grounds at the appraisement. General Negley's bill, therefore, so far as we have any understanding about it, is simply to give the city of Pittsburgh the first chance as purchaser. The Government had already determined to concentrate all the smaller arsenals into one large manufacturing arsenal, and the probability is that the Pittsburgh arsenal had been selected as one of those the Government intended to abandon. If such be the fact, General Negley's bill does not, of itself, deprive us of an arsenal, but knowing that it will be abandoned, he endeavors to secure for the city the privilege of being the first purchaser of the grounds. This is all we see in it at present, and if our hypothesis is correct the action of General Negley is eminently proper and just.

A CURIOUS ORDER has been issued by one of the most prominent banking establishments in London, prohibiting all its clerks, whose salaries are less than $750 per annum, from getting married, under the penalty of instant dismissal. It is difficult even to imagine the ground on which this restriction is placed, unless indeed it is under the idea that a married man having an additional person to support would be tempted on so small a salary to steal from the bank. If such be the reason it is extremely unsound, for observation teaches that young men without domestic ties continually seek places of amusement, and that in nine cases out of ten, a young man can live on less money after he is married, than he expended every year while single. But this particular house does not seem to be governed by any other thoughts than selfish ones, for a petition from the clerks to have their hours of business decreased, was received and returned with the reply, that any clerk who reached the bank one minute after nine o'clock in the morning should be fined half a crown. This unnecessary severity shows some heartlessness, and may throw some light on the domestic restriction.

THE Toronto *Globe*, judging it by its words, is ready for fight with the United States, and thunders as follows:

> It is evident that President Grant, under the tutelage of Butler, believes that Britain can be bullied or cajoled into giving up Canada. It is also reasonably plain that he thinks an attempt in that direction may help him in his canvass for the Presidency in 1872. Let him try to make the proposed arrangement in London, and see what a rebuff he will get. Let him try, if he so pleases, any means of pressure upon Canadians which lie within his reach, and see what he will make by it. He will only show how little knowledge of politics and of the world he possesses, and render more sure the triumph of the Democratic party in 1872. If Congress give him *carte blanche* he may have war with Britain, or the lesser evil of the destruction of trade with Canada, which the United States can ill bear, but he cannot obtain one inch of Canadian soil, nor even groundwork for a hope of obtaining it.

When the fact is considered that the United States could sweep Canadians out of existence before England could send a man to aid them, and the further fact that England knows this to be so and don't intend to aid them should such an emergency arise, and the still further fact that she could not do so even if she wanted to under her present complications, this "big Indian" of the Toronto *Globe* we should think would not be a very "big scare" for the President.

ENGLAND.

It must strike the mind of every reflecting man, as something exceedingly strange, that amid the dangerous complications at present existing in Europe, England is absolutely doing nothing towards protecting herself. Like Woolsey, who was "great in promise and in performance nothing," proposal after proposal is made for defending London, and each one in turn seems to be nothing more than a dead-letter. Firm believers in manifest destiny may possibly be able to account for this lethargy and sloth, but regarding is from a natural stand point, it becomes totally inexplicable.

Orders have lately been issued, directing a survey to be made and a plan prepared for the defence of London. If the usual amount of red-tape is to be used in this instance as in former efforts, Paris will have fallen by bombardment or famine, the treaty of 1856 will have been declared abrogated so far as the demands of Russia may be regarded, Luxemburg, will pass into the hands of Prussia, and the stale Alabama claims be thoroughly and most satisfactorily settled, before even the survey required will have been made.

The condition of England to-day invites an attack, and although not entirely just, her weakness both in men and materials has rendered her protests and threats objects of ridicule and contempt. The position she assumed when Russia made her demands with reference to the treaty of 1856, was laughed at. Her weakness, it is true, was exaggerated, but there was still sufficient truth in the jeers that were hurled upon her, to have induced most nations, to have endeavored, at all events, to strengthen its military resources. Nothing has been done, however to increase her strength while, on the other hand, six English vessels lie rotting at the bottom of the Seine, sent there by the Prussian Government because "necessity" demanded it. The excuse offered is really no excuse at all, for if it is, then the vessels of a neutral nation may at any time be seized, burned, or sunk, through a fear that the necessity may arise at some future time for doing so.

We state this little event in order to show how utterly and thoroughly the power of England for harm, is despised and ridiculed. We do not think six United States vessels would have been sent to the bottom of the Seine, because Bismarck might happen to fear they would be used to land French troops. So long as they were not used for that purpose, they should have been secure from attack. And now England crawls forth into the sunlight with an order to survey and prepare plans for the defence of London. It is but the first step, and even if accomplished, paper defences do not amount to much. Fortifications must be built, and the forts must be armed. England has very few heavy guns. The *London Globe* asserts that the United Kingdom has but "180 field guns belonging to batteries which are neither fully horsed nor fully manned," and if the usual amount of field guns accompanying a force of men, was adhered to in England, her little army of 60,000 men would take any gun.

Nearly six months ago an additional force of 20,000 men was voted to be raised. Of this number not over 5,000 have been enlisted. Recruits from Ireland will be required to serve in England and Scotland, because Irishmen are not to be trusted in their own country, organized and equipped. The standard was lowered from five feet eight inches to five feet six inches, and yet the required number has fallen short in six months some 15,000 men.

Is it any wonder if, under these circumstances, the world looks on with astonishment, and even laughs when England raises her puny fist to threaten Prussia or Russia? It may be said that it is of no interest to the United States whether England be strong or weak, but we are not so very clear on this point. A terrible war is knocking almost at her doors. The effort to create a French Republic is a failure. Germany is united under a single Emperor. We are not at all certain that it is not to the interest of the United States that England should present a front that does not, at all events, invite an attack from its weakness. But whether this be true or untrue, it is certainly most wonderful that England looks on at the great struggle, angering Prussia and threatening Russia, and yet with nothing, in these days, but a corporal's guard to defend her homes and hearthstones.

POLITICAL NOTES.

CASSIUS M. CLAY, in a public speech has declared himself opposed to the re-nomination of President Grant.

JAS. A. WESTON of Manchester, has been nominated by the Democrats as candidate for Governor of New Hampshire.

THE South Carolina House of Representatives have adopted resolutions instructing their Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote against all propositions for general amnesty to the late rebels.

COL. R. T. W. DRAKE, of Virginia, who is one of the new Democratic members of Congress, says that by the adoption of the amended state constitution, Virginia has formally surrendered the doctrine of state rights.

THE discipline of West Point is rather expensive to the country. The question about the respective feet of Cadets Smith and Anderson, and their relative position upon drill, has already cost the Government from $5,000 to $6,000, and has occupied a court of eight officers for nearly a week.—*Phila. Post.*

THE Washington *Chronicle* says: The nation is threatened with a Democratic Senator from Missouri in the person of General Frank P. Blair, and all on account of an unfortunate division among the Republicans of that State. The lesson is a severe one, and ought never to be forgotten. "United we stand, divided we fall."

THE Rev. James Pike, who has been nominated by the Republicans for Governor of New Hampshire, is a Methodist preacher. He was elected a member of the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Congresses. When the war broke out he enlisted, and was appointed Colonel of the Sixteenth New Hampshire regiment, and was commended as a good officer

A PROTEST against the admission of Utah as a State, supported by many citizens of Salt Lake City, has been received in Washington. It sets forth that all the machinery of the territorial government, is in the hands of Brigham Young, and that, if the territory were admitted at once, he would for a long time control the character of the State government. They prefer to wait until all the intelligent people 'throw off the yoke of their priests,' which they are rapidly doing.

THE Nebraska Legislature, in joint convention, Tuesday afternoon, read the official election returns, which are as follows: Governor—Butler's majority 2,478; Secretary of State—W. H James, 4,520; State Treasurer—Henry Koening, 4,568; Member of Congress—John Taffe, 4,408. Majority for the Constitutional Convention, 2,110. The Governor and State officers were sworn in. Gov. Butler delivered his inaugural, which closes in strong condemnation of the present system of national protective tariff. He also opposes the system of special legislation.

THE Ohio *State Journal* says: "Lord Mansfield advised the English country justices: 'Make your decisions—but never attempt to assign a reason for them.' A similar rule would be a good thing for the government of the buccaneer press: Make your charges—but never attempt to give a reason for them. There is no better case in point than the one at present under consideration. So long as the hullaballoo can be kept up about the President showing his interest in the San Domingo business, some thoughtless persons may be led to believe that there is corruption at the bottom of it; but any attempt to give any reason why the President should not show his interest, must inevitably expose the foolishness of the whole matter."

Lost Literary Property.

A literary correspondent of the New Orleans *Sunday Times* solves the question concerning the origin of the two hitherto untraceable quotations, which have puzzled literary circles in the Crescent City as well as in the North, viz: "Consistency's a jewel," and "Tho' lost to sight, to memory dear." The first appeared originally in Murtagh's Collection of Ancient English and Scotch Ballads, 1754. In the ballad of "Jolly Robyn Roughhead," are the following lines, in which it appears:

Tush! tush! my lassie! such thoughts resigne,
Comparisons are cruell,
Fine pictures suit in frames as fine,
Consistency's a jewell.
For thee and me coarse clothes are best,
Rude folks in homelye raiment drest,
Wife Joan and goodman Robyn.

The second appeared in verses written in an old memorandum book, the author not recollected:

Sweetheart, good bye! the fluttering sail
Is spread to waft me far from thee,
And soon before the fav'ring gale,
My ship shall bound upon the sea.
Perchance, all desolate and forlorn,
These eyes shall miss thee many a year,
But unforgotten is every charm,
Though lost to sight, to memory dear.

GENERALITIES.

APPLETON, Wis., has a boot-heel factory.

A MASSACRE of Christians at Damascus is feared

THE Troy *Whig* asserts that the ice crop in that vicinity is "fully ripe."

ICE is being secured at New Bedford seven inches thick, and clear as crystal.

A KANSAS city colored man recently sold the body of his deceased wife for dissection.

THE lumber operations on the Kennebec River the present season will fall short of those of last year.

AN enterprising Boston house has published Bret Harte's famous "Heathen Chinee" poem set to music.

THE owners of the different churches in Calais, Maine, refuse to allow their bells to be rung in case of fire.

SIX barrels of apples, chickens, plum pudding, chocolate, &c., assisted in the Christmas observances at the State Prison, Charlestown, Mass.

A BALTIMORE policeman, named Charles J. Walsh, accidentally shot himself with a pistol, the ball of which lodged in his brain, causing his death.

A LITTLE dog carried by rail to Hartford from a town forty miles distant, lately got home sick, ran away and footed it back to his old home in eleven days.

WHAT is superlative happiness? The feeling indulged in by Democratic editors when they learn of a murder or outrage of any sort committed by a negro instead of by a Ku Klux.

THE Boston *Journal* says that "every failure of any importance thus far is owing to a special cause, and not to any depression of trade or general depreciation of values."

A PEASANT of Gorlitz, Prussia, has lost three sons and four sons in-law during the war, and has thus been forced into the position of protector of six widows and twenty-one children.

IT is a singular fact that the Tod House in Youngstown, is a Temperance Hotel. Topers who think there is any thing in a name, may go there, but all who don't had better stay away.

THE editor of the New Orleans *Picayune* has received the gift of a wasp nest, which is three and a half feet around lengthways, and two and three-quarters feet in circumference.

THE N. Y. Express doesn't see what's the use of laws, if non-explosive kerosene can be freely sold to depopulate thriving communites and bring funerals to peaceful households.

A BOSTON vessel advertised for the diamond region has been waiting for some time to procure a passenger list, without avail, and the voyage has been abandoned for want of patronage.

A GENTLEMAN purchased a quantity of supposed milk at a Boston restaurant a few days ago, and a few hours afterward found his purchase had "settled," the top being clear water and the bottom a poor quality of flour.

GOV. PADELFORD of Rhode Island, has issued a proclamation announcing the prevalence in neighboring States of a dangerous cattle disease, forbidding all movement of cattle and recommending carbolic acid as a disinfectant.

ON Monday morning, Deacon Henry Hopkins, a colored man, was stabbed fatally in Titusville by a colored lad only fourteen years of age, named Wm. Prim, whose dog, Deacon had threatened to kill for stealing a ham from him.

A FAMILY of children in Indiana, whenever a hunter invades their father's farm, skirmish the fields in front of him, and when he fires one of the children falls, pretending to be hit by a stray shot. Nimrod flees, and the juveniles pick up a mess of squirrels.

THERE is a Crispin strike in New York, one of the results of which is thus recorded by a New York paper: "Several New Jersey shoemakers, who came to this city for work, have gained practical experience in welting from the metropolitan Crispins."

THE mocking bird in Florida has a special fondness for the berry of the Pride-of-China tree, upon the juice of which he gets exceedingly tipsy. The spectacle of a flock of intoxicated mocking birds is said to be equivalent to half a dozen temperance lectures.

A CORRESPONDENT of the London *Telegraph* understands "that Remington, the great American rifle maker is about to establish a line of steamers from Southhampton, in order to deliver more quickly the supplies of the Government in the way of arms, ammunition, &c."

THE miracle of the age has been found in the person of Wm. H. North, who won't take the State Senatorship of the Tenth District of Wisconsin, because he only got the certificate of election on account of the misprinting of his opponent's name on some six hundred ballots.

A SONG and dance performer, named Wilson, about seventeen years of age, one of Noyes' circus company, was shot dead at Brashear City, Texas, last Saturday, by a negro named Ross, who mistook Wilson for another performer, who had caused Ross to be ejected for disorderly conduct.

THE last official act of Gov. Chamberlain, of Maine, was to issue a general order, severely reprimanding some members of a military company for some disorderly conduct while on a visit to Portland. He expressed his earnest disapproval of the use of intoxicating drinks by soldiers while wearing the uniform and bearing the arms of the State.

A FIEND in human shape was engaged in planking a sidewalk in a certain western city, where a woman in gorgeous apparel stopped near the scene of his labors to chat with a friend. Her train hung over the edge of the last plank he had put in position; he quietly slid another one alongside of it and securely spiked it down; The fiend went to dinner.

A ROBUST young girl, wounded on the plain of St. Denis, outside of Paris, was recently brought into the Hospital Dubois. Amputation was judged necessary. She had been in the habit of taking copies of the *Siecle* and the *France* regularly to the Prussian outposts, for which she got three red Napoleons down in ready coin, and was wounded while in this perilous business.

WHILE arranging the private papers of Napoleon in Paris, it is reported that the persons charged with that duty discovered an immense number of documents, essays, &c., upon the life and times of Cæsar, which had been furnished to the Emperor Napoleon, for his "Life of Cæsar," by eminent archæologists and scholars of France, England, and Italy, and from which the Emperor "wrote" his history.

DURING the services of a prayer meeting at Falls River, a man came to summon an M. D. who was present, to attend a little boy who appeared to be suddenly attacked, after a short nap, with symptoms of paralysis, to the great consternation of his parents, as one hand was placed against his head, and he said he could not remove it. The doctor hastened to his relief, and upon examination it was found firmly fastened with chewing gum.

AN incident of this sort must be truly interesting to the passengers who want to get through. In one of the coaches on the Milwaukee and St. Paul road was a sweet little prattling child in its mother's arms. To please the little one her mother let it take her portmonnaie. After the child had exhausted its curiosity on the purse, it threw it out of the coach. The matter was communicated to the conductor, and he backed the train a third of a mile and the purse was found.

IN a recent action against the corporation of Canterbury, England, to recover damages for injuries received by the plaintiff, he having been thrown from his carriage in the night time, by coming in contact with a pile of stones left in the highway, the somewhat singular defence was set up that "the accident would not have occurred in the day-time, and that, as darkness was the act of God, so was the accident." The Lord Chief Justice is said to have ruled against this point with much warmth.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue has re affirmed a decision made some time ago that wines and champagne which are manufactured from other kinds of wine by charging with carbonic acid gas, being imitations, are to pay a tax of fifty cents per quart. This is considered by the dealers in California and other native wines a cause for rejection, as it will put a stop to the sale of doctored wines which are sold as the genuine, and in this way damage the reputation of brands of really good champagne.

GENERAL DIX, Cyrus W. Field, Wm. E. Dodge, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Parke Godwin, Horace Greeley, William Cullen Bryant, Rev. Dr. Bellows, Judge Everett, Peter Cooper, Marshall O. Roberts and Francis Lieber, were among the gentlemen who took prominent parts in the grand meeting, in honor of Italian Unity in New York, on Thursday evening. Sympathizing letters were read from Senator Sumner, Charles Francis Adams, John G. Whittier, Gov. Geary, Vice President Colfax, Secretary Fish and others. It is thought that six or seven thousand people were present, as the Academy of Music which holds four thousand, was crammed full and the streets outside were blocked up with an orderly and enthusiastic throng.

ADDISON'S fine essay on friendship, contains the following spirited rendering, of a passage from the old poet Martial; which shows by the way that the countryman's remark—"There's a good deal of human nature in man:"—was as true thousands of years ago, as it is now.

"In all thy humors, whether grave or mellow,
Thou'rt such a testy, touchy, pleasant fellow,
Hast so much wit and mirth and spleen about thee,
There is no living with thee, nor without thee.

PARALYSIS.

State of Michigan, county of Isabella, ss:
Personally appeared before me, a Notary Public, in and for said State, Johnathan Ritter, of Salt River, Isabella county, Mich., who being by me duly sworn on oath, says that he had for twenty-seven months been so severely afflicted with rheumatism that he was unable to labor, and for the last eleven months previous to visiting the Magnetic Well could not dress or undress himself, or even step without the aid of crutches. From his stomach down to his feet was completely paralyzed, having no feeling whatever in his feet or legs. That after bathing in and using the waters from the Magnetic Well at St. Louis, Mich., for one week, was able to walk without crutches, and was free from rheumatic pain, that he is feeling well and regularly attending to his business; that his age is 39 years. JONATHAN RITTER.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of March, A. D. 1870.
Sold at JAMES E BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE, Corner Penn and Sixth street.

Cure of Consumption.

The cure of a disease of a consumptive kind necessarily prompts a doubt in the mind, as most people have been taught to believe it of an incurable nature, and as long as this is believed to be the case people will be loth to do anything for its relief, rather trusting to the merciful doings of nature than to bad doctoring. Dr. Keyser reports two well marked cases of pulmonary disease, one on Liberty street, and the other in Manchester; both these persons, if applied to, will substantiate the facts in a way so forcibly as to put all doubt out of the question; yet with all this, people daily yield up their lives to the fell destroyer, accounting themselves vanquished at the first approach of the disease. What we say to persons of a consumptive habit, or with the disease fastened on their system, is that it costs but a trifle to try a bottle of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, which will convince more than columns of advertising. The Doctor makes the medicine, and if you wish, can examine your lungs from top to bottom, and accurately point out their unhealthy places. He may be seen from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M., at his new office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. If your druggist does not keep it send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it

UNANSWERABLE ARGUMENTS.

Established facts are silent arguments which neither pen nor tongue can shake, and it is upon established facts that the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as a health-preserving elixir, and a wholesome and powerful remedy, is based. When witnesses come forward in crowds, year after year, and reiterate the same statements in relation to the beneficial effects of a medicine *upon themselves*, disbelief in its efficacy is *literally impossible*. The credentials of this unequalled tonic and alterative, extending over a period of nearly twenty years, include individuals of every class, and residents of every clime, and refer to the most prevalent among the complaints which afflict and harass the human family. Either a multitude of people, strangers to each other, have annually been seized with an insane and motiveless desire to deceive the public, or Hostetter's Bitters, for no less than a fifth of a century, have been affording such relief to sufferers from indigestion, fever and ague, biliousness, general debility, and nervous disorders, as no other preparation has ever imparted. To-day, *while the eyes of the reader are upon these lines*, tens of thousands of persons of both sexes are relying upon the Bitters as a sure defence against the ailments which the present season engenders, and their confidence is not misplaced. The local potions which interested dealers sometimes endeavor to foist upon the sick in its stead, are everywhere meeting the fate that is due to fraud and imposture, while the demand for the great vegetable specific is constantly increasing.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRATES. GRATES.
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector
STOVE AND GRATE.
Which Stand Without a Rival.

The WELLMAN STOVE is furnished with the "REFLECTOR GRATE," and possesses all the advantages of an open fire place; it is specially adapted to houses where the flues are too small to admit a grate, and affords all the comforts of a CHEERFUL OPEN FIRE.
1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity of any other grate.
2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—no soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.
3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.
4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of at least 25 per cent.
5th. It is highly ornamental.
6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.
7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.
Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 3d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.
Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

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AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

At 12 1-2 Cents,
Bookfold Bar'd Flannels.
At 12½c., a good article Canton Flannel.
At 12½c., Heavy Domestic Gingham.
At 10c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin—extra good.

At 6 1-4 Cents,
FAST COLORED
Dark Calicoes,
AN EXTRA GOOD BARGAIN.
At 8c., Fast Colored Calicoes.
At 6½c., Straw Ticking.
At 18c., Yard Wide Feather Ticking.
At 25c., Yard wide Feather Ticking—extra good bargain.

At 12 1-2 Cents,
HUCKABACK TOWELING.
ALL LINEN.
At 8½c., Linen Towels, Turkey Red Border.
At 18½c., Fine Damask Towels, Turkey Red Border.
At 37½c., Gored Jean Skirts—a great bargain.
At 87½c., Boulevard Skirts, Embossed borders.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

COST PRICES
FOR
Fine Dry Goods.
Shawls,
Suits,
Silks,
Dress Goods,
BELL & MOORHOUSE,
Are offering the balance of their stock at and under
COST PRICES.

NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN.
Safe! Profitable! Permanent!
JAY COOKE & CO. offer for sale at Par and Accrued Interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. [illegible]
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GEN'L AGT'S, No. 61 Fourth Ave.

ANDES
Insurance Co.,
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Cash Capital, $1,000,000.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT,
December 31, 1870.
ASSETS.
Cash on hand and in City Banks $136,931 53
United States Bonds [illegible] 194,974 38
[illegible] 104,361 90
First Mortgage Bonds [illegible]
Decoster Fire and Marine Premiums [illegible]
Bills receivable [illegible]
Call Loans on Railroad Bonds [illegible]
Balance due from Agents [illegible]
Supplies, Office Furniture and Fixtures [illegible]
Total Assets [illegible]
LIABILITIES.
Losses in process of adjustment, (some since paid) [illegible]
Net Assets [illegible]
S. S. D. THOMPSON, Agent,
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Silver Plated Ware,
TABLE CUTLERY.
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1871—REDUCED PRICES—
[illegible]

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LACE LEATHER.
PAGE'S PATENT, IN SIDES.
Also, BABCOCK'S PATENT METAL TIPPED
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NEW SHAWLS.
New Striped Woolen Shawls,
New Open Centre Shawls,
New Black Thibet Shawls,
Plaid and Zephyr Knit Shoulder Shawls.
New Skirts.
Seamless Felt Skirts, Velvet and Satin Trimmed.
Gored Felt Skirts, Printed Border.
Waterproof Trimmed Skirts, very cheap.
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts.
Blankets and Quilts
Country and Eastern Blankets.
A new lot of Marseilles Quilts.
Rob Roy and Country Flannels.
Cassimeres, Jeans, Waterproofs.
RIBBONS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, &c.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Jet Jewelry and Necklaces.
Furs, Broche and Silk Scarfs.
Underwear, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

HORNE & CO.,
Grand Clearance Sale,
Will be continued for a few days longer, as their new rooms, Library Building, is not quite ready for occupancy.
In the meantime, customers should call and secure some of the greatest bargains we have as yet offered in
White Goods,
Embroideries,
Underwear,
Gents' White and Percale Shirts,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Boulevarde Skirts,
Woolen Goods,
Scarfs, Hoods,
Mitts and Sacks,
Hats, Bonnets, and
Millinery Goods,
Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
Fancy Goods and Small Wares.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO,
No. 115 Wood Street.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Freehold Bank
AND
BUILDING ASSOCIATION
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
DECEMBER 31, 1870.
LIABILITIES.
Capital Stock [illegible]
Due Depositors [illegible]
Due Dividends [illegible]
Due Discounts [illegible]
ASSETS.
Mortgages, first liens [illegible]
Real Estate [illegible]
Office Furniture [illegible]
Cash on hand and in Banks [illegible]
FREEHOLD BANK AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION, PITTSBURGH, January 3, 1871. [illegible] statement of December 31, 1870, to be correct.
CHARLES E. SPEER,
C. L. MAGEE,
JOHN PAUL,
Auditing Committee.

SKATES! SKATES!
I have one of the finest assortment of SKATES in this market, consisting of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Boys'
Rink, New York Club, and Wood Top Skates.
I have the BARNEY & BERRY RINK and CLUB SKATES, silver and nickel plated, and they are really a beautiful finish. [illegible] The above Skates will be sold at the very lowest prices. [illegible]
JAMES BOWN'S,
136 WOOD STREET.

W. P. HUNKER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
CONFECTIONERS,
And dealers in FOREIGN FRUITS, CANDY and SUGAR TOYS, NUTS, CIGARS, &c.
Prize Packages.
Nos. 222 and 224 LIBERTY STREET,
Corner Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOUQUETS,
BASKETS OF FLOWERS,
CANARY BIRDS,
BIRD CAGES,
[illegible]
J. R. & A. MURDOCH,
Florists. 112 Smithfield street.

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
FINANCIAL.
NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN
OF THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD CO.
SECURED BY
First Mortgage on Railroad and Land Grant.
SAFE! PROFITABLE! PERMANENT!
JAY COOKE & CO.
Offer for sale at par and accrued interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They are free from United States Tax, and are issued of the following denominations: Coupons $100, $500 and $1,000; Registered $100, $500, $1,000 $5,000 and $10,000.
With the same entire confidence with which we commended Government bonds to Capitalists and People, we now, after the fullest investigation, recommend these Northern Pacific Railroad bonds to our friends and the general public.
GOLD PAYMENT.—Both principal and interest are payable in American gold coin, at the office of Jay Cooke & Co., New York City—the principal at the end of 30 years, and the interest (at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum) half-yearly, first of January and July.
PERFECT SAFETY.—The bonds we are now selling are secured by a first and only mortgage on all the property and rights of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which will embrace on the completion of the work:
1. Over Two Thousand Miles of Road, with rolling stock, buildings, and all other equipments.
2. Over Twenty-two Thousand Acres of Land to every mile of finished road. [illegible]
JAY T. BRADY & CO., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street.
MASONIC SAVINGS BANK, 131 Smithfield street.
WESTERN SAVINGS BANK, 59 Fourth avenue.
S. McCLEAN & CO., Bankers, 61 Fourth avenue.
GENERAL AGENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR
TRANSPORTATION
ON THE
MISSOURI RIVER.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 o'clock, M., on WEDNESDAY, February 1, 1871, for the transportation of government troops, military and government supplies on the Missouri river, between Sioux City, Iowa, and Fort Benton, M. T., and all intermediate points, upward and downward, during the season from March 20th to October 31st, 1871, inclusive.
Details and requirements furnished on application to the officers of the Quartermaster's Department at St. Louis, Mo., Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Omaha, Neb., Sioux City, Iowa, and Fort Benton, M. T., and a copy of the latter with this advertisement to be attached to each proposal offered.
D. H. RUCKER,
Assistant Quartermaster General U. S. A., Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Missouri.
Headquarters Mil. Div. of the Missouri, OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, CHICAGO, Ill., January 1, 1871.

PROPOSALS
FOR
Public Printing and Binding.
Notice is hereby given that Sealed Proposals for the Public Printing and Binding for the State of Pennsylvania, for the term of Three Years from the first day of July, 1871, will be received by the Speakers of the Senate and House of Representatives, from this date to the FOURTH TUESDAY OF JANUARY, 1871, in compliance with the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to relation to Public Printing," approved Ninth April, 1856, [illegible] the work as required by the Act of the 25th February, 1862, entitled "A Further Supplement to An Act in relation to Public Printing" approved the Ninth day of April, 1856."
F. JORDAN.
SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.
HARRISBURG, Jan. 2nd, 1871.

DR. WHITTIER
[illegible]

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
JUST OPENED!
Ottomans, Hassocks,
Rugs, Mats,
Table and Piano Covers,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
FULL LINES OF
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Druggets, Mattings, &c.,
AT LOWEST RATES.
Oliver McClintock
& Company,
23 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT,
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares
Cannot be excelled by any in the market
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

OUR NEW
WINTER STOCK
OF
CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
WALNUT AND BRASS CORNICES,
&c., &c., &c.
Is now open and our customers and the public are invited to call and compare our goods and prices with the stock of any Carpet House in Pittsburgh or the eastern cities.
M'Farland & Collins
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
Next to U. S. Custom House, second floor.

NEW CARPETS.
The very latest Fall Styles.
Woven Druggets,
Bordered Squares, &c
M'CALLUM BROS
51 Fifth Avenue
(Above Wood Street.)

Carpet Chain and Batting.
A full supply of CARPET CHAIN AND BATTING at Manufacturers' Prices, will always be found at
JOHN WILSON & SONS
No. 297 Liberty Street.
☞Warps furnished on short notice.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST.
Mc FADDEN'S.
GENTS' WATCHES. LADIES' WATCHES.
ALLEGHENY. 96
Thos. M'Fadden, Jr.

BAILEY & CO.,
12th and Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA
BRIDAL SILVER,
French Bronzes,
FINE WATCHES,
Mantel Sets.
A very large stock in all the above lines. Goods sent by express free of charge.

ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FINE WATCHES and CHAINS, for Ladies and Gents, at
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 FIFTH AVENUE.
Fine Howard and American Watches of all kinds in Gold and Silver Cases. The best Timekeepers in the World. [illegible] All our Gold Cases made to order and warranted to assay as fine as represented.

COAL AND COKE.
Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
[illegible]

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Castle Building.

COAL! COAL! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
[illegible]
No. 567 Liberty Street.
[illegible]

LIVERY & SALE STABLES
Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables,
COR. THE AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SODA ASH.
[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au2:d3

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 14, 1871.

Gold has been quite dull and steady all day, fluctuating only between 110⅝ and 110¾. Loans were made at from 5 to 7 per cent. Clearances, $[illegible]. Exports of specie for the week, $485,000.

Governments opened very strong this morning. They first fell off about ⅛ per cent., and remained steady up to the close. The transactions have been only to a limited extent.

Stocks opened a little off from last night's prices, and remained firm all day. Slight changes in prices have taken place in Western Union, Pacific Mail, Rock Island, and St. Paul, the market closing steady, but not very active.

The Bank statement is favorable: Specie, increase $[illegible]; legal tenders, increase $1,544,[illegible]; deposits, increase $11,[illegible]; circulation, decrease $[illegible]; loans, increase $3,[illegible].

Money market at the close steady at 6@7 per cent. Rumors of an intended lock-up of legal tenders next week are producing an uneasy feeling.

State bonds dull and steady in price. New bonds of South Carolina strong and rather active.

Sterling exchange 109⅛.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons, 1881, 110⅝; 5-20s, '62, 109⅛; '64, 108⅝; do new, 107⅝; '67, 108; '68, [illegible]; 10-40s 107⅛; currency 6s, 110⅛.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri 89; Tennessee, old, 63½; do new, 63½; Virginia, new, 60; do old, 64; North Carolina, old, 45; new, 22.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph 46⅝; Quicksilver, 3¾; Mariposa, 5; do preferred, [illegible]; Adams Express, 65⅜; Wells and Fargo, 34; [illegible], 43½; U. S., [illegible]; Pacific Mail, 41⅝; N. Y. C., 92; Scrip, 88⅝; Erie, 21⅞; do preferred, 45; Harlem, 133½; do preferred, [illegible]; Reading, 98; Michigan Central, 117; C. & P., 105; Northwestern, 71½; do preferred, 88⅛; Rock Island 105⅝; N. J. C., 105¾; St. Paul, 51⅝; do preferred, 73⅝; Wabash 51; do preferred, 70; Fort Wayne, 93; Terre Haute, 30½; do preferred, 58½; Chicago & Alton, 116; do pref'd, 115; C. C. & C., 80; Ohio & M., 30⅝; Baltimore & Ohio, 151; Lake Shore, 89⅝ ex div; Illinois Central, 138.

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	110⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	7⅝
U. S. 6s, 1881	10⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	8⅝
U. S. 5-20 1862	9⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	8⅝
U. S. 5-20 1864	8⅝	C. P. R. R.	72⅞
U. S. 5-20 1865	8⅝	U. P. R. R.	80⅝
U. S. 10-40	7⅝	Cy. Pacifics	[illegible]

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY, January 14, 1871.

Business generally has been rather low during the week which has just closed, though hopes are entertained now, as navigation has again been resumed, that there will be an early improvement. The demand for most of the leading commodities is entirely local as there is no inquiry for export of any consequence and there is an almost entire absence of anything like speculation. In regard to values there are no changes worthy of special notice.

APPLES—Demand fair and prices fully maintained, $3,50@4 per bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull; quoted at 60@70 cts per gallon.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4 cts: Refined do 4½; Pearl Ash, 9½; Potash, 7½.

BUTTER—Continues dull and there is no falling off in the receipts; common to medium, 20@25; prime to choice, 28@30 cts.

BEANS—$1,50@2 per bushel.

BEESWAX—Small sales at 30@31c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—3½@3¾ cts.

BROOM CORN—Sales at 5@8½ cts.

CIDER—Dull; $8@9 per bbl.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $2@[illegible], and Calcined Plaster at $4½ per bbl.

COAL—Sales of Anthracite at $9@9½ per ton by the car load, delivered.

CARBON OIL—Is firmer and higher; Standard brands, 25@27½ in a jobbing way.

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged. 14@16 cts, the outside figure for Goshen.

CRANBERRIES—$10@15 per bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—Very dull and packers are unwilling to pay over 6¾@7 cts; sales in a jobbing way at 7½@8.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales Peaches at 8¾@9 for quarters, 9½@10 cts mixed; and 11@12 for halves. Apples, 6@8 cts—sliced, 8¾@9 cts. Blackberries, 12@14 cts. German Cherries, 15 cts.

EGGS—Continue dull and the supply of pickeled is large; fresh cannot fairly be quoted above 30 cts. while pickeled range all the way from 23@27.

FEATHERS—Sales to the trade of 1,700 lbs prime live geese feathers at 80cts—small sales at 80@85c.

FLOUR—Is steady with a continued fair local demand but there is no change in prices. We continue to quote spring wheat at $6,00@6,50; red winter wheat $6,25@6,75; and white at $7,00@7,25. Rye flour, $5,50.

GRAIN—The arrivals of wheat continue very meagre and with a good milling demand prices are well maintained, $1,20@1,25 for fair to good red, $1,30 for prime, and $1,35@1,40 for white—sale 2 cars prime red at $1,28. Oats in rather better supply and while the market is easier, there is no change in prices, 46@47 buying, and 49@50 selling—small lots in store, 52@53c. Ear corn is scarce but as the river is again in navigable condition, the arrivals from below within the next few days will probably be large; as yet there has been no decline, but holders generally are anxious to close out, being apprehensive of a break; we are reported sales 2 cars mixed at 65, and 1 car shelled at 68, and another, strictly prime yellow at 70c. Rye is quiet and unchanged at 90@95, buying and selling—none offering and not much inquiry for it. The decline in Barley in Chicago has brought the brewers to their dignity again, and they are not so anxious to buy as they were a few days since, though it is still relatively higher in the west than it is here. Prices remain unchanged, 80@85c for good to prime spring, and 90@95c for fall.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade is fairly active, as there is a continued good city and country demand, but in regard to prices, there are no changes whatever.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 20; Prime, 19; Good, 18; Fair, 17; Roasting, 16@16½.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—Pure White Honey, 82; Stevens & Ehlers, 80; Silver Drips, 70; Lovering's, 65; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 12½; prime, 12; good, 11; fully fair, 10½; Porto Rico Sugars 10@11½; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11½@12½.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14½; A Coffee, 14¼; "B," 14⅛; Extra C, 14; C. yellow, 13½@13¾.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 25; Good, $1 10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 75cts. G. P. Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 90cts; fair, 60@70c; Souchong fancy, $1 20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c; Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 8¾c; prime, 8c; good, 7¾c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 21c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 35c. Cassia, 45c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 11½@12 cents. Prunes, 11½c. Valencia Raisins, 16c. Layer Raisins, $3 per box.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $[illegible] per ton, according to quality.

HONEY—Sales at 20@25 cts.

HOMINY—Common, $5 00@5 50 per bbl; Pearl, $6 25.

HEMP—Sales at 3@3½ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10½@11½; green butchers (cow and steer) 7@8; Green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18. Dry Flint nominal at 20@22.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2,25 per bbl and eastern at $1,75.

MILL FEED—Is dull particularly middlings, but there is no change in prices, and the receipts have fallen off considerably.

ONIONS—Scarce and sell readily at $4@4,50 per bbl.

OILS—No 1 lard, $1,07@1,08; No 2, 70; Pure Labrador cod oil 70@75; straits, 65; bank, 60c.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 10½ cents; Sugar Cured, 11½; Ribbed Sides, 13; Clear Sides, 14; Breakfast Bacon, 14; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 16@17. Lard, 13@13½ in tcs, and 14@15 in buckets.

POULTRY—Is coming in pretty freely, and mostly in bad condition in consequence of the soft weather. The market is very dull and prices nominal at 12@15c for dressed chickens, 14@16 for turkeys, and 12@14 for geese.

POTATOES—Are coming in more freely, and while the market is better supplied prices are still maintained, $1,[illegible] per bushel for good to prime Peach Blows.

PEANUTS—Sales of new crop at 6@[illegible].

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4½.

SALT—Is quoted at $2,[illegible] by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is more active but without quotable change; we can report 50 bags out of 20 bags at $6,75, and small lots at $7. Sales of Timothy Seed at $[illegible]. Flaxseed, none offering; may be quoted at $1,[illegible].

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 6¼ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 8½@9c.

TURNIPS—Very dull and in good supply may be quoted at 40@50 per bushel.

WILLOWS—Sales 4,000 Kentucky willows at 10 cts, an advance of ½ cent.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY, January 14, 1871.

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

The week which has just closed has been characterized by nothing specially new or important, excepting a stiff market, particularly for crude, and a still further advance in prices. The advance, however, is mainly speculative, and is said to have orginated under the influence of a bull movement now in progress on the creek, and the consequence is there has not been much done here, as manufacturers, in the present condition of the market, are unwilling to either buy crude or sell refined. It was hoped by refiners in November and December, that after the close of the year Crude would settle down at a price that would enable them to stock up for the spring and summer's business, but these hopes have not been realized; instead of settling down at 8 or 9 cts, as was generally expected, prices are now considerably higher than they were then. It is true, the production has fallen off considerably, some 3,000 to 4,000 bbls per day, but this was not unexpected; it always falls off in the winter months, and there is no reason why this winter should be an exception. At least three-fourths of our refineries are now idle, this is evident from the very light shipments, and the sales of refined and purchases of crude, thus far this year, for future delivery, have been unusually light, and so long as the latter continues so much higher relatively than the former, business will continue dull; it cannot be otherwise, unless a strong speculative movement should spring up, of which there is not much prospect at present.

Receipts crude this week, 11,664 bbls; last week, 7,804; January 1, to date, 19,468; same time last year, 34,668. Exports refined this week, 3,716; last week, 3,506; January 1st to date, 7,222; same time last year, 7,852. Sales this week, 24,500 bbls crude, 2,000 refined; last week, 29,000 bbls crude, 10,000 refined.

CRUDE.

To-day the market was unusually quiet, with no change to make in quotations. Spot, or seller January, 10⅝; seller first half of the year, 10⅞@10¾; buyer same time, 11⅞@12.

REFINED.

Is reported firm and higher, though there were no sales. January, 23¾; February, 23⅞@23¾; March, 24¼; April, 24½; May, 25; June, 25½; buyer until July, 26.

OIL BARRELS.

Dull, but unchanged. City make, on spot, still quoted at $1 70.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Riverside Oil Works 74, account W McCutcheon; same 450, account Waring, K & Co; Forsyth's Oil Works 742, account Duncan & Young; Peerless Oil Works 148, account same; Sunbeam Oil Works 462, account W Stewart; Citizens O W 74, account Duncan & Young; Brilliant O W 74, account Lockhart, F & Co.
Total .... 2,024 bbls.

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL PER A. V. R. R.

H. Koehler & Co., 200 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.
Livingston & Bro. 240 bbls refined to Tate, Miller & Co., Baltimore.
Total .... 440 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER WEST PENN.

Elkins, B. & Co. 55 bbls refined oil to Crew, Moore & Co., Philadelphia.
Geo. Ogden 50 bbls refined oil to J. Herwig & Co., Mechanicsburg.
Total .... 105 bbls.

[By P. and A. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, January 14—12 M.—Crude 11⅝@12c; refined, sales of 500 bbls. each for January and February at 23⅝c; January 23⅝c bid; February 23⅝@23¾c; January and February 23¾c; March 24¼c; May 25c.

PHILADELPHIA, January 14, 12:30 P. M.—The market for crude held strong at 14c. Refined 24¼c to 24½c. No sales reported.

PHILADELPHIA, January 14—5 P. M.—Crude 12c; refined 23¾c; February 23⅞@23¾c; March 24⅛@24¼c; April 24¾c; May 25c.

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

EAST LIBERTY STOCK YARDS,
SATURDAY, Jan. 14, 1871.

FREIGHTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]	$81 00
New York	100 00	110 00	90 00
Baltimore	90 00	90 00	81 00

RECEIPTS OF STOCK.

The receipts of stock at the Central Yards for the week ending to-day, were as follows:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	182 cars.	176 cars.
Hogs	125 "	147 "
Sheep	55 "	86 "
Horses	6 "	12 "
Mules	13 "	12 "
Total	381 "	433 "

CATTLE.

The receipts of Cattle were again liberal this week, footing up 182 cars against 176 cars last week, and with a diminished demand the market was an exceedingly hard one, and prices have still further declined. An unusually large proportion of the stock on sale this week was shipped on east, in first hands, holders being unwilling to sell at the prices, and besides there were not buyers enough to take all the stock even if these holders had been unwilling to make concessions. However, all things considered, there was a fair number sold, though, as will be noted, prices ruled low, 6⅝ being the highest figure reported. There were some few lots of cattle that would have brought 7 cts, perhaps a fraction more, but they were held at 7½@8 cents.

THURSDAY, JAN. 12.	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hazlewood & R. sold for:			
Ringwalt to Kelly	12	12,010	5 00
"	1	1,250	4 00
Host to Wallack	2	2,480	4 50
Magruder to Wallack	2	1,930	4 00
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
French to Kelly	10	12,750	P T
Compton to E. Yohn	17	18,880	6 00
Anderson to Seltzer	18	20,170	6 45
"	24	[illegible]	6 45
Oden to Klemens & Aull	14	16,650	6 00
Clark to "	16	19,720	6 25
Reaser to P. Schusler	9	10,960	6 62
" Seltzer	1	1,320	4 00
" Wallack	3	3,730	4 00
Wright to Wallack	4	4,780	4 00
McCulloch to Kelly	45	43,480	5 80
"	1	1,560	5 00
Wright to Mains	10	8,800	P T
Cockins & C to K & Wall'ck	2	4,100	7 50
" Fritz	13	14,350	5 75
"	1	1,210	4 25
Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold for:			
Brown to [illegible]	18	20,830	6 00
Leedom to Mains	19	17,240	4 56
Middaugh to Bordner	18	19,350	5 40
Culbertson to Maines	20	18,800	5 40
Todd & S to Maines	21	[illegible]	4 40
Lafferty to Nitche	19	20,890	5 75
" Harris	1	1,000	5 00
" Bordner	1	1,060	5 75
" Reichardt	2	2,700	5 75
Harper to Kelly	57	55,640	5 25
Kunkle to Kelley	30	27,980	4 37
Orr & Williams sold for:			
Bechtel to E. John	1	1,270	
" M'Cauley	3	3,050	5 40
" R. Mains	4	4,060	3 60
Negley to "	3	2,570	3 75
" to Kelly	16	16,700	3 00
Ballantine to K. & Aull	29	35,150	6 35
Smith & Watson sold for:			
Allen to Kelly	18	19,250	5 50
" Downey	16	13,700	P T
Keller & Ullery sold for:			
Lyons to Lowry	2	1,820	4 50
Lyons to Fritz	13	12,580	5 25
"	3	2,920	4 25
Moore to "	1	1,180	4 50
MISCELLANEOUS SALES.			
Shamberg to Nitche	18	20,070	6 00
Hostler to Mains	3	4,310	
" Neff	16	19,820	6 00
" Seltzer	2	1,910	5 50
" Maynes	8	7,300	4 87
Campbell to Fritz	2	2,450	6 00
" Kelly	19	22,220	5 50
" Mains	9	14,660	4 00
FRIDAY, JAN. 13.			
Orr & Williams sold for:			
Bechtel to K. & Wallack	16	19,080	5 87
Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold for:			
Busick to Kelly	20	19,280	4 56
Kunkle to Kelly	1	1,370	3 75
Glass to Fritz	1	990	5 00
Brindley to Mains	2	1,720	4 50
"	1	980	4 00
Phillips to Lamb	1	1,720	
Kountz to Buck	20	19,910	4 55
Smith & Watson sold for:			
Mowry to E. Yohn	20	17,580	4 40
Randall to Mains	20	22,120	5 80
MISCELLANEOUS SALES.			
H. Klopper to R. Mains	18	20,700	5 90
M'Cauly to Cochran	6	5,220	P T
Hawk to M'Cauly	9	9,670	P T
SATURDAY, JAN. 14.			
Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold for:			
Busick to Kelly	19	18,420	4 65
Thompson to McGeorge	23	17,900	4 25
Smith & Watson sold for:			
M'Cauley to Hickman	5	4,100	4 40
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Wolf to Huff	3	2,830	5 00

SHEEP.

The receipts were light this week, 55 cars against 86 last week. In the early part of this week the market was dull and heavy with a drooping tendency, but on Wednesday and Thursday, it having been discovered that the run was a light one, a stronger feeling sprang up and an advance was established. Several bunches of prime to extra, brought 5¾@6¾, and one small bunch averaging 139 lbs, sold at 6¾. The bulk of the sales however were within the range 3@4¾ cts, the great proportion of the offerings being of the common and medium grades. To-day the market was dull as there were but very few buyers, though usually there is very little business on Saturdays.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Fort to Alcorn	163	13,400	4 05
Reeves to Alcorn	167	14,320	4 05
Wolfe to Dunn	74	5,600	5 60
Urick & K to Taylor	224	20,470	6 55
Ryser to Pearce	102	[illegible]	4 75
Clarke to Ramsey & P.	56	4,120	3 00
Stoutmyer to Ramsey & P	183	17,600	5 75
Moore to Davis	165	14,100	4 10
Calvin to Davis	180	15,570	4 50
Stoutmyer to Ramsey & P	382	28,290	3 65
"	183	12,880	3 65
Smith & Watson sold for:			
Norris to Dunn	41	5,700	6 75
Herwig to Alcorn	144	[illegible]	4 00
Snyder to Davis	87	7,460	3 80
Simpson to Alcorn	37	2,930	4 50
Mowery to Hawl	183	14,530	4 20

HOGS.

The receipts of hogs were also comparatively light this week, 125 cars against 147 last week, and with an average shipping demand and some inquiry from packers, the market has ruled steady all week; yesterday and today, in consequence of decreased offerings, the feeling was rather stronger and a slight advance was established, and this afternoon there are but very few in the pens unsold. Quotations may be fairly given at 6¾@7 cts; Yorkers sold at 6.25@6.40, and Philadelphia hogs at 6.70@7.00.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Stoutamyer to P & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brenninger to Voetter & [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cochins to Olmus & Buck	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCracken to O & Z	[illegible]	3,470	[illegible]
Magers to Voetter & B	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wolfe to Dunn	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Powers to Newport	[illegible]	8,770	[illegible]
Smith & Watson sold for:			
Norris to Roth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Unger to Newport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Snyder to Imhoff & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coon to Imhoff & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Browning to Imhoff & Co	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dodd to Hodges	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Emery to H M [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] to Imhoff & Co	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Allen	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stewart to Imhoff & Co	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coon to Newport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mowery to Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Norris to Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Snyder to Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Browning to Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dodd to Roth	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orr & Williams sold for:			
[illegible] to Myers & Co	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Imhoff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] to Rosenthaler	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] to Newport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Valentine to Imhoff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] to Rosenthaler	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wray & D to Imhoff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wright to Smith	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Markets by Telegraph.

New York.

NEW YORK, January 14.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 15⅛c. Flour steady; State $5,50@5,85; common to choice extra $6,20@6,75; white western $6,75@7; common to extra Ohio and St. Louis $6,30@8,25. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal dull and quiet. Whiskey firm at 92½@93c. Wheat dull but unchanged; No 1 Chicago $1,46½ in store; red amber unchanged; white Michigan $1,60. Rye dull but unchanged. Barley steady. Corn firm; No 1 mixed 80c; yellow 80@82c. Hogs firm at $1,25; for shipping; $1,25@1,40 retail. Hops dull. Wool firm; domestic 45@51c; pulled 30@42c. Coffee firm; Rio 13¾@16¾c. Rice firm at 6¾@7c. Petroleum—crude 14c; refined 24⅛@25c. Sugar dull; Cuba 9⅞@10c. Pork—mess quiet at $19,50; new $21@21,12½; prime mess $20; prime $17,50@18; January and February $21. Beef steady, with mess at $10@14; extra $15@17. Beef Hams $20@31,50; prime mess $27@28; India mess $28@32. Cut Meats more active; hams 11@13c; shoulders 8@8¾c. Middles firm. Lard firm; prime steam 11⅝@12⅛c; kettle dried 12⅝@13c; January and April 12⅛@12¾c. Butter 12@25c for Ohio and 20@40c for State. Cheese 12@16c.

METAL.—Sheating copper $30,00; Ingot Lake $22,37@22,38; Scotch Pig $31,50@32,00; U. S. Pig $28,00@30,00; Bar $75,00; Russia Sheet $10,50@$11,00. Cold cut nails 4⅛@4¼c; clinch 5⅛@6c; horse shoe 23@28c.

LATEST.—Flour firm at $6,25@6,40 for shipping. Wheat dull and nominal. Rye $1,00@1,03. Oats unchanged. Corn quiet. Pork, bacon, beef and lard unchanged. Eggs dull; fresh 31@32c; limed 20@23c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The dry goods business generally is still inert, and although commission merchants and mill agents feel disposed to advance prices on many styles of goods which are not held in large stock for this season, the frost thaw exerts its influence and reminds them of the impudence of such a course until the actual demand and supply regulate their values. Prints generally have all the fall been sold at unprofitable rates, and all brands are from 1-6c to ¼c firmer for fresh styles of printing cloths, still in light stock, and command extreme figures, 7, 7¼@7½c for good and extra heavy brown sheetings, and drills are still little depressed but shows rather more firmness at 12¾c for standard Massachusetts sheetings; 11c for BB; 9¾c for J; 8 for CJ; 7¾c for P. Bleached muslins and muslins—Good choice brands are sold up close to, if not ahead of the production, and it is a mooted question whether an advance of 2½c will not be established before a month, if not sooner. Langdon & Barr are selling at 17¾c; Hall's semper idem at 14c; Pepperhill's 6x4 sheetings at 22½@30½c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, January 14.—Cotton firm; middling 14¾c. Flour in fair demand and has advanced; family $5,75@6. Wheat active and advanced; sales at $1,13@1,20. Corn steady, 51@52c. Rye active and advanced, 95c. Oats firm; No 2 41@43c. Barley quiet and unchanged; fall 90c@$1. Groceries unchanged. Linseed oil; higher grades advanced to 91@92c. Eggs heavy; receipts are depressing the market at 23c. Butter quiet and unchanged. Clover seed dull and a shade lower at $10 on arrival. Timothy seed steady, $5,75@6. Provisions remain buoyant; shoulders are not offering to any extent to-day, as dealers are anticipating higher prices, but there was less anxiety to buy to-day and therefore a quiet market. Pork is saleable at $20; mostly held at $20 50. Lard; saleable 11⅝@12c. Bulkmeat at $8@9¾@10⅛@10¼c seller March; 100,000 lbs sold at $9¾ buyer March. Bacon firmer; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib and clear sides 11@11¾c. Greenmeats at 6¾@8¾c; shoulders and sides 11⅛@12c. Whisky steady at 86c. Gold 110⅝. Exchange par.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 14.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour low, grades scarce and wanted; extra $4,60@4,75; double extra $5,00. Wheat quiet and unchanged, No. 2 red winter $1,31. Corn dull and declined; mixed and yellow 43@45c. Oats quiet and unchanged, 40@41¼c. Barley dull, choice fall 90. Rye firm 84@85c. Whisky weak 85c. Provisions strong. Pork $20,00. Dry salt meat held higher. Bulk shoulders 7¾ do.; Sides clear rib 10⅛ do.; clear 10⅝@11c. Bacon nominal. Lard 11, held 11¼c. Hogs strong, higher ranging $6,25@6,75.

Cotton Markets.

GALVESTON, January 14.—Cotton steady with moderate demand for middling uplands at 14@14½c.

MOBILE, January 14.—Cotton—Demand fair and market firm; middling upplands sold at 14¾c.

NEW ORLEANS, January 14.—Cotton quiet at 14⅝@14¾c for middlings.

CHARLESTON, January 14.—Cotton firmer; middlings 14⅜@14½c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, January 14.—Tobacco; 46 hhds. sold at $5,75@575; for common to good lugs $7; for low to medium leaf. Bagging dull and nominal. Cotton in good demand and steady; middling 13¾c. Flour; extra family $5,25. Grain dull. Hogs quiet at $6,25@6,62. Provisions in very fair demand. Good mess pork $21,000. Lard 12c. Bulk meats 7¾@10⅜@11c; bacon 9⅝@11@12½. Whiskey steady at 86c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, January 14.—Flour firm. Wheat active and advanced 1@2c; No. 1 white Michigan $1,37, closing at $1,37½; amber Michigan $1,32; No. 1 red Wabash $1,33; No. 2 $1,30. Corn is in good demand at full prices; high mixed 51c; low 48¾c; yellow 51½c; Michigan 50c. Oats quiet and unchanged; No. 1 45c; Michigan 44¾c. Clover seed steady. Hogs are in good demand at full prices at $7,50.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, January 14.—Flour firm; Indiana and Ohio extra family $6,50@7,50. Wheat firm; western red $1,55@1,57. Rye dull and unchanged. Corn quiet with yellow at 73@75c. Oats steady at 57@58c. Provisions unchanged. Lard 12⅛@12¾c. Crude Petroleum 17¾c; refined 23¾c. Whisky dull at 93c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 14.—Flour active and unchanged; western family, $6,75@7,50. Wheat firm; choice white, $1,75@1,85; State, $1,46@1,47. Corn; yellow, 76c; white, 82@83c. Oats, 56@58c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm at 91@91½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, January 14.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat very dull, $1,30. Corn steady, new shelled 58c. Oats dull but unchanged, 47c. Refined petroleum quiet 22c; crude dull but unchanged, $4,20@4,40.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, January 14.—Flour firm; superfine, $5,50; double extra, $6,25. Corn lower; white at yellow at 70@72c. Oats, 57@60c. Sterling, $1,20⅝@1,30½. New York sight, ¼c discount. Gold, $1,10⅝.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, January 14.—Cotton active and advanced 14⅛@14¼c; receipts 2,543 bales; shipments 1,592 bales.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, January 14.—6 bbls b spirits, Adler, Rosenberg & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 kg butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 163 sks barley, Fred Shields; 9 bbls d apples, McCracken, G & Co; 2 bbls lard, 3 kgs do, 2 bbls d apples, Henry Rea, Jr; 3 bbls b butter, W H Graff & Co; 13 beef hides, Russell & Co; 2 m t via bbls, Marshall & Co; 50 bbls flour, 40 sks meal, 40 hf sks do, Clark & Smith; 163 sks barley, John Gangwich; 22 sks wheat, 92 sks barley, lot do in bulk, Gilmore, Straub & Co; 2 g hides, Hays & Stewart; 3 d hides, 1 g do, Thos De Mayne; 3 crate cigars, Reymer & Bro; 1 car ear corn, Sam Hood; 112 sks wheat, 334 do barley, McHenry & H; 11 bbls molasses, 1 hhd sugar, J S Dilworth; 25 bbls f spar, J B Canfield; 36 bgs p nuts, P Duff & Son; 10 tons pig iron, 1 car do, Nimick & Co; 400 sks flour, T C Jenkins & Bro; 9 tons pig iron, Gill & Bidwell; 25 bxs candies, B C & J H Sawyers; 100 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 1 car bulk wheat, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 50 pcs hams, J H Parker; 3 cars staves, W Hastings.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, January 14.—25 tcs lard, Rees Owens; 5 deer, Van Gorder & S; 20 hf bbls butter, 10 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 20 tcs lard, J H Parker; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Co; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 1 car speltre, Byers & McCullough; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 10 bbls and 5 cases wine, Littell & Mechling; 10 bbls eggs, Arbuckles & Co; 30 bbls flour, L J Blanchard; 15 bbls g apples, W H Graff & Co; 1 0 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 bbls glue, Flaccus & Son; 244 sks oats, Graham & Marshall; 5 bdls pail handles, Freeman & Berger; 2 bbls d apples, Shipt n & Wallace; 4 pkgs butter, 1 bbl onions, 2 bbls eggs, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 6 bbls apples, H Riddle; 75 bxs cheese, Reymer & Bro; 20 do do, Knox & Orr; 25 do do, John Wilson & Son; 50 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 50 do do, W M Gormley; 60 do do, Head & Metzgar; 15 pkgs potatoes, 29 bbls apples, 1 keg butter, J J Pettitt; 10 bxs tin, H Addier; 15 do do, McCandless & Co; 1 pkg butter, A T Canfield; 15 rolls leather, M Delange; 10 doz brooms, John Porterfield; 8 bbls apples, H Riddle; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 2 bbls h wines, Rodieheim & Co; 157 bgs corn, P Duff & Son; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, Jan. 14.—22 cars iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 3 do do, McKnight, P & Co; 1 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 2 do do, J Painter & Son; 1 do do, Chess, Smith & Co; 1 1 do do, Byers, McCullough & Co; 1 do do, Union Iron Mills; 3 cars lumber, N W Rigdon; 1 car do, Reed & Bro; 1 do do, Heath & Spear; 1,500 broom handles, Kallenberger & B; 2 bbls dried peaches, Campbell & B; 1 box, 8 racks p frames, Pickersgill, L & Co; 20 drums tobacco, Pritzfield & Bro; 5 cases handles, J Woodwell & Co; 8 pails tobacco, G & J McClurg; 1 bbl do, F W Baker; 23 bbls s steel, Singer, Nimick & Co; 15 bales b corn, H R McClellan & Co; 1 sk rags, 4 tubs butter, 3 kegs lard, 1 bbl eggs, Head & Metzgar.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, January 14.—2 cars clay, Erskine & Co; 6 cars metal, John Moorhead; 2 do do, McKnight & Co; 1 do do, Wm Smith; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 1 do do, grain, S B Floyd & Co; 62 sks flour, Meanor & Harper; 19 beef hides, 3 bbls tallow, John Irwin; 14 p sks flour, 9 bgs do, Knox & Orr; 3 b hides, J Hammett & Son; 77 cars coal, K F & Kier; 24 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 53 do do, Armstrong, D & Co; 16 sks oats, John Boyd; 5 sks wheat, Scott & Gisall; 1 bx butter, Moor & Hobb.

ALLEGHENY STATION, January 14.—3 bbls meal, 2 bbls b w flour, S Dyer; 1 bbl butter, J Kohen; 3 bbls eggs, John Herbst; 1 car ore, Rogers & Burchfield; 1 do do, Pgh Iron & Forge Co; 1 car cooperage, Smith & Co; 1 car lumber, Reed & Bro; 2 cars metal, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 20 bbls apples, J H Hardley; 1 car cooperage, Lewis, B & Dalzell; 40 sks rags, J B Jones; 60 bbls apples, R Blackburn; 50 bgs feed, T C Harbison.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, January 14.—3 fresh cows, W Harrison; lot scrap iron, Thos McAuliff; 65 sks potatoes, J S Spear; 36 sks oats, Barnes & Nelson; 71 do do, Voeghtly & Kapp; 27 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 2 bxs tobacco, Knox & Orr; 1 car hay, George Stewart; 2 cars bark, Papp Barker & Co; 2 do do, Laape & Weiss.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river was still rising yesterday, with ten feet six inches in the channel at 2 P. M., and if the rain should continue another day longer, we may look for a good coal boat freshet, fourteen or fifteen feet. The Allegheny was putting out considerable ice in the afternoon, from which it is fair to infer that it is broken all the way up. The Monongahela was almost entirely clear of ice, and it will be in good navigable condition to-day.

The St. Charles departed for Cincinnati on Saturday evening, with a good trip. She is the first boat that has left here for some time.

The Belle of Texas, Capt. Frank Marratta's new boat, came around to the landing on Saturday, and will at once commence loading for New Orleans.

The Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, will at once commence business. She will leave for Cincinnati on her regular day.

The W. F. Curtis arrived at Cincinnati on Friday from Wheeling, with a broken capstan, three weeks out. She laid nearly two weeks at New Richmond.

—We clip the following from a late Evansville paper: One of the latest and most daring attempts at swindling that has come to our knowledge, came to light by a mere accident on Tuesday, and was of course thwarted. Capt. John Dales, clerk of the steamer Exchange, came to the city with others and stopped at the American House. Upon registering their names, the clerk of the hotel remarked to Mr. Dales that they had a man of the same name already registered and stopping at the house. Mr. Dales was surprised, as he supposed, and had good reason to believe, that he was the only genuine Dales in the vicinity. The name was shown him and a description of the man given, whom he at once recognized as the porter of the boat. Further investigation developed the fact that the porter had stopped also at the Sherwood House, and registered his name as John Pearsons. While at the American House he had deposited with the bar-keeper, Mr. Story, for a short time, a fine ivory handled revolver, from a description of which Mr. Dales was satisfied it was one stolen from him on the Exchange. The mail, on Tuesday noon or night, also brought a letter to Mr. Dales from Capt. John L. Rhoades, of Pittsburgh, the principal owner of the Exchange, inquiring why he had been telegraphed by Mr. Dales to send him $300, by telegraphic order, and desiring to know if the credit of the boat, her officers and owners was so poor in Evansville that they could not raise $300. This led to further investigation, as Mr. Dales had sent no such dispatch, and it was discovered at the telegraph office that Pearsons, the porter, who is himself a telegraph operator, had sent a dispatch to Capt. Rhoades, asking him to send him immediately $300 by telegraph order, and signing it John Dales. Capt. Dales, obtaining the services of an officer, at once commenced a rigid search for the porter, but failed to find him, though he heard of him in several places, and it is supposed he left by the Florence Lee or G. W. Thomas, on Tuesday evening. Fortunately for the owners and officers of the Exchange, the telegraph office in this city is not a "money order office," consequently the villain was thwarted in his efforts to swindle. He, however, got away with the revolver, valued at $20. Pearsons claims to be a telegraph operator from San Francisco, and is described as a small man with one of his front teeth gone. It is to be hoped that the knave may be brought up with a round turn, and landed in the Penitentiary, where he belongs.

—The New Orleans *Bulletin*, in referring to the scarcity of coal at that port, remarks: It seems that but few of the fleet of coal boats from Pittsburgh, which were at Louisville, got beyond that point before the Ohio was closed. Upon them the Southern trade depended for supplies. All, except a few too deeply laden, could have been here before this, had they passed through the canal, but it is understood that they received orders from Pittsburgh to wait for a rise, and, with it go over the falls. There is reason to apprehend that if relief shall not come sooner than present appearances indicate, no inconsiderable share tributary to the port will seek outlet by railroad to the North, and that so much will be lost this year. Whatever may happen, sure it is that much of the business of the season will be late, and the interruption will be embarrassing and injurious. The experience is costly, but it will not be without profit if steamboat owners and agents heed it as an admonition to secure themselves hereafter against the coal extortioners of Pittsburgh.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Patrick J. Bannon, second mate of the Mary Davage, died in a very singular and sudden manner yesterday. Early in the morning he was seen about the boat in his usual health and spirits but was soon after found lying dead in his stateroom. The Coroner was notified, but not being satisfied with the inquest held yesterday, will make a *post mortem* examination today to determine if possible the cause of death. Bannon was forty years of age, unmarried, and a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where his mother and friends live. The body will be forwarded to them for interment.

—The Vicksburg *Times*, of the 7th inst., says that on the last down trip of the Ouachita packet Governor Allen, Capt. R. Simmott, of that steamer, was the recipient of a silver casket, two goblets and a salver, which were voted for at the late fair for the Methodist Episcopal Church South, held at Menroe, Louisiana. Votes were given for the various packets in the Ouachita trade, and the Governor Allen was chosen by a large majority.

—General Reynolds, United States Engineer, in charge of Western river improvements, appeared in person before the House Committee on Appropriations, last Monday, to ask the appropriation for the improvement of the Des Moines rapids, which was granted at the same time as that for the improvement of the Louisville canal.

—The tow boat Emma Logan, with two barges of hay for New Orleans, laid up during the ice at the foot of Six-mile Island. It is reported that the river has left her high and dry, and one of her barges is in a bad condition.

—The bill appropriating $250,000 for General Weitzel to proceed with his work on the new canal at Louisville, has passed the Senate. The President's signature is all that is necessary to make it a law.

—It is said that fuel for the Natchez for a round trip from New Orleans and Vicksburg and back costs $4,000. A few weeks ago a like quantity of fuel cost less than half that sum.

—The Carrie V. Kountz was loading at Evansville for New Orleans on Thursday, and the James Gilmore with a tow of empty barges was there the same day.

—The Custom House measurement of the Robert Mitchell is as follows: Length, 270 2; breadth, 41.2; depth, 8.1; hull tonnage, 739.73; total tonnage, 1,249.81.

—On the 5th, cotton was shipped from Shreveport to New Orleans for $1 per bale. The Red Cloud took it at that rate. Cattle, $4; passengers, $20.

—On the 27th of December one-third of the tow-boat Tom. Farrow was sold by W. B. Cole to Val. P. Collins, at the rate of $10,000 for the boat.

—An empty barge was swept away from Pumpkin Patch by the ice, on Friday morning, and lodged on the falls opposite the old mill.

—The R. E. Lee was to leave New Orleans Tuesday last for Vicksburg. The Wash. Sentell was to leave for Red river Wednesday.

—The Judge Wheeler lightened the Susie Silver over Shoo Fly, and got $550 for it.

—The tow boat Sam. Merwin is receiving new boilers at Louisville.

RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M., 4:30 P. M.,
FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.
STEAMER ELECTOR....Capt. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN...Capt. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT...Capt. Z. W. CARMACK.
For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 3½ o'clock.
de2:h61 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

PORTSMOUTH PACKET.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY FRIDAY, at 4 P. M.
Leaves Portsmouth EVERY MONDAY, 10 A. M.
The new and splendid Passenger Steamer
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR..........Commander,
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or
de21 GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO., Agents.

CINCINNATI PACKET.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES EVERY THURSDAY—12 M.
The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet
JUNIATA,
C. L. BRENNAN..........Commander.
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JAMES COLLINS, of
de21 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG and NEW ORLEANS.
TUESDAY, January 17th.
The new sidewheel Passenger steamer
GLENCOE,
THOS. S. CALHOUN..........Commander,
JOHN Q. A. PARK..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
de5 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR RED RIVER DIRECT.
WEDNESDAY, January 18th.
THE NEW, LIGHT DRAUGHT, LOW PRESSURE PACKET,
MAY LOWRY,
GARRET BOLI..........Commander.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board. no22

MULES AND HORSES
FOR SALE.
15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
3 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by
S. B. SMITH,
34 Corry street,
de8:h63 Allegheny city.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, January 12, 1871.

NOTICE.—The assessments for the Grading and Paving with Nicholson Pavement FOURTH AVENUE, from Market to Wood street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, January 23d, 1871, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
ja13 M. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS.
ap2

☞ MANHOOD HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED.—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, and impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, D. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.
my3:w39T

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world, the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless,—Reliable—Instantaneous—No disappointment—No ridiculous tints—"*Does not contain Lead nor any Vitalic Poison to injure the Hair or System.*" Invigorates the Hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y.
au1:a76

☞ AVOID QUACKS.—A Victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York.
de22:MWF

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ECLIPSE
Petroleum Refinery.
SPECIALTY,
Lubricating Oils,
Manufactured by Superheated Steam in Vacuo, under Dr. Tweddle's Patent.
HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,
Office, 174 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Works at Aladdin, Armstrong Co., Pa.
de7:156

Tack, Bro. & Co.,
PERRY BUILDING,
Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.
DEALERS IN
Crude & Refined Petroleum.
TACK BROS.,
Philadelphia.
de1

WARING & KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.
Philadelphia Address.
WARING, KING & CO.,
ap15 109 WALNUT STREET.

GEORGE BUCHANAN..........W. J. KELLEY.
CRESCENT
Lubric Oil Works,
GEO. BUCHANAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of LUBRICATING OILS, CARBON and HEAD-LIGHT OILS.
Office, corner EIGHTH STREET and DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Works, South Pittsburgh. de7:184

Logan Brothers & Co.
123 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
EIGHTH AND DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSB'G.
Commission Merchants in
PETROLEUM.
Warehouses: Delaware river, terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. no1:z13

McClelland & McLean,
(SUCCESSORS TO ARTHUR KIRK,)
MANUFACTURERS
Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, Hall Lamps, Table Glassware, &c.
LUBRICATING, CARBON & HEAD LIGHT OILS,
No. 230 LIBERTY and 175 WOOD ST.,
no16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. H. HOWARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Lard and Lubricating
OILS,
Of all Grades.
27 SEVENTH (late Irwin) STREET.
no11:g69 PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. H. EDGERTON,
Petroleum and Cooperage Only,
OFFICE
PERRY BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSBURGH, PA. no2:g21

B. D. MOORE,
BROKER AND DEALER IN
OIL BARRELS AND STAVES.
OFFICE: SILL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,
no2:g22 PITTSBURGH.

Burke & Wood,
Brokers in Petroleum, Cooperage, &c.,
Perry's Building, Duquesne Way.
Philadelphia Office: C. C. BURKE, 101 Walnut street. no2:g23

M. EDWARDS,
Dealer in Petroleum,
INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.
OFFICE—SILL'S BLOCK, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. no5:g51

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Commission Merchant
FOR THE SALE OF
PETROLEUM.
Pittsburgh office, Sill's Block. | Philadelphia office, 106 Walnut street.

WM. HASTINGS,
Manufacturer of Oil Barrels
And dealer in all kinds of Cooperage Stock. Orders promptly filled. Office, SILL'S BLOCK, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. no8:g31

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BATES & GOLDSBOROUGH,
BROKERS AND SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM,
Corner Duquesne and Eighth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Represented by J. S. Miller, Oil City, Pa.

PITTSBURGH OIL CO.,
358 PENN STREET,
Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of OILS, for Burning and Lubricating. no16

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R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco and Cigars,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
(Third door from Suspension Bridge,)
ALLEGHENY, PA.
AGENTS FOR
Louisville Tobaccos.
no8:g51

C. D. ARNSTHAL..........A. G. ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
72 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.
my17

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Deale s in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,
No. 80 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
CASH CAPITAL..........$200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
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James W. Arrott, Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech, Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd,
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. 1e10:h43

Max Schamberg,
No. 163 SMITHFIELD STREET,
(Between Sixth and Seventh avenue.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Foreign Exchange and Passage.
Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Silver, &c., bought and sold on Commission.
Postal Money Orders on Europe issued under guarantee of the North German Post Department.
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Passage Agency of all first-class English and German Lines. no6:g53

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND AVE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
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W. VANKIRK, Vice President,
oc9:daf CYRUS CLARKE, Jr. Cashier.

Allegheny Savings Bank,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
ORGANIZED IN 1845.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.
Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.
DIRECTORS:
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A. Moore, G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven, Andrew Ackley,
S. H. Geyer.
JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. 1n16:a10

THE DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK.
No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL..........$240,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.
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James E. J. Allison, Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds, L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming N. P. Sawyer,
Wm. D. Cooper.
President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN S. SCULLY. 1e9:y13

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Of Pittsburgh.
No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.
Capital Stock..........$500,000.
J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
1a25:z8 W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

CITY BANK,
112 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL..........$100,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
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JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
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Thomas Rourke, Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane, Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr, James Phelan,
Chas. Magina H. A. Freyvogle,
R. J. Grace, Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.
jo1:z5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,
No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CAPITAL..........$300,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.
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A. H. ENGLISH, D. S. MACRUM,
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W. O. HUGHART, B. F. WILSON,
JACOB KLEE.
Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.
Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

Real Estate Savings Bank,
63 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS, November 1, 1870.....$717,451.70.
President—ISAAC JONES.
Vice President—WM. H. SMITH.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. S. CARRIER.
Accountant—B. C. PARKE.
Solicitor—E. BRADFORD TODD.
TRUSTEES:
Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Harvey Childs,
Isaac Jones, Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
D. W. C. Bidwell, C. G. Hussey,
Jacob Painter, Nicholas Voegtly,
Wm. H. Smith.
Interest allowed on deposits at 6 per cent. per annum, commencing the 1st and 15th days of each month, payable to depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal and compounded.
☞ Open for deposits from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. daily, and every Saturday evening, from May 1 to November 1, from 7 to 9, and from November 1 to May 1, from 6 to 8 o'clock. no26:11:ST

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Government Bonds.
ALSO
Sight Draughts on London.
de1:s82

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS
57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.
no30:a1

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 65 Fourth Avenue.
CHARTERED IN 1855.
ASSETS, $2,891,335.18.
Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of Six Per Cent. per year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—JAMES HERDMAN.
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John G. Backofen, Robert Robb,
Benj. F. Fahnestock, John H. Shoenberger
James McAuley, James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.
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Calvin Adams, Peter A. Madeira,
John [illegible] Lindley, John Marshall,
George Black, Walter P. Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, David McCandless,
John Evans, Henry W. Oliver, Jr.
John J. Gillespie, William Phillips,
William S. Haven, Ormsby Phillips,
Peter H. Hunker, Henry L. Ringwalt,
Richard Hays, Wm. E. Schmertz,
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WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetiser and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is, in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloons. Price $1.00, in quart bottles.
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$100 to $250 PER MONTH guaranteed. Sure pay to all ambitious men and women selling our world renowned Patent Silver Mould White Wire Clothes Line. Business permanent. For full particulars, address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]-eow

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Pipe Works.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Sreets,
(NINTH WARD,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR
GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
Castings for Gas and Water Works
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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L. H. Smith & Co.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,
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Manufacturers of the celebrated
ANCHOR SAD IRON,
which is PLANED, not GROUND, and therefore superior in finish to any other.
☞ Send for Price List. au10:b71

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FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office No. 12, corner First and Smithfield streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

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Manufacturers of
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Blast Furnace and
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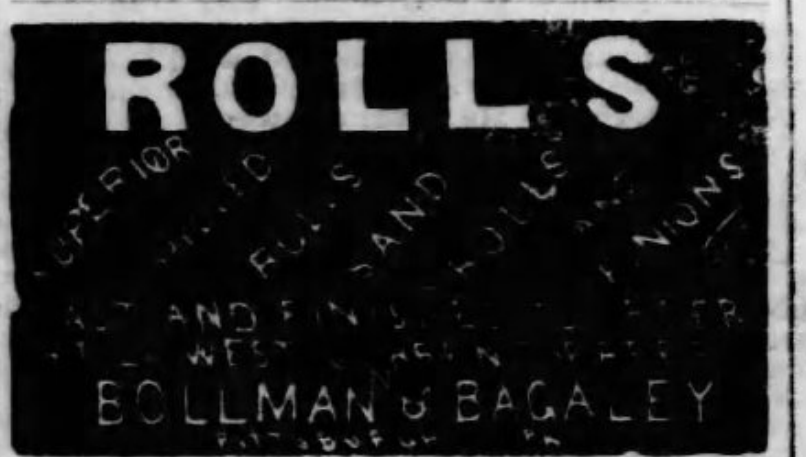
Corner Liberty and Twenty-Third Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov4:g46



ROLLS

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Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

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Meat Cutters and Stuffers,
HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,
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BUILDING HARDWARE,
WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Merchants are invited to examine our stock.
Orders by mail will have prompt attention.

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WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
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42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.

H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS.
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

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White Lead and Color Works,
J. Schoonmaker & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINCS, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.
OFFICE AND FACTORY
450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street,
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We call attention to the guarantee posted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "pure carbonate of lead," we mean "chemically pure," that is free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.
GUARANTEED to be a purer carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the price of this package if containing the least adulteration.

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Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES.
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

HOTELS.

MAHONING HOUSE,
ORRSVILLE,
(Mouth of Mahoning,)
JOSEPH FREEMAN,
Proprietor.
GOOD BEDS and GOOD BOARD. Accommodations for [illegible] parties. no2:g16

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal.

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Kensington Iron Works.
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT BAR,
SHEET
AND
Boiler Plate Iron,
SMALL T AND FLAT RAIL,
(For Coal Roads.)
Office and Works—GREENOUGH STREET, (Adjoining City Gas Works,) Pittsburgh. de1:11

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON.
And Heavy Hardware.
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head Bridge and Skein Bolts,
NUTS, WASHERS, and COACH SCREWS, HARROW TEETH, PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, &c.
BOLTS, SPIKES and WROUGHT IRON SHAPES for Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery. HOOK and EYE SCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 93 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DUQUESNE WORKS
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh. mh9

Etna Iron Works,
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate
AND
WROUGHT IRON TUBES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penna. and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. no4:g40

Pittsburgh Steel Works,
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. de2:n61

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1833.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c. &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT
STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my28:a46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS, STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES, PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. de2:h61

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
F. REPHAN, formerly Manager at CARROLL & SNYDER'S. no4

Riesick & Bro.,
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES AND VAULTS.
NO DAMP.——NO MOULD.

ENGINES AND MACHINERY,
BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and FITTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT, Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. no16:o8

LOCOMOTIVES, &c.
THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
D. A. STEWART, President; WILSON MILLER Secretary and Treasurer; J. AUG. DUNCAN, Supt. Office, No. 10 SIXTH ST., Pittsburgh. no16:h6

Samson Boiler Works,
BRENNEMAN & WARD,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention paid to repairing. no15:d54

STONE.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS.
Northwest Corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FREDERICK ATVATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.
de17:136

NITRATE SODA.—200 bags in store and for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	2:20 am	Mail Train	1:00 am
Southern Ex.	4:20 am	Fast Line	1:20 am
Mail Train	8:10 am	Cincinnati Ex.	9:30 pm
Cincin'ti Ex.	12:50 pm	Pittsb'gh Ex.	3:05 pm
Phila. Express	3:20 pm	Pacific Ex.	10:40 am
Fast Line	8:00 pm	Way Passn'r	10:20 pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1	6:20 am
Brintn Ac No 1	10:20 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:30 am
Wall's No. 2	11:51 am	Wall's No. 2	8:50 am
Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm	Johnstown Ac.	9:30 am
Johnstown Ac.	4:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	2:30 pm
Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm	Braddocks Ac No. 1	7:15 pm
Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:20 pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	8:50 pm	Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm
Braddocks Ac. No. 1	4:50 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.	10:00 pm

Cincinnati Express and Southern Express leave daily.
Pacific Express leaves daily except Monday.
All other trains daily, except Sunday.
The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:02 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:05 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:25 p. m. Sunday Brinton Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh a 8:50 p. m.; arrives at Brinton at 9:50 p. m.
For further information apply to
W. B. STOREY, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
A. J. CASSATT,
de8 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after DEC. 19, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

(CITY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:30 a m
Express	10:30 a m	Claremont Ac.	11:00 am
Claremont Ac	12:53 p m	Express	3:45 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springd'e No. 1	3:10 p m
Mail	5:40 p m	Freeport No. 2	4:40 p m
Springd'e No. 2	6:00 p m	Springd'e No. 2	6:15 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at [illegible] A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M. and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannastown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.
For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent
Federal Street Depot.
Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa
ROBERT NEILSON,
de17 Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
From December 4, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:48 a m	Fast Line	2:08 a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:48 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:13 a m	Pacific Ex.	12:23 p m
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chicago Mail	3:58 p m
Chicago Ex.	11:08 a m	Cleveland Ex.	4:13 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	2:23 p m	C. & St. L. Ex.	4:53 p m
Pacific Ex.	3:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:43 p m
W'ellsville Ex.	4:28 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	7:18 p m
Erie Express	4:38 p m	Erie Express	11:18 p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	6:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:53 a m
Leetsdale "	10:23 a m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
" "	11:53 a m	Enon	8:38 a m
New Castle "	2:13 p m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Enon	3:38 p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
Bea'r Falls "	6:23 p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	"	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:58 a m

☞ Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ Pacific Express arrives daily.
☞ Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, J. N. McCULLOUGH,
Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. Genl. Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:43 a. m.	Southern Express	2:50 a. m.
Dennison Accom'n	7:13 a. m.	McDonald Ac.	6:20 a. m.
Pacific Ex.	11:03 a. m.	Steubenville Accom'n	9:38 a. m.
M'Donald Accomod'n	11:28 a. m.	Cincinnati Express	12:28 p. m.
Southern Express	3:28 p. m.	Dennison Accommod'n	[illegible]
Steubenville Accommod	3:53 p. m.	McDonald Accom'n	4:13 p. m.
McDonald Accommod'n	5:13 p. m.	Fast Line	6:43 p. m.
Sunday Ch'h Train	12:58 p. m.	Sunday Ch'h Train	9:38 a. m.

[illegible] Pacific Express will leave daily. The 12:28 Cincinnati Express will arrive daily. All other trains will arrive daily, except Sundays. Trains on Chartiers road will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Dennison Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:13 A. M. on Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:53 P. M.; returning, will connect at Mansfield with trains due at Pittsburgh at 9:38 A. M. and 4:13 P. M.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison Ohio. de3

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1870, Through Trains daily except Sunday, will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE AT PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:30 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
Night Express	8:00 P. M.	6:50 A. M.
Way Passenger	6:25 A. M.	
Mail Train		5:30 P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3:05 P. M.	9:25 A. M.
Soda Works	6:10 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
1st Hulton	6:45 A. M.	[illegible]
2d Hulton	4:40 A. M.	[illegible]
3d Hulton	2:35 P. M.	[illegible]
Parnassus	12:00 P. M.	[illegible]

Church train to and from Hulton (Sunday) arrives at 10:10 A. M. and leaves at 1:40 P. M.
Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry.
Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocter's.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
de5 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6:30 A. M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	6:40 A. M.
Way Passen'r	9:15 A. M.	West Newton Ac.	8:25 A. M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11:00 A. M.	Express Tr'n	10:45 A. M.
Exp's Train	1:30 P. M.	2d McKeesport Ac.	3:10 P. M.
West Newton Ac.	4:30 P. M.	Way Passen'r	3:10 P. M.
Braddock's Ac.	3:00 P. M.	Mail Train	6:30 P. M.
2d McKeesport Ac.	6:30 P. M.	Braddocks Ac.	7:00 P. M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	[illegible]	3d McKeesport Ac.	8:20 P. M.
West Newton Church Tr'n	12:45 P. M.	Church Tr'n	10:10 A. M.

Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.
de3 D. [illegible] ANGELL, Master of Transportation.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

Laing & McKallip,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,
Hydraulic Cement, White Lime, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Anthracite Coal,
No. 347 LIBERTY ST.,
oc22 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1819.
W. M. GORMLY,
Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FRESH ARRIVAL
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES
AND
New Orleans Sugar.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood Street.
de20

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS!
NEW SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS.
NEW SUGAR-CURED B BACON.
SHOULDERS.
SIDES.
LARD, in Tierces, Kegs and Buckets.
LARD OIL.
For sale at reduced prices.
DALZELLS & TOWNSEND,
de20 247 Liberty Street.

John Porterfield & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in Best Brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
no14:h39 Corner of First Avenue.

L. J. BLANCHARD
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Potter & Armstrong,)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 25 MARKET STREET.

M. STEELE & SON
Commission Merchants,
[illegible]

JOHN I. HOUSE & BRO., [illegible]

SHIPTON & WALLACE, GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, [illegible]

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c.
JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER AND GLAZIER,
No. 84 SIXTH STREET,
[illegible]

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Remember—The GAZETTE is delivered at your door for fifteen cents per week, payable to the carrier.

There were two common cases before Mayor Callow, on Saturday morning. Committed to jail ten days each.

A Lad, whose name we were unable to learn, was injured by falling into the cellar of one of Carr's new buildings on Fifth avenue, on Saturday.

The Alarm of fire struck from box No. 37 on Saturday was occasioned by a burning chimney in a house on Ross street near the corner of Second avenue.

Ferocious Dog.—John Euright, on Saturday, made an information before Alderman Irwin of Allegheny, charging H. Yeager with keeping a ferocious dog. A warrant was issued.

A man bearing the name of James Polk Harkins was arrested and committed, on Friday evening, by officer Mackrell, for tearing a warrant when presented to him and resisting an officer.

During the year 1870 the Councils of Allegheny City passed one hundred and four ordinances. Of these, ninety-eight originated in the Select, and the remaining six in the Common branch.

Charles McGill, recently released from the Work House, was re-committed to that institution by Mayor Callow, on Saturday, for six months, on a charge of trying to kick in his father's door.

The ice in the Allegheny had a nice frolic in floating yesterday and Saturday down into the Ohio. The wreck of the recently burned bridge at Franklin was carried towards this city by the floating blocks.

Overcoat Recovered.—On Saturday, at 7:30 P. M., officers Long and Dressler recovered an overcoat, the property of Mr. S. N. Dickey, which had been pawned at De Roy's, on Smithfield street, for seven dollars.

We understand that, Dietrich the news boy whose hand and arm were cut off by the recent accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was presented with a purse of one hundred and forty dollars contributed by the passengers on the train.

In the matter of the petition of Jacob Brown, colored, vs. Sarah Burleigh, colored, action on a writ of *habeas corpus* for the custody of a colored lad named J. B. Brown, the Court on Saturday granted the petition and awarded the lad to the petitioner.

Last night about twelve o'clock the police of Allegheny made a raid on the bagnio of Mrs. Beck, near the Drove Yards, and captured the landlady and a man and woman whose names are unknown, and locked them up to await a hearing this morning.

Letters held for postage at the Pittsburgh Postoffice, January 15th, 1871.
Rittner, Christ., Philadelphia, Pa., 3 cents.
Gillespie, Anthony, Scranton, Pa., 3 cents.
Manon & Steed, Ridgeville, Ind., 3 cents.
Warren, T. D., Satersville, Pa., 3 cents.

Land Slide.—Between two and three o'clock yesterday afternoon a mass of earth and stones, loosened by the thaw, slid from the Bluff back of the Union Depot. Luckily there were no houses in its way, and the only damage done will be in the cost of clearing the pavement.

Anna Martha Graser on Saturday appeared before Justice Krehan, of Birmingham, and charged Kate Slattery with surety of the peace. Kate was arrested and brought before the squire and confronted with the prosecutrix, who, after some conversation with Kate, withdrew the suit.

Runaway Wife.—A telegram was received at the Mayor's office on Friday from a merchant at Cincinnati named Rymer, requesting the officers here to arrest his wife, who had run away, and offering $1,000 in the event of success. They have not yet succeeded in making the capture.

Thomas Henry, a colored man, late of Hagerstown, Maryland, was on Saturday, at his own request, committed to the Work House, for sixty days by Deputy Mayor Cartwright, of East Liberty. He had been unable to obtain work and represented himself to the Magistrate as a vagrant.

On Saturday John Hoffman appeared before Alderman Taylor and entered suit against M. Campbell for surety of the peace. Hoffman lived in Campbell's house, and alleges that when he wanted to leave the latter blockaded the door and threatened to shoot him if he came out. Warrant issued.

The Axle of a car attached to the local freight train broke on Saturday evening at five o'clock when about four miles from the city. Two freight cars were thrown off the track and demolished but luckily no person was injured. A train due here and the one bound to Freeport were detained several hours.

Richard Roberts, whose committal to jail on a charge of arson we noticed last week, had a hearing before Fire Marshal Butler, at East Liberty, on Saturday. After a full investigation he was committed for court in default of $3,000 bail on the charge of arson, and $500 on a charge of forgery preferred by Mr. Spencer, brewer.

John Hedgate has just served out a term at Work House, where he had been sent for drunkness and abusing his family. On Saturday, Mayor Callow sent him back to that institution, where during the next six months, the term of his sentence, he will have opportunity of realizing the enormity of too much whisky drinking.

On Saturday morning John School, who lives at the corner of Webster avenue and Logan street, filed an information against his brother, Henry School, for disorderly conduct. Henry has been on a spree, and John having tried every other means to straighten him up, and failed, concluded to try the effect of confinement. Warrant issued.

Some benevolent ladies a short time ago called on Mayor Callow, and requested him to hunt up a girl aged sixteen years whose parents are dead, whom they feared was being led astray. On Saturday night the police succeeded in finding her in a house of questionable reputation, and yesterday morning the Mayor committed her to the House of Refuge.

Mistaken Identity.—Officer McRoberts, of the Union Depot, on Friday night arrested a man supposed to be the thief who robbed the boy Frank Moon of fifty dollars on Thursday last. He was committed to the Central station on Saturday morning. Moore was brought over and confronted with him, but failing to identify him, the man was discharged.

More of the Same Sort.—The McConnel store, No. 26 Fifth avenue, continues to be the most crowded resort of the avenue. The auctioneer from day and evening to day and evening knocking off for a dollar or two, four or ten dollars' worth of good goods is the attraction. No wonder men and women crowd the sales-room and buy at such prices. Who would not?

At their election on Saturday, the stockholders of the Central Passenger Railway elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, E. P. Jones; Treasurer, S. F. Von Bonhorst; Superintendent, R. G. Herron; Secretary, Charles P. Duff; Directors, E. P. Jones, R. G. Herron, M. J. Moorhead, W. H. Hagan, John Harrison, H. W. Oliver, Jr., Charles P. Duff.

Fire in Allegheny.—Shortly after ten o'clock on Saturday night an alarm of fire was sounded from box No. 3, Allegheny city. It was occasioned by the partial burning of the roof of a house on Market street, and is supposed to have originated in a defective flue. The engines were promptly on the ground, but the flames had already been put out by a few buckets of water. Loss slight.

Ferry Boat Sunk.—Yesterday morning, between seven and eight o'clock, shortly after the ferry boat "Covington" had left the Allegheny shore on her way to Temperanceville she had a hole knocked into her hull by a cake of ice and almost immediately sunk. There were no lives lost, the passengers and crew having been rescued by skiffs from the Allegheny side. The boat will probably prove a total loss.

Descent on a Brothel.—On Saturday night Mayor Callow's police made a descent on a brothel on First Alley near West street and arrested four women—Birdie Love, Mary Harris, Mag Reynolds and Mollie Weigand, and four men. They had a hearing before the Mayor yesterday morning, when the women were sentenced thirty days to jail each and of the men, two were sent to jail for ten days each, one was discharged and one paid a fine.

Runaway.—A valuable horse attached to a buggy belonging to Mr. Charles J. Clark, of Oakland, ran away on Fifth avenue about five o'clock on Saturday evening. Mr. Clark had got out of his buggy for the purpose of depositing some letters in the postoffice, and the horse taking fright at something passing, started and ran to Mr. Clark's residence, where he arrived safely, nothing having been broken. The toll-taker at Soho tried to stop him, but without success.

Foundry Bought.—W. J. Anderson & Co., proprietors of the old Pittsburgh Foundry, have just consummated the purchase of the old established and extensive foundry and workshops of the late firm of S. S. Fowler & Co., on the corner of West and Water streets. We did not learn the price paid. The purchasers propose continuing the operation of both foundries but with separate firm names, the old foundry by W. J. Anderson & Co., and the one bought, Anderson & Freyvogle.

Twelfth Ward Select Council.—The Republicans of the Twelfth ward met in primary meeting on Saturday last for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Select Council, there having been a tie in the late regular election between W. Aadale and J. D. Hancock, on a vote each of 212. The result was as follows: C. Bartley, 134; G. J. Rowley, 109; W. Johnston, 103; George Lang, 17; John Charles, 43. Mr. Bartley was nominated. The election will take place to-morrow.

City Bank.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the City Bank held on Saturday, Dominick Ihmsen, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President, and the efficient Cashier, W. N. Morgan, Esq., was similarly honored. Henry A. Freyvogle, Esq., was elected Vice President by an unanimous vote. The bank is in a flourishing condition, and is not only amassing a handsome contingent fund, but is likewise regularly paying dividends at the rate of five per cent. semi-annually.

On Friday evening, a gentleman who was passing along Duquesne Way, was set upon by two ruffians, who sprang out of Garrison alley, and seized him by the neck and attempted to choke him. He succeeded in shaking them off, when he ran to Hand street bridge, and securing help, returned the spot, but the villains had fled. He had no idea who the assailants were. Had they succeeded, they would have obtained a rich booty, as he had a large sum of money on his person.

The Arsenal.—Gen. J. S. Negley, our representative in Congress, is sanguine that the bill reported by him from the Military Committee will pass both branches within a few days. A dispatch received from him says: "The object of selling the Allegheny Arsenal is for the purpose of removing the arms and stores it contains at present to otherwhere—then to have the land appraised by commissioners, at which appraisement decided upon, the city of Pittsburgh may purchase for any purpose required. Should the city refuse to buy the property at the appraisement, the land to be sold to the highest and best bidder. Pittsburgh can use her advantage to contract the property for a park or otherwise. The sale of the ground will be made within one month. The bill will pass the Senate."

THE COVODE OBSEQUIES.

Honor to the Departed—The End of Active Life—"Dust to Dust"—Impressive Funeral Rites—The Spontaneous Tribute to his Memory—Eulogy Upon his Character—In the Church-yard.

History with an iron pen upon her adamantine tablet again has written the name of one who from obscurity by his own inherent worth raised himself to power one who known and feared and loved in life, like some calm familiar star has "shot suddenly and brightly from our vision," one who moved among the excitements and stirring realities of his time, honored by the world's applause, a giant in his days and who went swiftly down to the grave amidst, sadness and mournings in public and private life.

It need not here be recorded in detail, how John Covode died. Already the circumstances are known; how he left home Monday morning, feeling then unwell, and with premonitions of coming illness; visited Philadelphia, and gave two of his children in charge of their Preceptor at West Chester; returned Tuesday night to Harrisburgh, and Wednesday morning, with only an hour's sickness, experienced, suddenly added another to the list of victims to that dread malady, heart disease, how the people who knew him so well raised up to do him honor; how Legislative and Congressional tributes were paid to his memory; and now at last escorted by a Legislative Committee, the remains of the dead hero were removed from the State Capitol to his late home among the hills of Westmoreland. These have already become subjects of the past, and all that remains is to note the last sacred obsequies which preceded his repose in the grave.

THE REMAINS AT HOME.

The body had lain at the house, near Lockport, in Westmoreland county, for two days, and in that time the house was visited by hundreds of "county folk" who desired to look upon the face of the man who had been to many of them a benefactor. It was thought imprudent, however, to re-open the casket until the day of the funeral, which had been fixed for Saturday at one o'clock, and thus this privilege had to be denied them, although the touching evidences of appreciation manifested would have made it a pleasure to the friends to grant the privilege asked.

All the arrangements for the funeral were completed in time, and on Saturday morning at ten o'clock a special car, attached to the Pacific Express on the Pennsylvania Railroad, brought from the East the

CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE

who had been detailed to attend the funeral. The committee comprised nine members: On the part of Senate—Hon. John Scott, of Pennsylvania. On the part of the House of Representatives—Hons. C. W. Gilfillan, Venango; U. Mercur, Bradford; J. L. Getz, Berks; Darwin Phelps, Armstrong; Axtell, California; Morphiss, Mississippi; Logan Roots, Arkansas, D. J. Morrell, Cambria, Burt Van Horn, Missouri. The Chaplain of Congress had been expected but was prevented from coming. The Committee upon their arrival at Lockport were taken in charge by attendants and conveyed to Covodeville, about two miles distant. An hour after the train containing the Pittsburgh delegation arrived, they also finding conveyances to transport them over to the house. A

RIDE OF AN HOUR

over a mountainous road, so narrow that but one team could walk along it, so steep that four horses were required to draw an ordinary load over it in many places, with here and there a deep descent, almost a precipice of several hundred feet, and a mountain upon the other side; a few stray cottages scattered at wide intervals along the route and occasionally crossing a mountain brook, gurgling down its rocky bed; a wild, romantic, rough, and dangerous road for travelers brought the delegations in sight of the late

HOME OF COVODE.

The little village designated by the title of Covodeville embraces, about a dozen houses, principally of frame, nestling upon either side of the road and radiating from the Covode mansion, as though all were branches of the one great tree. A small quiet valley, with the mountains on all sides; and only an opening here and there for ingress and egress to the world beyond; a narrow deep and swift running creek issuing apparently from the mountain side, in the north, and meandering in graceful curves through the valley, until its outlet is lost to view in the south; and a rugged mountainous country all around completes the external appearance of the place. There is the mill in which once, as a carder, the dead man toiled and thought, and evolved those ideas and principles through which he achieved such success. Further down the stream is the new woolen factory, a brick structure, in which employment is given to a number of hands; no other signs of business life mark the place which is otherwise as still and quiet as the little nook which the pen of Irving has made immortal.

THE FAMILY RESIDENCE

of Covode exemplifies again the character of the man. It is a two story mansion, built of stone half cut. In the centre is the main doorway, shaded by a frame portico, painted white. Not a window rejoices in a shutter,—evidently being made to let in the sunshine. A small yard runs in front and around one side of the house, enclosed by a wooden paling fence. Just beyond is a branch of the creek which runs into an artificial canal.

Entering the house from the front portico, the visitor gains access to a narrow hall-way, running from front to rear of the building, and partly occupied by the stairs which lead to the second story. Upon one side is the parlor, and on the other the sitting-room, while to the rear and on the side of the sitting-room, are additional buildings, which seemed to have been added to the main structure as occasion demanded. The interior presents no contrast to the plainness of the exterior. All is simple and tasteful; comfort and abundance rather than show and flashy style being the apparent objects aimed at, and externally and internally it seems to be one of those old-fashioned country houses, where contentment, abundance and peace find a home a home to which the man when tired of excitements of life, could retire, throw off all care, and in quiet refresh and recuperate again for the conflict. The whole village as seen on the drear January morning with a dark wintry haze changing over it, a leaden sky above it, the mountains all around it, the noise of the mill hushed, a Sabbath like stillness everywhere, the very air sur-charged with grief, and the sombre crape fluttering from the dwelling seemed as if stricken and paralyzed for the time, with the blow which had laid the master to rest. Covodeville without Covode was nothing, and all animate and inanimate seemed to mourn in unison.

DISTINGUISHED ATTENDENTS.

As the visitors drew up at the end of their destination they perceived a large company gathered around the funeral house. They dismounted and mingled in the throng, considerably augmenting the number. Among those thus assembled were men representing every shade of politics, religion, profession and social life.

Among the best known present, aside from the Congressmen, were Gen. H. D. Foster, (the late opponent of deceased) D. W. Shryock, editor of Greensburgh *Herald*, J. A. Hunter, (ex-Legislator), Hon. A. M. Fulton, (present member from Westmoreland county), Hon. J. A. Logan, and H. Markle, all of Greensburgh. From this vicinity there were John Scott, Esq., Capt. Dalgleish, Rev. T. N. Boyle, Gen. C. P. Markle, of West Newton, Hon. H. J. Howard, Solicitor, and J. McC. Creighton, Esq., Superintendent of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. From Harrisburgh, there was Capt. J. T. Paul, of the Soldiers Orphan School Department, several officers from Indiana county, including the editor of the *Messenger*, Jos. Smith, were in attendance.

When the company had all arrived, preparations for the funeral service began.

THE COFFIN

had been placed upon standards in the hallway, which extended through the centre of the house.

It was a plain rosewood with silver trappings, but devoid of all other ornamentation, and bore the simple inscription

JOHN COVODE,
DIED JANUARY 11, 1871,
AGED 63 YEARS.

In it the body lay, the countenance looking as natural as though in a quiet sleep. Upon the lid of the casket some loving hands had deposited a cross, anchor and heart, of immortelles twined with evergreens, which were all the floral decorations exhibited.

THE RELIGIOUS EXERCISES

corresponding with the unpretending life of the deceased, were devoid of all ostentation—simple and brief, yet solemnly impressive. Gathered in the centre of the parlor in a semicircle were seated the members of the family; in front stood the ministers, Congressional delegation, and distinguished men who had turned aside from active life to pay the last tribute of respect to one whom they had learned to honor. Near the doorway, commanding a view of the exterior and interior of the house, were the journalists, while the remainder of the apartment, the hallway, portico, stairs and windows were filled with the throng of acquaintances and friends, many of whom testified by sincere emotion their love of him for whom they mourned.

The services were in charge of the Rev. T. N. Boyle, pastor of the South Common, M. E. Church, Allegheny, an intimate friend of the deceased. Punctually at the hour designated, one o'clock, they were opened. Rev. W. A. Stewart, (Methodist) announcing the hymn,

"Rock of ages cleft for me
Let me hide myself in thee,
Let the water and the blood
From thy wounded side which flowed,
Be of sin the double cure
Save from wrath, and make me pure."

When the assemblage had ceased singing, the Rev. H. Q. Graham (United Presbyterian) opened the Bible and read as a Scripture lesson the 90th Psalm.

REV. J. W. WALKER'S ADDRESS.

Rev. J. W. Walker, (Presbyterian) then addressed the throng in reference to the object for which they gathered, and said that in it they could see that God spoke to men, not only in His written word, but by the dispensations of His providence. His voice was often to be heard by those who would hear it in the calamities of life. They knew this in the experiences of their own lives and hardly one in the assemblage, by an appeal to the past, could not recall some dark times, when, through the sorrow and the trial, God's voice seemed to be a new revelation of character. By the removal of friends as in this case. He taught that life was short and uncertain, and that all were liable to be called away in the twinkling of an eye; all were subject, to affliction, to disease, and to death. These experiences were sad and sorrowful at times, but they were for good, and if men but viewed them in the right light in which they were given, they would be productive of the most sacred results. He wished, however, on this occasion, not to dwell upon the bitter

EXPERIENCES OF THE HOUR,

but to direct the mind to the lessons which were thus taught. He desired to press home to every heart, the solemn injunction of the Master, "Watch, and be ye also ready, for in such an hour as ye know not, the Son of Man cometh." The command thus given to the Disciples of the blessed Master, centuries ago, was still the great injunction which should be heeded by men to-day. It taught that they too were mortals, and that in view of the change which death wrought, that they should watch continually for the messenger. The thought should not be pushed aside by the cares of life. Its full import and solemnity should be the subject of earnest reflection. Its nearness to all should be considered, and the preparations made for the change. Two things were necessary to enable man to face death in resignation and peace. First, repentance—a "repentance that needeth not to be repented of," and then faith in our Lord Jesus Christ. To maintain these conditions of mind man should always be on his guard. Slumber and weariness were apt to overtake them, and men were prone to yield to these influences. Even the Apostles themselves were tired and slept when they had been

COMMANDED TO WATCH.

Weariness was death, and he who would act wisely and keep himself ready, should be careful and remember the great injunction, "Watch."

In the Word also we were taught what they who were careless were to expect. It was recorded of some that for such cause, because they were not fully arrayed, prepared, they were cast out from the marriage feast. The lessons of death should be heeded. None knew when it would come. Were any in the assemblage certain the death messenger would visit them that night, how anxious they would be for the proper preparation, how carefully all business would be settled up; how perfectly every detail would be arranged. And was not the soul of infinitely more value than property? Why then should they not be infinitely more careful to be ready for the summons, which "cometh as a thief in the night?" All then should endeavor to improve these lessons; all should have their lamps trimmed and lights burning, as those who "joyfully waited the coming of the Lord." The lessons of the hour should teach all to prepare for eternity.

REV. T. N. BOYLE'S ADDRESS.

The Rev. T. N. Boyle (Methodist) of Allegheny city, next addressed the assemblage saying:

My Christian Friends—God not only speaks to us out of His word in sentences of warning, but He also has filled it with sentences of consolation. In the midst of dark clouds and seasons of sorrow thorugh which we pass we can even look back to the time when Jesus stood in the land of Judea and poured into the minds of His disciples, when their heart-strings were breaking, the following words: "Let not your hearts be troubled; ye believe in God, believe also in Me. In My Father's house are many mansions: if it were not so I would have told you; I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you I will come again and receive you unto Myself; that where I am, there ye may be also." Jesus stands to-day in the midst of these sorrowing ones, and drops into their minds the tender expression: "Let not your hearts be troubled." We learn to-day that we may help them to bear their sorrow. Let them remember that

"God moves in a mysterious way,
His wonders to perform.
He plants His footsteps in the sea,
And rides upon the storm.
Deep in unfathomable mines,
Of never failing skill,
He treasures up His bright designs,
And hides His sovereign will.
Blind unbelief is sure to err,
And scan God's work in vain:
He is the true interpreter,
And He will make it plain."

Do not allow the heart-felt sorrows of this hour to overwhelm you to such an extent that you will forget the tender mercies of God.

"Deem not that they are blest alone,
Whose lives a peaceful tenor keep,
For God, who pities man, has showers
Of blessings for the eyes that weep."

The scenes and the circumstances of the present hour are calculated in their very tendency to lead us to reflection.

The death of John Covode has effected the entire nation, because he

HAD A NATIONAL REPUTATION,

and all over the land men are alluding to his career and picking out the noble traits of his character. One great glory of our people is that however many passages at arms men may have in the heat of political contests, when the contests are over the asperities pass away, and when our men die their most ardent opponents are anxious to come forward and speak of their virtues. Now that Mr. Covode is dead, we have here to-day the Republican and the Democrat standing together and mingling their tears over his coffin. We have not time to speak at length of his history, but there are a few prominent traits worthy of notice.

He was an Ardent Friend.—The people of this locality who have known him these many years are willing to testify to the fact that he was far from being cold, selfish and heartless, but that there was an ardor in his attachment which no change in his rank or position ever took from him. Many persons rising from obscurity to distinction and renown as he did, would have dragged themselves away from those that surrounded them in their earlier days. But Mr. Covode did not forget the friends of his childhood. Hence he elected to remain as a resident in their midst, and it was his delight occasionally to get away from public men, that he might enjoy the society of these who had ever been his friends. Those of extensive business transactions with him, found in the geniality of his nature much to admire. At the Capital of the nation he was ever careful in studying the wants of his friends, and as far as he possessed the power he supplied those wants.

He was an Earnest Worker.—This was true of him in all the departments of life he ever entered. His practice corresponded with his motto, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might." He never allowed

TIME TO WASTE

in his hands. On the farm, in the shop, in his office and in the halls of Congress we find him the same earnest toiler. Never satisfied with present attainments, he was always pushing forward to sublime heights and still greater achievements. As a Representative, he was second to no man in attending to the details of his office. There have stood in those halls those who were more brilliant and more profound, but no man ever stood there who was more in earnest, or who toiled with better results for the good of the people.

He was a great man. His greatness did not consist in any one particular but in the general make up of his composition there was that energizing spirit and force of character that pushed him up out of obscurity and made him a power in this nation. His lot, like ours, was cast in a land where none are born great, but where facilities and instruments are afforded to all to attain to distinction. He was fortunate in mounting the tide and riding upon it to an elevated position. When the sad news of his death thrilled over the telegraph wires the public pulse stood still—silence reigned, but the pause was broken by the universal declaration "that a great man had fallen."

But let us come a little nearer home, and as we note

HIS DOMESTIC LIFE

we may speak of him as a *prudent father*. He was ever mindful of the children that God had given him, and one of the great aims of his life was to fit them for usefulness in the world. When called upon by his fellow-citizens to act the part of a public man, he did not forget his paternal duties, nor did he make the mistake of others by dragging them out into the fashionable and corrupt society that might have ruined them. On the other hand he elected that they should have their home in this valley, where they would be associated with the humble and uncorrupt, and where they could breathe the pure air that sweeps down over these mountains

May the benediction of the Highest gently rest upon the widow, the children and the relatives. May they place their hands in the hands of the Invisible, and may they be led by Him upto the plains of immortality, where there are no separations, much less no such sudden separations as they have experienced; may the Senators, Congressmen, Representatives, business men and neighbors forget the faults of Mr. Covode, and try to imitate his virtues; may the lives of all be fruitful of good results, and when we quit the shores of time,

"May our passage be
As sets the morning star,
Which goes not down behind the darkened west,
Nor hides obscure amid the tempest of the sky,
But melts away into the light of Heaven."

Rev. H. Q. Graham (United Presbyterian) now closed the exercises at the house with a feeling and eloquent invocation to the Throne of Grace, praying that He who could fully sympathize with the suffering and sorrow, and who alone could administer the balm of consolation to their bruised hearts, might shower His richest blessings upon the family thus bereft, and so teach them as well as all who participated in the sacred exercises of the hour, to number their days, that in the hereafter they might acknowledge Him who only could rightly, "direct their paths."

The religious services thus concluded occupied less than an hour in their continuance, and, by their very simplicity and brevity, seemed to make a deep impression upon all.

The friends and all who desired were now granted an opportunity to look for a moment upon the face of the dead. They filed through the hall-way, and many tears of sincere sorrow fell, as one after another of those he had befriended in life looked their last upon their benefactor.

THE FUNERAL CORTEGE

was then formed, the family consisting of nine in all, two of them only being small children, were seated in their conveyances, when the remains were brought out by the Congressional Committee and deposited in the hearse, which had been covered with a black drapery. The cortege then slowly commenced the journey over the hills, the hearse being followed by the carriages of the family and friends, which were succeeded by vehicles of all descriptions, filled with the "country folks" and winding up with a long cavalcade of persons on horseback, the majority of whom either in dress or badge, bore some mark of mourning. Travelling about two miles, the procession finally halted upon the outskirts of the little village of Fairfield, and in the little cemetery connected with the Methodist Episcopal church, where a grave had been dug in the "Covode family lot" which already contained the remains of a son—a brave soldier, sacrificed for the nation. The friends surrounded the grave with heads uncovered, and then the burial casket was taken from the hearse and borne to the spot by the

PALL BEARERS.

Mr. D. W. Shryock, Greensburgh.
Mr. Thomas Pollock, Lockport Valley.
Mr. James McElroy, " "
Gen. C. P. Markle, West Newton.
Gen. H. D. Foster, Greensburg.
Mr. John Scott, Pittsburgh.

As the coffin was lowered the Rev. T. N. Boyle commenced the reading of the beautiful and solemn Methodist Episcopal burial service. As at the house, so at the grave, there was no pomp or ostentation. Quietly and in simple style, as his inclinations in life had been, the strong man was laid to rest; and there in that little village churchyard, and apart from the busy ways of men, high up among the mountains, whose rugged nature corresponded so well with his own, John Covode, one of the most marked men of his time, reposes in the sleep of death.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

In the case of M. Stadtfield, indicted for larceny and receiving stolen goods, the jury were unable to agree upon a verdict.

John Thomas, charged with felonious assault and battery, previously reported, was sentenced to pay the costs and to serve in the Work House eleven months.

The case of Mary Purcell, charged with surety of the peace, on oath of Agnes Moran, was settled by the defendant paying the costs.

THE REALF CASE AGAIN.

As announced last Saturday, the case of Colonel Realf, charged with desertion on oath of his wife, came up again to-day, it having been postponed until other witnesses could be obtained. Although Realf asked and was granted the privilege of pleading his own case, Colonel Bayne appeared on his behalf this morning. Witnesses were examined and the whole case was narrowed down to the simple question, whether or not Realf was able to contribute anything to the support of his wife. The prosecuting party showed that he had attained some notoriety in the literary way, and was a good newspaper man, and was offered and worked a short time on the *Dispatch*. The defence plead that he was sickly and could not accept a permanent situation, but was obliged to get along as best he could with remunerations in a small way for poems and writings, literally thrown on the market. The prisoner offered to do what he could in the way of supporting his wife, but no bail having been found, he was remanded to jail. Further action will be taken in the case in the beginning of next week.

DISTRICT COURT—TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

240 Bly vs. Ginnison et al.
179 Benny vs. Greer.
2 Megraw vs. Morris.
3 Stern vs. Levi et al.
5 Morgan vs. Davis.
8 Shafer vs. O'Brien.
10 Lutz vs. Keller.
11 Mohr vs. Mohr.
12 Mohr vs. Landgraff.
14 Dickon for use vs. Wildman.
17 Wilson vs. Reed.
18 Williams et al. vs. Porter et al.
22 Herisby & Johnston vs. Hatch.
23 Herisby & Johnston vs. Hatch.

Shoes, shoes, shoes, shoes.—If you want bargains in boots and shoes, attend the large auction sale to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at A. Leggate's auction house, 150 Federal street, Allegheny.

OUR INSANE.

Annual Meeting of the Contributors and Board of Managers of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont—Mortality Statistics—Improvements—Answer to Outside Complaints—Interesting Statements.

On Saturday quite a large number of the friends and contributors of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont, assembled in the chapel of that institution, to participate in the annual business meeting, and hear the reports of the Board of Managers regarding the operations during the past year. Preparatory to organization, the guests were shown through the various wards and apartments, and all expressed the highest satisfaction over the cleanly and orderly condition of the Hospital throughout. The patients all appeared to be well cared for, and the large majority of them seemed pleased, happy, and contented.

THE REPORTS.

After an elegant dinner the visitors retired to the chapel where a meeting was organized by calling Hon. J. K. Moorhead to the chair, and appointing W. S. Bissell, Esq., Secretary. John Harper, Esq., who has so long, so earnestly, and so faithfully presided over the Board of Managers of this philanthropic institution, proceeded to read his annual report made in accordance with law to Hon. W. Worthington, General Agent of the State Board of Public Charities. The report opens with a reference to the fact that the Managers have under their direction two separate establishments—the Dixmont Hospital for the insane, and the General Hospital for the sick and afflicted in Pittsburgh. At the commencement of 1870 there were 334 insane patients at Dixmont; 228 have since been admitted, making a total of 572 under treatment during the year, of these 161 have been discharged or died, leaving 401 in the Hospital on the 1st of December. Of those discharged 60 were restored, 47 improved, and 16 unimproved. There were 38 deaths. The general health of the inmates during the year has been excellent. The deaths during the year were 38—20 males and 18 females.

BUILDING FINISHED.

Since the date of the last report, it is stated, the eastern wing has been completed, and the whole building, according to the original plan approved by Governor Pollock in 1856, finished. Special reference is made to the new kitchen now about completed. Its plan and arrangements are commensurate with the present necessities of the Hospital.

REAL ESTATE HELD.

Allusion is next made to the trouble and expense of land slides. The land at Dixmont now embraces about 350 acres, which have been purchased and paid for through private benefactions. The last addition of forty-nine acres was consummated in February last, at a cost of $17,195. The balance due ($6,000, payable in three years) the managers propose to collect from friends of the Hospital, a reliance that has never failed.

The improvement of the grounds is next referred to as follows: "All who have been upon the grounds will attest as to the great beauty of the prospect which they afford, and their susceptibility to almost unrivalled ornamentation. This will be the work of the future, and to this both the State and the friends of the institution are invited to give a generous consideration. Hitherto no call for this object has been made on either public or private benevolence."

THE TWELFTH WARD HOSPITAL.

After referring to the bequests of the late Charles Brewer and James Crawford, of which the institution is the almoner, the report refers to the City Hospital, in the Twelfth ward. This has been placed under the direction of an Executive Committee from the Board, who have chosen Hon. J. K. Moorhead as Chairman, and J. M. Cooper, Esq., as Secretary. Reference is made to the Soldiers' Home, of the resignation of Dr. C. B. King, and the election of Major F. W. Heslop in his stead. It is stated with regret that the conduct of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in seizing the street and occupying the entire front of the premises, and obstructing, with peril to life, its only avenue of access, continues to blight the prosperity of this hospital.

COMPLAINTS REFUTED.

The report concludes as follows: I beg in conclusion to say a few words in regard to the Hospital at Dixmont, which are prompted by some recent annoyances; availing myself of this report to reach the friends of the institution and the public generally. The satisfactory completion of this magnificent edifice is the crowning event of the year. It is now filled to almost its entire capacity with a class of helpless fellow-beings for whose very sad condition good men have shown their sympathy by their generous acts, and our noble Commonwealth has provided with parental care. The State demands and the contributors require that these patients shall not suffer neglect; and all that science and philanthropy can accomplish is expected to be done for their melioration. The law of kindness should be the only rule to govern insane asylums. And I am witness to the fact that it has been the aim of the managers, who have labored for years to make the Hospital at Dixmont equal to any institution of the kind in the land, to recognize and enforce this rule of action. Perfection is no human quality. Faults may possibly have been committed—things left undone which should have been done, but notwithstanding errors and failures, the Managers believe the hospital under their charge will favorably compare with the best in the country, all things taken into consideration.

A JUST COMPLIMENT.

The Superintendent, Dr. J. A. Reed, has labored faithfully and efficiently to promote the growth and prosperity of the Institution, and he has the confidence of the managers. All who know anything about hospitals for the insane are aware of the constant barrassments which distract and impede the best efforts of the governing officer. There is no public situation that a man can be placed in more beset with difficulties than such a Superintendence. If this officer is not aided, cherished and sustained by an efficient management, with the co-operation of a discriminating and just public sentiment, he must be more or less than human to keep from breaking down mentally and physically in his onerous position. The poor patient, with warped and weakened faculties, is not always the cause of trouble. Outside fault-finding and consciousness—whether from thoughtlessness or malice—whether uttered in private circles by injudicious friends of patients, or sensationally paraded in newspaper columns, are sources of mischief, the effects of which every thoughtful mind can discern, and from which every friend of humanity should pray the hospital to be delivered. In calling the attention to this subject, it is not for the purpose of craving forbearance when wrong is palpable, and the true interest of society demands its exposure, nor screening the conduct of any officer or employee from a just criticism; but to ask honest men and an impartial press to lend their influence to check the growth of that pernicious spirit of detraction, which a morbid taste only encourages, and whose innocent victims are afforded no other redress than courts of law.

THE FINANCES.

The reports of the Executive Committee, Finance Committee and of the Treasurer were also read. From the latter we learn that the total receipts, including earnings received at the Hospital at Dixmont, $59,544.93, amounted to $147,244.71, and the expenditures for all purposes, $137,558.50, leaving a balance in treasury of $11,696.21.

STATISTICAL.

The report of J. A. Reed, Superintendent and Physician, includes a large number of statistical tables, giving all the facts of practical value so far as they could be ascertained, in regard to the ages, sex, civil condition, occupation, financial condition, whether independent or not, the duration of insanity, apparent causes, &c., not only of those patients admitted during the eleven months of the present year, but of 1,825 patients admitted since 1856. A summary of the report is given in the abstract of the President's report above. We will give a more detailed abstract from this interesting report at another time. From inquiry we learn that there are now 415 patients in the institution, and that the wards on the male side are over-crowded, there being fifty-five more than the capacity of the institution for those of that sex.

THE COST OF BOARDING.

The Superintendent says, in reference to the cost of boarding for public and private patients in the Hospital at the present time, that the highest price is $6 a week and the lowest $2.50, while three are received free of charge. The following are the numbers and cost: Four pay $6, forty-three $5; twenty-eight $4, three hundred and twenty-two $3, and one $2.50 per week. This statement shows that the charge of extravagant prices being demanded for patients is without foundation.

SEPARATION DESIRED.

The report of the Committee on the Soldiers Home, in the Twelfth ward, says:

"As the object and aim of the asylum at Dixmont and the city hospital are entirely dissimilar, and as the former is under State patronage and the latter not, we recommend that the Board apply to the Legislature for an act separating them upon terms that will be fair, just and equitable to the contributors, and that provision be made for the election of separate Boards of Management for each. If this is done, your committee believe that the time is not far distant when our city will have a well endowed hospital, ready and able to perform more fully the wise and benevolent purposes of the creation."

On motion the reports were all accepted and ordered to be published in pamphlet form.

A CASE CONSIDERED.

Gen. Moorhead stated that he had just been informed by Dr. King, having in charge the City Hospital, or Soldiers' Home, in the Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, which he (the Doctor) felt it his duty to report to the contributors to take whatever action they thought proper. Recently during the absence of Dr. King from the city, a man applied for admittance to the Home and was refused it by some of the minor officers, by whom it is not known. The grounds alleged for the refusal was that the applicant was not a soldier.

Mr. Harper and several others expressed their indignation at this action of the officer of the Home, stating that the rules of the institution require the admission of all applicants, whether soldiers or not.

Mr. Harper then moved the General Committee of the Hospital, of which General Moorhead is chairman, be authorized to investigate the matter and see where the fault lies. The motion was adopted.

Dr. King, attending physician of Soldiers' Home, in explanation for himself and superintendant, disclaims any responsibility in the premises, (being absent at the time) also stating that there was no instructions or rules admitting, or funds appropriated to maintain the victims of cruelties &c. The motion was accepted and referred.

On motion of Mr. Jones, Charles H. Spang, Esq., was elected a life member of the Board.

The meeting then proceeded to an

ELECTION FOR MANAGERS

With the following result:

One Year—Wm. M. Darlington, Richard Edwards, Wm. A. Herron, J. T. Kincaid, R. C. Loomis, P. H. Miller, W. W. Wallace.

Two Years—F. R. Brunot, Geo. A. Berry, F. H. Collier, T. M. Howe, Reuben Miller, Jr. John B. McFadden, Alexander Spear.

Three Years—J. I. Bennett, Robert Beer, Richard E. Breed, James M. Cooper, Joseph M. Knap, James Park, Jr., H. W. Williams.

OFFICERS CHOSEN.

The contributors meeting then adjourned, when the new Board of Managers met and re-elected the following officers of the institution for the ensuing year:

President—John Harper.
Vice-Presidents—John Holmes Isaac Jones.
Secretary and Treasurer—John A. Harper.

President Harper, in announcing the committees for the year, said that some of them had not attended to their whole duty as they should have done, but he proposed to give them another chance, and hoped that they would do better this year. He then announced that the committees of 1870 would be continued for 1871.

ANOTHER PHYSICIAN ASKED.

The President suggested that a second assistant Physician be employed, as Dr. Reed's duties were too onerous to admit of him paying the attention he would desire to the management of the institution.

General Moorhead then moved that another physician be employed for the institution, and that an appropriation be asked for. Adopted.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

Holiday Presents, at John R. & A. Murdoch's, 112 Smithfield street, opposite Post-office.

THE MERCANTILE LIBRARY.

Annual Meeting on Saturday—The Result of the Election—A Spirited Contest—The Annual Reports.

The Young Men's Mercantile Library Association held their regular annual meeting on Saturday afternoon last to hear the reports of officers for the ensuing year. The exciting feature of the event was the election, there being two tickets in the field. The polling commenced at two o'clock and continued till eight with the following result:

Regular.		*Independent.*	
PRESIDENT.			
John H. Bailey	282	Henry M. Long	457
VICE PRESIDENT.			
C. B. Shea	318	James Collord	424
TREASURER.			
Oliver Lemon	304	W. J. Radcliffe	432
SECRETARY.			
J. McH. Reinhart	355	Geo. I. Whitney	384
DIRECTORS.			
W. P. Herbert	341	W. N. Howard	480
C. B. McVay	290	Lewis McIntosh	403
W. L. Jones	250	H. B. Waring	354
J. E. Schwartz	361	R. C. Albree	405
Henry Holdship	362	E. T. Dravo	446
AUDITORS.			
Andrew Long	305	Rodman Wister	443
W. H. Kincaid	285	W. F. Robb	436
A. A. McCarthy	300	E. V. McCandless	442

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

Mr. J. R. McCune, President, presented his annual report as follows:

In conformity with the requirements of the Constitution, your Board of Directors, through their President, herewith present the annual report:

The most important event to the Association during the past year was the removal from the room which it formerly occupied to the magnificent new Library Building, erected by the generosity of the Mercantile Library Hall Company. Unavoidable delays prevented the completion of the furnishment in time for our occupancy on the first day of April, and it was determined to remove temporarily into one of the new store rooms on the first floor of the Library Building. The Board having previously resolved to arrange and classify the books of the Library, availed themselves of the opportunity thus presented to call in all books which were in the hands of members, and withhold them from further circulation until the required classification had been made and new catalogues prepared. In order thoroughly to effect this purpose, much time was necessary, and although the Librarian and his assistants labored assiduously to hasten the completion of the work, it was found impracticable to resume the circulation of the books until the 11th day of June. Thus, during a period of fully two months the members were necessarily deprived of the privilege of the library, other than the reading of periodical literature, the free use of which has not at any time been intermitted.

The final completion of the library rooms enabled us to remove into them on the 26th day of August.

The accompanying report of the Librarian presents the gratifying fact that the present number of our members is largely in excess of the highest point heretofore attained. You will also perceive by reference thereto that the circulation of books has been much greater during the time we have occupied our new rooms than for the corresponding period of the previous year. These facts should stimulate us to increased efforts on behalf of the Library, and as we are now domiciled in a building which is designed for a permanent home, the attention of our successors is respectfully directed to the necessity of making some concerted efforts to enlarge the Library so that the number of its volumes may bear some proper relation to the magnificent proportions of the commodious rooms which we are now enabled to occupy. The Library is no longer a mere idea, but a fixed fact, and is measurably accomplishing its mission in educating and refining the community. In order to maintain its acknowledged position and increase its powers for usefulness, we must have large accessions of books.

The adoption of a rule requiring the book-cases to be kept closed and fastened has begotten some criticism. It was after much discussion, and with some doubts as to its propriety, that this course was determined on. The constant reader very much desires to have free access to all the books in the library without the formality of an application to a librarian. And those who have long enjoyed this privilege would dislike to surrender it. But on the other hand, experience has proven that when the cases were kept open there is a constant withdrawal of books without their being reported to the librarian, thereby rendering it impossible to learn by the records whether or not a book has been taken out, and in very many cases involving the loss of the book. In addition to this gross irregularity, many fine engravings have been taken out from the books, and volumes otherwise mutilated.

Notwithstanding the utmost vigilance of the Librarian and his assistants, these evils appeared to grow with the increased attendance at the Library, and in order to remedy them the Board felt compelled to adopt this restriction. In doing so they have but imitated the example of the greater number of the public libraries throughout the country, and our experience thus far seems to verify the evidence of the arrangement. It is hoped that a full consideration of the matter will receive the cordial acquiescence of those members who may at first felt aggrieved.

Your attention is directed to the report of the Treasurer, which exhibits in detail the amounts of the receipts and disbursements for the past year, together with the balance remaining in the treasury at this date.

Your attention is also requested to the very favorable report of the Lecture Committee. The gentlemen constituting this committee have expended a great amount of time and labor in the discharge of their duties, and the Association is much indebted to them not merely for the pleasure and instruction afforded by the lectures, but also for the important pecuniary results which their good judgment has produced, the treasury being benefited to the amount exceeding two thousand dollars by the close of 1869-70.

The Board is advised informally of a bequest of five thousand dollars, made to the Association by Ebenezer Brewer, Esq. None of the fruits of this generous benefactor will probably be realized during the present year, but will in good time produce happy results to the community, and cause the memory of the liberal donor to be beloved and cherished as long as the Association shall have an existence. Are there no other men of large pecuniary means who will imitate the example of liberality and make the Library the recipient of their generosity without waiting to transfer the execution of their designs to the hands of their administrators?

The Board also desires to make grateful acknowledgment to Richard Hays, Esq., for the unsolicited donation of fifty shares of the capital stock of the Mercantile Library Hall Company, of the par value of five hundred dollars.

The propriety of requesting similar favors from other members of the Library Hall Company, and of granting life membership to those who may transfer a specified number of shares of the capital stock of the Association, may properly engage your attention at no distant day.

Your special attention is requested to the letter appended to these reports from Hon. Felix R. Brunot. The suggestions therein contained relative to the custody of the Library building, are deserving of your most serious consideration. The agreement therewith submitted is hereby commended to the Mercantile Library Association as probably the best possible solution of the difficulty which seems to attach to the relations existing between the Library Hall Company and this Association.

In view of the growing importance of the affairs of your corporation, and with a view to greater permanence and stability in its management an amendment to the Constitution is recommended whereby the number of your Directors would be increased to nine or twelve, whose term of office should continue for three years, one third of them to be elected annually.

The propriety of keeping public libraries open on the Sabbath has recently been a subject of controversy in this city, as well as elsewhere. Without entering upon a discussion of what is known as the Sunday question, your outgoing President, speaking for himself only, would deplore any change in this matter from our present regulations.

It is well known that very many of our members entertain deep convictions of the impropriety of opening on Sunday, and to do violence to their feelings would certainly alienate from the Association a large number of its most zealous friends and patrons. The recent opening of the reading rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association on the Sabbath, in our immediate vicinity, will probably satisfy the wishes of those who desire us to adopt this course. It would probably be wise to defer any action on this important question until we shall have learned the lesson which the experience of our neighbor may teach. It is a noticeable fact that the Cincinnati Mercantile Library Association, after a warm contest at its recent annual meeting, has decided not to open its doors on Sunday.

There is a manifest propriety in embodying in this report, a notice of the very recent demise of James McAuley, for many years President of this Association, and throughout its darkest days one of its faithful and persistent friends. Without his material aid at a critical juncture of its history, the Association would, probably, have been dissolved. The Board cannot refrain from the expression of their sorrow at his death, and most cheerfully bear testimony to his many virtues.

The members of the Board desire to express their indebtedness to Geo. E. Appleton, Esq., who for so many years has filled the important office of Librarian, and who has continued to discharge the duties with that faithful attention to the wishes of the members which is so important in a public library. They also desire to make favorable mention of the general efficiency and uniform courtesy of all his assistants.

In severing their official connection with the Association, the retiring Board express their cherished hope that many members now present may at some future occurrence of this anniversary learn from the report of our successors that this noble structure has been transferred to the Mercantile Library Association, free from debt, that this spacious apartment contains a library of at least fifty thousand volumes, and that the institution thenceforward, being self-sustaining, its doors be gratuitously thrown open to the public.

J. R. McCUNE,
January 14, 1871. President.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN.

Mr George E. Appleton, Librarian, reports the number of annual members up to January 1st, 1870

uary 1st, 1870	760
Added during the year	327
	1,086
Deceased, removed or resigned	175
Present number	914
Life members	25
Honorary members	6
Total membership	945

Number of volumes up to date of January 1st, 1870, 9,553; added during the year, 738: deducting 49 lost, the net gain is 689, and the total number 10,242. The circulation, taking the first nine months of 1870, with the corresponding months of the previous year, was respectively 19,487 and 17,310, in increase of 3,177.

The Librarian's report closed with acknowledging the receipt, free of charge, of the city papers, and other publications, too numerous to publish here.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

F. L. Stephenson, Treasurer, in account with Y. M. M. L. A.

DR.	
To Balance, January 1st, 1870	$ 11 60
Cash received from membership	3,150 00
Cash from Lecture Committee	2,069 37
Sales of old carpets, &c	285 00
Miscellaneous	31 50
Net receipts from Organ Concert	22 20
Interest on Deposits	27 15
Sale of old stove	15 00
CR.	
By Salaries	$1,951 50
Carpets, furniture, &c	798 08
Books	717 35
Rent of former rooms	400 00
Newspapers and magazines	398 24
Gas	258 43
Miscellaneous items	971 20
Balance	$117 32

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George B. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third-avenue. tf

Baskets of Flowers, at John R. & A. Murdoch's, 112 Smithfield street, opposite Post-office.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 15, 1871.	A. M. 7:23	P. M. 4:23	P. M. 11:23
Height of Barometer	29.99	29.93	30.15
Change since last report	13	.06	.18
Thermometer	55°	47°	35°
Change in last 24 hours	13°	19°	17°
Direction of wind	W.	W.	W.
Velocity of wind—miles per hour	2	4	4
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot	.02	.08	.08
Force of wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approx	A	B	B
Amount of cloud	¾	¾	¾
Rain-fall since last report—inches and hdths	0.09		
State of weather	4	3	3

NOTES—In the telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being marked here and throughout the table by the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B, gently brisk; C, pleasant brisk; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I, hurricane; J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather is expressed by figures from 1 to 6: 1 being clear, no cloud; 2, fair, ¼ to ¾ cloud; 3, cloudy, ¾ to wholly covered; 4, light rain; 5, heavy rain; 6, snow.

The barometer is corrected for temperature, elevation and instrumental error.

JAS. WEST, Observer.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Esq., Recorder of Allegheny county, Saturday, January 14, 1871:

Jno. S. Irwin to Frank Kohne, Aug. 9 1865; lot No. 32 in John S. Irwin's plan of lots, Pitt township, with building....$250
Frank Kohne to John Lupton, May 14, 1868; same lot as above....$400
John Lupton to Wm. Eaton, June 5, 1868; same as above....$400
H. S. Fleming to Hill Burgwin, Dec. 23, 1870; 10 acres 126-42 perches of land in Lower St. Clair township....$1100
John Hazlett to George H. Love, Jan. 3, 1871; 90 acres 113 perches of land, in West Deer township, with buildings....$6,500
Sampson R. Alter to Jas. Reister, March 28, 1870; 1 acre of land in Fawn township with buildings....$200
Hiram Landis to Emory Gleason et al. Nov. 27, 1869, the 1-3 of lots Nos. 48 and 49 in plan of lots laid out by G. E. Warner et al. in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny city with building....$3,289
Ammon & Field to Valentine Hibur, March 25, 1869; 20x60 ft on Mary street, borough of East Birmingham, with buildings....$1,125
Hugh Morgan, Jr., to John and Robt. Hopper, Sept. 27, 1870; 107 acres, 110 perches land in South Fayette township with building $7,500
Jas. Barclay to Thos Mellon, Dec. 29, 1870; lot No. 7 in plan of lots laid out by John Beechier in Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings....$2,000
Wm. Logan to Alex Wilson, Dec. 6, 1870; 18¾x62 feet on Ohio street, Second Ward, Allegheny city, with buildings....$7,500

Presentation.

Yesterday afternoon a very pleasant ceremony supplemented the regular exercises at the North Avenue M. E. Sunday School, Allegheny. Just before the closing services the members of the Young Men's Bible Class stepped to the front when their teacher, Mr. W. T. Paul, was called out and presented with a set of Scott's Commentaries and an handsome family Bible. Mr. Thomas Kerr, in a neat and happy manner, made the presentation speech in behalf of his associates. Mr. Paul, though surprised and almost overcome with emotion, was enabled to respond briefly, but in a touching manner, which indicated more than his language his appreciation of the feelings that prompted the gift. The incident was one of great interest and pleasure, not only to the active participants, but to all the school, and was alike creditable to the generous impulses and sympathies of the class, who thus certified their esteem for a true, earnest and faithful teacher, and to the teacher whose influence had been of a character to win such esteem, which is his highest encomium.

Installed in Office.

John A. Strain, Esq., who was elected Alderman at the recent election, has secured most elegant quarters opposite the Cathedral for office purposes, and will commence the administration of justice this day. On Saturday afternoon he held a reception for his friends and constituents, which was attended by a large number of citizens, representing nearly all the professions, and gentlemen of all shades of politics. A sumptuous banquet was spread, over which Max Moorhead, Esq., happily presided. Congratulatory speeches were made by a number of gentlemen, and letters full of compliment and congratulation were read from Gov. Geary and other prominent State officials, after which the meeting adjourned, all wishing the courteous Alderman abundant success in his new and elegant quarters.

In the evening Alderman Strain was serenaded by the popular St. Cecilia Brass Band, whose excellent music attracted several hundred people in front of the office, who were very happily addressed on behalf of the recipient of the compliment by W. D. Moore, Esq.

Death of Professor J. D. Williams.

By private letters we have received information of the death of Professor John D. Williams, a noted penman, and until a few years ago a resident of this city, and Professor of Penmanship in Duff's College. He was the author of a work on plain and ornamental penmanship, and a series of school copy-books.

At the time of his death he was Professor of Penmanship in Packard's College, New York. Professor Williams was well known in this city, and his loss will be much regretted.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Second week of Mr. Frank Mayo. To-night Mr. Mayo appears as "Snorkey" in "Under the Gaslight," a five act play, written by Mr. Augustus Daly, and now for the first time presented to the Pittsburgh public.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—Mr. Aims to-night presents a new attraction in the Levantine Brothers, who, in connection with the Arabs and minstrel troupe, make this the greatest variety entertainment in the country.

An American Book Abroad.—*Webster's Dictionary* is now considered throughout the continent of Europe, not only the authority *par excellence* in English lexicography, but as *the characteristic American book.* It is better known and more widely circulated than any other. I have met with it at the Imperial Library in Paris, the Library of the British Museum, the Athenaeum and other London clubs, and numerous other places. I have heard of it from Turkey, India, China, and even Japan. It is everywhere deservedly applauded for the elegance of its type, the distinctness of its impression, the beauty of the engravings, and the vast amount of information condensed within its covers.—*Paris Cor. of Boston Post.*

Meetings of the following committees occur:
Road—On Monday at 2 P. M.
Street—On Monday at 7 P. M.
Survey—On Tuesday at 2 P. M.

THE STATE.

SCARLET fever and diphtheria are quite prevalent in New Castle.

THERE were 245 students of both sexes in Waynesburg College last year.

NEW CASTLE claims to be the dirtiest place created except Pittsburgh—a proud boast for that dirt represents, industry, energy and wealth.

THE Lawrence *Journal* says: We are glad to learn that the nail factory of the Shenango Iron Works was started on Wednesday last, after a fortnight stoppage, the difference between the parties which caused the delay having been satisfactorily adjusted.

MRS. DAVID MILLER, of West Salem, was found dead in the door yard of her house on the evening of the 2d instant. She had come out to look after the chickens, and was found by her family, as we have just said. Heart disease is supposed to have caused her death.

MR. VALENTINE CRAFT was shot last Monday at Clarksville, while aiding the constable of Jefferson township, to arrest a man named Preston, for whom they had a warrant. Preston shot Craft in the bowels and it is expected he will die. Preston is a resident of Washington county.

THE employes of the Shenango Iron Works gave a handsome complimentary banquet last week to their employers, Messrs. Reis, Brown and Berger. The Great Western Band from this city was engaged for the evening. During the evening the following appreciative toast was drunk and responded to by Congressman McClelland: "Reis, Brown and Berger and the benefactors of New Castle."

Barckley

DIED:

DOUGLAS—Sabbath morning, Jan. 15, 1871, at 4 o'clock, of inflammation of the lungs, JOSEPH DOUGLAS BARCKLEY, son of Joseph and Martha P. Barckley, aged 2 years and 9 months.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, corner of Enoch and Roberts street, TO-DAY, January 16th, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

☞WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., Undertakers, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

Humphrey's Homepathic MEDICINES.

A complete line constantly on hand. Also, a full line of

Patent Medicines, Sponges, Soaps and Toilet Articles.

☞Prescriptions carefully compounded at

ROSENBACH'S Drug and Prescription Store,
140 SMITHFIELD STREET.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
BELL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
Engine, Locomotive and Rolling Mill Brasses made promptly to order.
Office—592 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION,
PITTSBURGH, January 12, 1871.

☞APPLICATIONS WILL BE IMMEDIATELY received by this Board for the Professorship of Commercial Science in the Pittsburgh Central High School. Applicants should have a good general education and be experts in Penmanship, Book-keeping and Commercial Calculations.
ja13 JOHN A. SERGEANT, Secretary.

☞THE BRIDAL CHAMBER—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, on great SOCIAL EVILS and ABUSES, which interfere with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent free of charge in sealed envelope. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. ja16:153-d&F

☞OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES who want the 160 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, or full particulars respecting the same, should purchase "HOMES IN THE WEST," a neat book of over 100 pages, published by B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. It contains something of interest to all who served in the army or navy ninety days or upward; gives a description of Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and other leading cities of the West; all the pre-emption laws, &c., &c. Price 50 cents. For sale at Room No. 4, New GAZETTE Building, or sent to any address on receipt of price and stamp.
Address B. F. BROWN,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, January 5th, 1871.

☞NOTICE.—PROPOSALS FOR WRITING.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 14th inst., inclusive, for writing and copying from the original assessments, as returned by the respective Assessors of Allegheny county:
Ninety-eight Office Tax Duplicates.
Ninety-eight School Tax Duplicates.
Ninety-eight Treasurers' Collection Duplicates.
The work to be done in the office of the County Commissioners, and finished on or before the 15th day of April next. Bids to be so much the running line complete, to include the calculation and extension of all taxes, and the comparing of each and all the books with the originals, beside a recapitulation in each and all the books proving the total of the different taxes by the valuation. The correctness of the duplicates must be probated before warrants are issued in payment. Bond, with sufficient security, will be required for the fulfilment of the contract.
Samples can be seen on application.
By order of the County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT,
ja7:16 Controller.

☞PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that books for the subscription to

The Increased Capital Stock

Of the Co-operative Life Insurance Company of West Pennsylvania will open at the office of the Company, 131 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 16th day of January, 1871.
By order of the Directors.
A. PATTERSON, Secretary.
Printed copies of the act of incorporation with full explanations of the purposes of the Company, may be had on application at the office of the Company, or to
Hon. JOSEPH WALTON, W. C. AUGHINBAUGH
Hon. JAS. P. BARR, C. F. SCHWARZ
JOHN D. SCULLY, Esq., C. J. SMITH
W. W. PATRICK, Esq., ALEX. TINDLE
A. B. STEVENSON.
The annual election for Directors of the Co-operative Life Insurance Company will take place at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February, 1871.
New stock to be voted at said election must be subscribed on or before the 20th day of January.
By order of the Directors.
ja10:35TTHS A. PATTERSON, Secretary.

☞PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan & Davieson,

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have opened a Branch Office for the practice of their profession at 198 PENN ST., Pittsburgh, Pa., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted for a limited period more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands, suffer from the effects of early indiscretion, and seek in vain for relief. For none but the educated Physician, who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength.

To all such, Drs. JORDAN and DAVIESON offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain, and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, 198 Penn street, on receipt of 25c.; and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation, from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M. till 8 P. M.

Every case is strictly confidential. no30:167

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, January 11, 1871.

☞THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend, of
TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT.
on the Capital Stock, payable MONDAY, 16th inst.
ja12:37 A. P. McGREW, Secretary.

☞DIVIDEND.—
THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK has this day declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand,
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 30, 1870.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1871.

☞DIVIDEND—The Directors of this bank have declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of taxes.
JOS. R. HILL,
ja2:451 Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, December 31, 1870.

☞A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN PER CENT. will be paid to the Stockholders this Bank on and after TUESDAY, January 10, 1871.
JNO. G. MARTIN,
ja4:466 Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO.,
January 9, 1871.

☞DIVIDEND.
The Board of Trustees have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable on demand at the office of the Company.
W. H. McCLELLAND,
ja10:13 Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 3d, 1871.

☞THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable on demand, free of tax.
JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON,
ja5:k94 Secretary.

PROFESSIONAL.

J. M. Gazzam & Co.'s
LAW OFFICES,
No. 96 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.
Collections made throughout the United States through responsible Attorneys. de28

H. B. SWOOPE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.
OFFICE in CUSTOM HOUSE, 2d story. oc29:120

H. H. McCORMICK,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 68 GRANT STREET.
☞Prompt attention given to all kinds of legal business. ja2:116

D. W. ELDER,
Attorney at Law,
No. 116 Fifth Avenue, (Second Story.
nov2:g21 w

N. NELSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
From November 1st, may again be found at his office, No. 116 Fifth avenue, from 1 to 4 P. M. and on Saturdays 9 to 12 A. M. Conveyancing. Examination of Title and Orphans' Court Business specially attended to. nov2:g20-w

A. BAILIE,
Alderman and Police Magistrate.
Collector of City and County Taxes for the First ward. Office, 127 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny.
no3:

B. F. KENNEDY,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE, 2d floor, Room No. 2.
☞Prompt attention given to all legal business. de6:90

JAS. W. MURRAY
Attorney at Law,
NO. 89 FIFTH AVENUE.
jan4:k57 Pittsburgh.

Samuel McMasters,
ALDERMAN, EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE and POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, No. 100 GRANT STREET, opposite St. Paul's Cathedral.
oc5:e5

ARCHIBALD BLAKELY,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE.
se:28-T Pittsburgh, Pa.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
Has now in stock the very latest styles of
WINTER GOODS
Direct from the London market, comprising DIAGONALS, ENGLISH COATINGS, CHEVOIT SUITINGS, and an endless variety of the choicest PANTALOON PATTERNS. Also, ENGLISH CORDUROY of all colors.
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Streets.
de21:h44

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
se5 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE—Granting the use of certain streets to the Pittsburgh and Ormsby Passenger Railway Company.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the consent of the said Councils is hereby given to the Pittsburgh and Ormsby Passenger Railway Company to enter upon, lay out, and construct a railway with single and double track, with the necessary switches, beginning at the north end of the Birmingham bridge, along Second avenue with double track to Grant, up Grant with double track to Fourth avenue, and along Fourth avenue to Market street. Provided, however, that said Company shall by agreement with the Central Passenger Railway Company obtain the right to use the track of the said last named Company; and said Company shall have the privilege of traversing said street with their cars and horses subject to all the conditions, restrictions and limitations contained in and the payment provided by Act of Assembly incorporating said Company, approved April 6th, A. D. 1870, and subject also to such ordinances as may be passed from time to time by said Councils, pursuant to said Act of Assembly.

SEC. 2. That the powers above conferred are granted upon the following conditions:

First—The said Company shall use in the construction of said railway, rails of a pattern to be approved by the Street Commissioner of the City of Pittsburgh and the Committee on Streets of said city, and shall lay down the same under the supervision of said Street Commissioner and Street Committee, and in places designated by him, whose services so rendered shall be paid for by said Company.

Second—The said Company shall put down at all gutters crossed by said railway, Iron Culverts of a pattern to be approved by said Street Commissioner and Committee on Streets, and shall put down the same before the rails are laid.

Third—The payment of the sum assessed upon each car, as provided by Act of Assembly, shall be made for each car within one month after the same shall commence running on said road, and at the same date annually thereafter, but no payment of such annual assessment shall be required for cars reserved for use in case of accident or damage to others and the cars shall be numbered as drays or carriages now are numbered under the Ordinances of said Act regulating license on such vehicles.

Fourth—The payment of tax prescribed by 8th section shall be upon the net profits of said Company, and shall be made on the third Monday of January and July of each year; and on ascertaining said net profits all payments for or on account of prices, pay or interest on money borrowed for the construction of said road shall be excluded.

Fifth—The President of said Company shall annually, on the first day of July, make a written return to the City Controller of said city of the number of cars which may, at any time, during the year, have been run upon the road, not including those excepted in the third provision of this section; and the said President shall also, on or before the third Monday of January and July in each year make a written return to said City Controller of the net profits of said Company for the six months then next preceding the said returns, to be duly probated before the Controller and the books of said Company shall always be open to the inspection of the Finance or other Committees of Councils appointed for the purpose.

Sixth—The said Company shall keep clean that portion of the street through which the said railway may pass, and in perpetual good repair, from curb to curb, subject to the directions of the Street Commissioner and Street Committee with privilege to appeal to said Committee on Streets, whose decision shall be final.

Seventh—That the city reserves the right at any time after the end of twenty years from date hereof, by giving the said Company one year notice of such intention to possess said road and work, by paying for the same at a rate to be fixed by five disinterested appraisers to be appointed at the request of said city by the President Judge of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county.

SEC. 3. This Ordinance shall not go into effect, nor shall it be published or recorded until the said Company shall file in the office of said City Controller an agreement under seal of said Company, accepting this Ordinance in all its provisions and conditions, and covenanting that any failure to comply with any of its terms, may, at the option of the City Councils, be held to work a revocation of the privileges herein granted.

SEC. 4. If the Councils of said city shall at any time hereafter direct a change of grade of said streets, or either of them, or if it shall become necessary to take up said railway for the purpose of paving or repaving, grading or regrading, said streets, or either of them, or for the purpose of laying, relaying or repairing any water pipes therein, the said railway shall be taken up and relaid by said Company at their own expense; and in case of their failure so to do, after reasonable notice the Street Commissioner of the District shall take the same up at the expense of said Company, to relay the same, while any of the above enumerated work is being done upon said streets or either of them. All repairs which may be necessary upon said streets shall be done under the directions and subject to the orders of the Street Commissioner of the proper district, and the acceptance of this ordinance by the said company shall be held to be authority for the Street Commissioner of the District at all times, when he may deem the same necessary, to purchase materials and employ laborers in the name and on behalf of said Company, for the repairs of said streets, and an agreement on the part of said Company to pay the cost and expense thereof. Provided That the Councils may at any time by Ordinance require the said Company to remove their tracks from that part of Second avenue, extending from Grant street to Try street, and locate the same on the corresponding part of Third avenue so soon as there may be a Bridge erected on Third avenue, across and over the Pan Handle Railroad; and in case of their neglect or refusal to remove said track for the space of six months after the passage of said ordinance, all their rights, under this ordinance shall, at the option of the city, cease and determine

SEC. 5. That any Ordinance or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1870.
A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ja13

LEGAL.

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of proceedings of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, the undersigned guardian of the estate of Margaret Jane McClurg, minor child of John R. McClurg, deceased, will offer at public sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh,

On Saturday, Feb. 4, 1871.

At 10 o'clock A. M. All those three certain Lots of Ground, numbered 186 187 and 188, in the partition of the estate of John R. McClurg, deceased, in No. 144 Partition Docket of the District Court of Allegheny county, situate in the Borough of Ormsby, (formerly Lower St. Clair township) bounded and described as follows viz:

Commencing on the southern side of Josephine street, at the easterly corner of lot No. 185; thence along the easterly line of said lot in a northerly direction to Edwards alley a distance of 103 feet; thence extending along the southern line of said alley in an eastwardly direction to the corner of lot No. 189, a distance of 72 feet; thence extending along the westwardly line of said lot in a southerly direction to Josephine street, 88 feet; thence extending along the northern line of Josephine street, in a westerly direction, to lot No. 185 aforesaid, a distance of 72 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning; each of said lots having a width of 24 feet, extending from said Josephine street to Edwards alley.

TERMS will be made known on day of sale, or on application to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
Guardian.
ja13:j45

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of ANN MARIA HIMILWRIGHT, late of East Deer township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Allegheny county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.
WM. V. EVANS, Executor.
TARENTUM Dec. 1st, 1870. de2:i60

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of SAMUEL B. FOIGHT, late of Pittsburgh, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present them for settlement.
J. C. BUFFUM, Administrator.
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 1, 1871. jan2:k53-M

LEATHER,
Hides and Oil,
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 128 Second Avenue,
(Near Smithfield street,) PITTSBURGH, PA.
de3:j2

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST.
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods. bl:v26

SILVER WHITE
Prepared by SAM'L H. MILLER NEW YORK
Brilliancy AND POLISH ATTAINED BY USING Silver White, FOR SALE BY John Stevenson's Sons & Co., 23 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh.

THE BEST AND CHOICEST
Smoking Tobacco
IS MANUFACTURED AT
FACTORY No. 1,
Third District of Maryland.
☞See that every Package you buy bears the inscription. oc5:l29

T. T. T.
Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.
Is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant.
Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
It preserves and whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and soothes the Gums!
Purifies and perfumes the Breath!
Prevents accumulation of Tartar!
Cleanses and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a superior article for Children!
Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.
Proprietor, A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.
For sale by all Druggists.

DREKA,
Importer and Retail Dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING,
PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING.
MONOGRAMS, ARMS,
ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees and Managers...HENDERSON & CANNING
Last week of the popular young actor,
Mr. Frank Mayo.
MONDAY EVENING, January 16, 1871, and Every Evening, first time in this city of Augustine Daly's great five act play of
Under the Gaslight.
Snorkey..........Mr. Frank Mayo.
New Scenery and Novel Effects.
Frank Mayo Matinee on Saturday.

☞TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
FRED. AIMS..........Manager.
To-night, Another New Troupe.
Numbering 4 Troupes and 40 Artistes!
Levantine Brothers, George and Frederick
Annette La Point and Holt Sisters.
The Great Ethiopian Minstrels.
Last week Ali-Ben Abdallah Troupe—11 Real Wonderful Arabs.
Friday night, Mr. Joe Coburn, America's champion. Saturday, Popular Matinee at 2:30.

☞THE PILGRIM
WILL OPEN IN THE
Academy of Music,
THURSDAY, 19th inst., at 8 o'clock.
This is the grandest display of Art, Music, Lecture and Transition Scene in any part of the world and has a record without parallel. 300 exhibitions given in New York 189 in Boston, 160 in Baltimore, 140 in Philadelphia.
Parquet, 75 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Family Circle 25 cents; Children, 25 cents. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2:30 P. M.; Parquette, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.
ja14:152 J. N. BAIN, Proprietor.

☞ORPHANS' FAIR.
OPEN EVERY EVENING
IN
Basement of Cathedral.
☞St. Cecilia's Silver Cornet Band in attendance de23:90

INSURANCE.

ANDES
Insurance Company,
OF CINCINNATI, O.
FIRE AND MARINE.
ASSETS, JULY 14, 1870:
Cash in City Banks....$ 582,244 81
Cash in Company's Safe.... 1,434 89
United States and Municipal Bonds.... 37,270 57
Bonds and 1st mortgages on Real Estate, (worth $1,023,223 00).... 379,039 80
$1,000,000 00
J. B. BENNETT, President. J. J. HENNE, Sup't of Agencies.
J. H. BEATTIE, Secretary.
S. S. D. THOMPSON, Agent,
Office: 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
☞Correspondence solicited and applications for insurance promptly attended to. de1:h56

Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.
A. McFARLAND, President. S. H. HARTMAN, Vice President.
W. GIBSON MILLLER, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
Edward Gregg, Valentine Baker, A. McFarland, Jos. H. Borland, Wm. Zoboyer, W. J. Langfitt, W. G. Gibson, J. Kohen, S. H. Hartman, Samuel Dyer, Wm. Roboyer, Jr., Joseph Kirkpatrick.
ja4:73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent.

CITY INSURANCE CO.
OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 64 Fourth Ave.
CAPITAL..........$100,000.
FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.
President—ROBERT J. ANDERSON.
Vice Prest. and Gen. Agt.—Capt. R. J. GRACE.
Treasurer—WILSON CUNNINGHAM.
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Western Insurance Co.
Of Pittsburgh.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
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oc:8

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
Of Pittsburgh.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
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Phelan's Building,
NO. 99 FIFTH AVENUE SECOND FLOOR, PITTSBURGH PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
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INSURES ON LIBERAL TERMS ON ALL FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.
ap5:g7

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.
Assets on August 1st, 1870, $3,009,888 24. Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus Premiums, $2,609,888 24. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.
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COFFIN & KELLOGG,
oc8 Cor. Third Avenue and Wood St.

Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,
CAPITAL..........$100,000.
Stockholders individually liable.
Interest paid on time deposits.
DIRECTORS:
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JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. no15:h

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COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
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JOHN BROWN, Jr., Vice President.
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AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE
AND
Stocks! Stocks!!
A. LEGGATE'S
Real Estate and Stock Exchange,
150 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny,
Will hold its regular weekly session on
MONDAY, January 16, at 7 1-2 O'Clock.
A very attractive list of city property will be presented to the notice of intending buyers.
The following first class stocks will be sold by Auction:
20 shares Allegheny Gas Co.
28 shares Pleasant Valley R. R. Co.
A. LEGGATE,
ja14 AUCTIONEER.

BANK AND BRIDGE STOCKS, No. 78 SMITHFIELD STREET PROPERTY. TUESDAY EVENING, January 17th, 1871, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 105 Smithfield street.
Shares M. & M. National Bank;
5 shares Fifth Avenue Bank;
5 shares Duquesne Bank;
5 shares Keystone Bank;
10 shares Lewis Bridge Co.
Also that the valuable business property now occupied by the Pittsburgh Gas Co., as their office, the excellent three-story Brick Building, No. 78 Smithfield street, at corner of Diamond street. The lot is 20 feet front on Smithfield street, and 80 feet in depth along Diamond street. Title to court decided upon at the commanding situation, for any business, can be obtained in the city.
ja14 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,
TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing Cornice and Tin, Copper or Sheet Iron work. No. 90 Ohio St., Allegheny City, Pa.